This Paper is Not Complete Without the Nature Study
A Beautiful Piece of Color Photography.

The Chicago Daily Tribune.

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VOLUME LXI.—NO. 162. WEDNESDAY, JUNE 11, 1902—SIXTEEN PAGES—WITH NATURE STUDY. PRICE TWO CENTS.

POEMS YOU OUGHT TO KNOW.*

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Whatever your occupation may be, and however crowded your hours with affairs, do not fail to secure at least a few minutes every day for refreshment of your inner life with a bit of poetry.—Professor Charles Eliot Norton.

THE LOVER'S RESOLUTION.

GEORGE WITHER.

George Wither was born at Brentworth, 1588. He went to Magdalene College, Oxford. He led a troop of Royalist horse against the Covenanters, but three years later he became a Puritan and held command in Cromwell's army. He was imprisoned during the Restoration for a time. He died in 1667. Wither wrote, besides his poems, a volume of church hymns, several satires, and a translation of the Psalms.

Shall I, wasting in despair,
Die because a woman's fair?
Or make pale my cheek with care
'Cause another's rosy are?
Be she fairer than the day,
Or the flow'ry meads in May,
If she think not well of me,
What care I how fair she be?

Shall a woman's virtues move
Me to perish for her love?
Or her well-deserving known
Make me quite forget my own?
Be she with that goodness blest
Which may merit name of Best,
If she be not such to me,
What care I how good she be?

Great, or good, or kind, or fair,
I will ne'er the more despair;
If she love me, this believe,
I will die ere she shall grieve;
If she slight me when I woo,
I can scorn and let her go,
For if she be not for me,
What care I for whom she be?

NEWS—Summarized and Indexed.

THE WEATHER— WEDNESDAY, JUNE 11, 1902.

Showers and warmer Wednesday, probably followed by fair Thursday; winds shifting to southerly. The maximum temperature in Chicago during the twenty-four hours ended last midnight was 80 degrees at 12:30 p. m. and the minimum 54 degrees at 7 p. m.

Sun rises at 4:16; sets at 7:23. Moon sets at 11:30 p. m.

LOCAL:—
O. E. Miller, President of St. Luke's society sanitarium, where ten persons burned to death on Monday, held on manslaughter charge; ten employés detained as accessories or under bond. Building unfit for hospital and society had no license.

Rich women who patronize dressmakers and fail to pay will be boycotted by National Dressmakers' association; meeting last night discussed plan for Chicago bureau to fix credit of patrons.

Mother-in-law has as much right in son's home as dog which doesn't bite or catch fleas, according to Judge Holdom's ruling. Mrs. William Giese's suit for divorce dismissed as a result.

All persons involved in Union Traction alleged jury bribing case will be located by State's Attorney, according to statement of subordinate. High officials probably implicated.

Two projects for down-town subways brought forward. Ex-Mayor Washburne would spend $35,000,000 on curb-to-curb tunnel; Bacon ordinance of 1892 basis of other plan.

Inspection of milk supply from retailer to country dairymen advocated by Dr. Adolph Gehrmann of Health department. Present inspection does not touch at contamination.

Clash between Teachers' federation and Superintendent Cooley averted by explanation that validity of certificates is not questioned; trouble started by a notice.

Reno, Clarence H. Mackay's American Derby candidate, arrived from New York in palace car on "limited" express train; journey made in twenty-four hours.

Eighteen out of seventy-seven graduates from University of Chicago academic department will study medicine; twelve out of 159 will enter business.

H. O. Esterly, who occupied Dr. Kingston Hanna's office after latter's death, summoned before State board on charge of practicing without license.

Edward E. Hill, undertaker at 64 Carpenter street, committed suicide after writing out funeral directions and style and price of his coffin.

Fire disaster at bridewell feared by Mayor and Superintendent Sloan. Over 1,000 prisoners housed in buildings with little fire protection.

Former Banker Charles Warren Spalding failed to get release from Joliet on his birthday. Petition for writ to be argued today.

Women who want to swim in Douglas Park natatorium petitioned West Park board to allow them seven days and evenings.

WASHINGTON:—
Republican Senators who opposed tariff concession to Cuba gave up fight; bill will be framed this week by committee providing 20 per cent reciprocal cut in tariff. Trust not to benefit.

Forest reserve bill, establishing game preserve under Agricultural department's supervision, defeated in House by Congressman Cannon. He claimed expenditures already too high.

Congressman Grosvenor, Ohio, admitted officially in House that ship subsidy bill is dead. He omitted it from bills listed for consideration.

Naval appropriation bill, carrying $78,000,000, passed by Senate; two battleships, two colliers, and two gunboats provided for.

TRADE AND INDUSTRY:—
Carroll D. Wright, United States Labor commissioner, obtained operators' view of anthracite miners' strike at New York, and will report to President Roosevelt. Lackawanna and Reading railroad Presidents offered olive branches and letters.

Strike of United States Brewing company employés may be ordered tonight, because brewers' helpers were discharged. Latter are on strike for more pay; all Chicago "independent" breweries involved.

Department's weekly crop report found conditions favorable east of Rocky Mountains and in middle and south Pacific coast states; spring wheat making rapid growth.

Jay Gould planning to fight Moores' railroad plans. Rock Island extension from Fort Worth to Galveston to be met from Fort Worth to Kansas City.

Insurance companies sued by Attorney General Hamlin, Illinois, under conspiracy law, threaten to retaliate by quitting districts where compact exists.

National Bank of the Republic, Chicago, adds nine new members to directorate; A. Rothschild, Alexander Mackay, and Edward Drake retired.

Chicago wheat market slow and featureless; gain of ⅛-¼ cent at close; corn market dull, closing at 62¾ cents.

New York stock transactions increased in volume; several stocks made gains. Money market strong.

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DOMESTIC:—
Helen Vanderbilt Wackerman, who went insane because of charges by Artist Herkomer, reached New York from London in care of nurse; hope of recovery held.

Irwin A. Gardner, Minneapolis special policeman working under Mayor Ames, convicted of taking $500 bribe from swindlers.

Attorney Thomas F. McGarry, Grand Rapids, Mich., convicted of bribery in connection with water scandal.

Cyclone near Ulen, Minn., laid waste country for twenty miles; many lives reported lost.

FOREIGN:—
Commercial and defensive union between England and colonies urged by Archibald R. Colquhoun before Colonial Institute, London; representation in Imperial Council needed.

Filipino "water cure" declared good for fever and not painful, by witnesses in Major Glenn court-martial, Manila. Latter testified he and others had tried it.

German cruisers Falke and Gazelle sailed for La Guira, Venezuela; orders believed given to collect $1,200,000 debt due Berlin contractors.

Paul Haseltine Stanley, young American, tried to ride horse up steps of Alteri Palace, Rome, and was arrested.

Whitelaw Reid, American delegate to coronation, given LL. D. degree by Cambridge University.

POLITICAL:—
Chicago Democratic Advisory committee will get recommendations for candidates today. C. M. Walker, George Kersten, and William Dillon among likely judicial candidates.

Pennsylvania Republican State convention likely to nominate Judge Samuel W. Pennypacker, Philadelphia, for Governor; Senator Quay probable State chairman.

SPORTING:—
National league scores—Boston 7, Chicago 6; Brooklyn 5, Pittsburg 4; Cincinnati 10, Philadelphia 1; St. Louis 3, New York 2.

American league scores—Chicago 4, Washington 3; Cleveland 10, Baltimore 7; Detroit 8, Philadelphia 4; Boston 5, St. Louis 4.

King Edward and Queen Alexandra witnessed American polo team defeat by London scratch team, 6 to 5.

MOVEMENTS OF OCEAN STEAMSHIPS.

Port.	Arrived.	Sailed.
ANTWERP	....Pennland	.....
BOULOGNE	...Potsdam	.....
BREMEN	.....K. P. Wilhelm..	
GIBRALTAR	..Hohenzollern	.....
NEW YORK	...Bremen	.....Georgic.
NEW YORK	...W. der Grosse	..Moltke.
NEW YORK	...Mesaba	.....Lombardia .....
NEW YORK	...Southwark	.....
ROTTERDAM	..Potsdam	.....

PLACING BLAME FOR FATAL FIRE.

Coroner Has Head of St. Luke Society and Employes Held on Various Charges.

MILLER LACKS $5,000 BOND

Hospital Ordinance Is to Be Amended, Health Officers Laying to It Some of the Responsibility.

As the first result of the police investigation of the burning of the St. Luke society's sanitarium, in which ten persons lost their lives on Monday, O. E. Miller, President of the society, has been held on the charge of manslaughter and is booked at the Twenty-second Street Police Station. With the head of the institution are ten of its officials and employés, charged as accessories before the fact, or otherwise retained under bond. They are as follows:

George F. Scribner, attendant, disorderly conduct; $200 bond.

Amos Allie, accessory before the fact; $500 bond.

Frank J. Johnson, Alderman Kent's nurse, accessory before the fact; $500 bond.

William Lanahan, disorderly conduct; $200 bond.

J. P. Nagel, inventor of gasoline machine, accessory before the fact; $500 bond.

Lee Seymour, fireman, accessory before the fact; $500 bond.

William Sterner, engineer, disorderly conduct; $200 bond.

Michael Connors, attendant, disorderly conduct; $200 bond.

Alvin Staton, colored, elevator boy, disorderly conduct; $200 bond.

H. C. Davis, business manager, accessory before the fact; $500 bond.

Demand for Thorough Inquiry.

As facts were developed in connection with the old Hotel Woodruff fire horror the demand for a fixing of the responsibility grew. Operating without a license in a building which had been declared unfit for a hospital, it was declared that the authorities must determine who was to blame and why such a condition of affairs had been permitted to continue before the eyes of the city authorities. The Coroner ordered Lieutenant Cronin to hold his prisoners under the most severe charges applicable to them.

Record of President Miller.

In the general investigation of everybody and everything connected with the hospital a strong light was shed upon the record of President Miller. It was found that he had been connected with many schemes in Chicago and in Denver, his former home. There he was indicted and convicted, but later was set free. Coming to Chicago he established a "sand cure," which was later operated in connection with his liquor and drug cure establishment. The record of this latter institution was found to be one continuous clash with the city health officials. In spite of this the hospital continued till the disastrous fire put a stop to its operations, temporarily at least.

Cases Taken There by Police.

In the developments one curious fact, not unknown before, but never emphasized, became prominent. This hospital, which the health authorities had been fighting, was a semi-municipal institution. Among the dead and injured were men who had been picked up by the police and taken to the sanitarium. This recognition which the Police department has given the institution adds several complications to the investigation.

In justification of the police it is urged that the city has no place where an intoxicated man can be kept. The County Hospital refuses to receive such individuals, and the police cells have been the death of some of the tremens cases. Miller had signs in the police stations asking that such cases be taken to him, and the police were in the habit of making this disposition of them.

Ordinance to Be Revised.

Whatever may be done to Miller and his associates, the burning of the hospital will have one permanent result. It will cause an immediate revision of the hospital ordinances of the city. Miller applied for a hospital license some time ago and it was refused, but the Health department did not interfere with his conducting the hospital on the ground that if it did it would have to interfere with others. The decision was to wait for a revision of the ordinances.

One remark made by Miller himself as he was awaiting disposition of his case is sufficient to show that the hotel building was unfit for hospital use.

"For thirty years," he said, "the elevator shaft had been greased. The fire was carried up it like a flash."

Of the victims of the fire, A. W. Wattles, Alderman Kent's nurse, is at the Mercy Hospital in such a condition that his death is expected at any hour. There is a possibility of another death being added to the list. The police are searching for Carl A. Carlson, but have not been able to find him and do not know whether he is alive or dead.

Fail to Find Cause of Fire.

After a search through the building the firemen and police were unable to find any cause for the fire. They could see enough to convince them that the theory that it originated from an explosion of gasoline was not well founded. The gasoline stove was intact and the gasoline was still in it.

A lighted cigar, it is said by Miller, may have been dropped from the sidewalk through an opening into the basement and have ignited some waste near the boilers, where the fire was first discovered.

Stories that the Fire department was not called quickly enough and that it did not respond rapidly enough to the alarm were circulated. It was asserted that men about the building admitted they could have turned in the alarm earlier if they had not thought for the moment that they could extinguish the blaze themselves.

Miller's Efforts for Freedom.

Miller's experiences with the police during the day were not pleasant. He had been held at the station over night and was present when Deputy Coroner Senff began the inquest in the morning. This was postponed until June 18 after the jury had been selected and the jurymen had visited the places where the bodies of the dead were lying.

Then began Miller's efforts for release. He is a member of Moody's Church and during the day a number of clergymen whom he ranks among his supporters called at the

(Continued on third page.)

DO YOU OWE THE MODISTE?

DRESSMAKERS' ASSOCIATION PROPOSES A BLACKLIST.

Convention at Sherman House to Start Commercial Bureau—Women Who Fail to Pay Their Bills for Gowns Will Have Their Names Recorded with Significant Mark Attached—Registration Office to Guard Interests of Employers.

Dressmakers' bills, always fearful objects to behold, are to become still more terrible, especially to the woman who doesn't pay them. Last night the National Dressmakers' association voted to establish its headquarters in Chicago and then decided to start a commercial bureau. The general manager—which the meeting forgot to appoint—was instructed to get up a code which would make the beef trust's cipher system seem simple. As Chairman Goldzier put it:

"We can have a mark opposite a customer's name which will say that she is all right, or another which will tell us that she finds fault, or a third which will show she pays when she gets ready, not when we want our money, or one by which we will know that she never pays. I've got a lot of women on my books that would get that last mark."

There was a hum of approval which indicated that the chairman was not the only woman's tailor who had such accounts.

Rich Customers, but Poor Pay.

"Why, some of the worst paying people I have are the richest," said one woman. "If I should refuse to make more gowns, or if they found out I had sent in a report that they didn't pay well, they would go to some other dressmaker. Then I would lose not only what is due me but their trade."

"No, you wouldn't," answered Mme. Rapp. "We'll stick together on this. If we find a woman owes another dressmaker—and our commercial agency will tell us that—all of us will refuse to make gowns for her."

Then somebody started to tell a sad story about an account six years old, but he was informed that the question was on the establishment of a commercial agency, so he sat down. He got a chance after the meeting to tell some of the members how long the bill had been running, and three or four women agreed with him that Chicago's society women didn't pay as promptly as they might. One dressmaker mentioned several names.

"They're not society women; they're only trying to be," Mr. Goldzier broke in. "Why, I know one of them is spending $1,000 a year more for gowns than her husband earns. They're lots of them like that—those are the people we want to protect ourselves against."

Adjourns Without Action.

Mrs. E. E. Goodwin, who read a paper setting forth the benefits of membership in the association, moved that the meeting appoint a general manager for the national headquarters. Then Mr. Goldzier started to discuss this subject, and branched off to the question of local organizations. He made a motion that the work of the association be confined to Chicago, and in the midst of the discussion as to which motion should be put first somebody moved that the meeting adjourn, which it did without any vote being taken. The Executive committee, which has full power, will open headquarters at once, however, and put somebody in charge.

To Start Registration Bureau.

After the commercial bureau is in working order a registration bureau is to be started. This will prevent a girl doing as one of Mme. Rapp's employés did. She was at work on a gown which had to be finished at a certain time. It was during the busy season, and seamstresses were hard to get. This girl complained of toothache and left the shop to go to a drug store. Instead she went to another dressmaker and offered to work for her for $2 more a week. She was hired and promised to be at work the following day. Instead she went back to Mme. Rapp and demanded $3 more a week. She got it because the gown had to be completed. The registration system, dressmakers said, would prevent this, as every experienced girl would have to have a card from her former employer before another dressmaker would employ her.

MEET WRONG BRIDAL PARTY WITH OLD SHOES AND RICE.

Hostilities Barely Averted When Evanstonians Bombard a Kenosha Couple "Spotted" by a Conductor.

A storm of old shoes and rice descended on Mr. and Mrs. John Kifling of Kenosha last night as the south-bound Northwestern train arrived in Evanston shortly after 9 o'clock.

Kifling jumped to his feet and turned to face the attacking party, when he was greeted with a chorus of apologies.

"We didn't mean it," a dozen voices explained at once. "We thought we were welcoming a bridal party."

"And you bet your life you are," shouted Kifling. "We were married in Kenosha not two hours ago."

Hostilities were averted when the Evanstonians explained in detail. They had expected apother bridal party and had asked the conductor if such passengers were aboard his train.

"Yes," he said, "I spotted them at once."

"Then go back in the train and hold your lantern over where they are sitting," said the welcoming party.

The conductor followed instructions, and that is why Mr. and Mrs. Kifling received a greeting that was not their own.

CANNOT EVEN GO TO PRISON.

J. W. Riley, Late of England, Is Confronting a Singular Problem in Chicago.

WANTED—A POSITION BY AN ENGLISHman who admits he absconded with $5,000. No manual labor desired.

A week ago J. W. Riley appeared at the Central Police Station and asked for the "bobby" in charge. He declared that he had stolen $5,000 from an English bank, and said that his conscience would not permit him to avoid his punishment any longer. He was detained until Lieutenant McWeeney cabled to England asking whether the man should be held. The answer was "No."

Since that time Riley has endeavored to obtain clerical work. His unsuccessful efforts have almost discouraged him. He spends his time in the day in looking for work, and at night he is allowed to sleep at the Central Station.

PANAMA HATS PROVE FATAL.

Worker in a Factory Dies from Poisoning Contracted from the Imported Head Coverings.

Baltimore, Md., June 10.—[Special.]—George Clarence Davis, aged 19 years, died yesterday of arsenical poisoning, contracted while shaping Panama hats in a local factory. When imported to Baltimore the hats are packed in sulphur, which contains more or less arsenic.

RECIPROCITY IN SIGHT FOR CUBA.

Enough Beet Sugar Senators Have Been Brought Into Line to Insure Action on Measure.

BILL NOW TO BE PUSHED.

Will Provide for Reciprocal Duties and a Reduction of 20 Per Cent in the Tariff.

Washington, D. C., June 10.—[Special.]—Those Republican Senators who have advocated the passage of a bill granting tariff concessions to Cuba in accordance with the policy of President McKinley and the written recommendation of President Roosevelt, have won their fight.

The small number of their party colleagues who have opposed any reduction in the Cuban tariff because of the fear that it would injuriously affect the beet sugar interests of the United States and who have advocated either no legislation or the granting of a rebate on tariff duties to the Cuban government, recognize that their cause is hopeless and the leaders of this little group privately admit that nothing is to be gained by holding out longer.

Action to Be Taken at Once.

Within the present week a conference of all the Republican Senators will be held and a bill, to be framed in advance by the Republican members of the Committee on Cuban Relations, indorsed, reported to the Senate, placed on the calendar, and called up as soon as the pending isthmian canal bill is disposed of. The bill will provide a 20 per cent reciprocal reduction in the tariff rates between the United States and Cuba, to continue for three or five years, with a proviso designed to make it certain that the proposed reduction shall be enjoyed only by the original owners of the products presented for importation.

President Urges His Views.

The beginning of the end of the long controversy between the factions came tonight at the dinner at the White House, when the President's guests were Senator Platt of Connecticut, Aldrich, Allison, Foraker, Spooner, Secretary Root, and General Leonard Wood. The President impressed upon his Senatorial guests his strong desire that the question be settled during the present session, and the hope that they would be able to put the importance of prompt action before their colleagues in such a way that they could accept the situation.

The President again expressed his opposition to the proposed rebate plan of the beet sugar Senators, but said, what he has said a thousand times before, that he would of course sign any bill that would meet with the approval of the Republicans in Congress. He stated his objections to the rebate plan, and urged the passage of a bill in line with his recommendations for substantial reductions in the tariff on Cuban imports.

Talks with Beet Sugar Senators.

Today Senator McMillan of Michigan, a member of the Cuban committee and one of the Senators who have favored the payment of a rebate rather than a reduction on the tariff, and other Senators had long talks with the President, with the result that late in the afternoon, after repeated informal conferences, assurances were given by a sufficient number of beet sugar Senators to make it certain that several more than the necessary forty-five Republican Senators can be absolutely relied upon to support the bill of the Cuban committee.

There are still a few irreconcilables who declare they will not vote for any tariff reduction bill. There will be an agreement between nearly all of the fifty-four Republican Senators to stand by the party bill.

There is no longer any doubt that the bill so earnestly advocated by the administration and a majority of the Republican Senators will be reported to the Senate and passed within a short time by the practically unanimous vote of the Republican Senators.

PLEAD FOR COEDUCATION THROUGH A COMIC OPERA.

Young Women Students of Armour Institute of Technology Present "Coeds Courageous" at Steinway Hall.

Coeds of the Armour Institute of Technology fought their own battle for coeducation at the institution before the footlights at Steinway Hall last night. In a comic opera written by the students the victory of coeducational sentiment over the edict barring girl students in the school was pictured.

The story of the play, "Coeds Courageous," was built largely on existing conditions at Armour Institute. The present state of affairs at the school, where coeducation is soon to be abolished, was pictured as the opening scene of the play, and the authors added the visionary scene of coeds driving the professors from the institution as a result of the trustees' edict. Young women students and their escorts in the audience vigorously applauded the belligerent coeds in the play.

Since the decision a year ago that after the young women already enrolled should be allowed to graduate the school would be open only to young men the coeds have in several ways expressed their disapproval of the action. In the play last night the young women of the Armour cooking school bombarded the professors with doughnuts of their own making and took possession of the buildings. Helen McGrew took the part of Pauline Van Astorgould, the leader of the coed forces. Dean Alderson, Professor Raymond, head of the academy, and other members of the faculty came in for their share of the chaffing. The music of the opera was composed by Allan Benedict, while Gordon Wilson wrote the book. A score of young women and as many college men took part in the production.

LOSES LONG RACE WITH DEATH.

Australian Who Is Hurrying to London to See His Children Expires in Chicago.

While hurrying to London, England, to see his children while life lasted, William Somers, a wealthy merchant of Melbourne, Australia, died at the Victoria Hotel yesterday morning. Mr. Somers, who was 70 years old, arrived at the hotel on Sunday. He was accompanied by his aged wife. The old man was ill, but hoped to reach London, where his children reside. Mr. Somers is said to have been a prominent figure in the business and social world of Melbourne.

GOOD IF SHE DOESN'T BITE

COURT COMPARES A MOTHER-IN-LAW TO A DOG.

Judge Holdom Rules That Mrs. William Giese Has No More Reason to Object to Her Parent by Marriage than She Would to a Docile and Well-Behaved Canine—Fred E. R. Jones Made Defendant by His Wife—To Live on $2.50 a Week.

A mother-in-law who doesn't bite is as good as a dog.

It is possible that no one ever questioned this assertion, but it remained for Judge Holdom, sitting in the Cook County Superior Court, to establish the point legally yesterday.

William Giese, four times married, was the defendant. The fourth Mrs. Giese was suing. Among other reasons why she wanted separate maintenance, she said, was because Mr. Giese insisted that she share her home with the mother of two of his former wives, who were sisters.

Largely a Matter of "Bite."

"A man has a right to keep his mother-in-law in his house just as he has a right to keep a dog," was Judge Holdom's ruling. "If the dog does not bite his wife cannot complain because he keeps it in the house, and it is the same with an ex-mother-in-law—that is, the mother of a former wife. If she doesn't harm anybody the last wife has no grounds for complaint. I'll dismiss the bill for want of equity."

Mr. Giese married the present Mrs. Giese when she was Ernestina Bruesch, a widow, living at 194 North Lawndale avenue. She alleges that both before and after he married her he promised to deed to her some property which he owned at North Ashland and Belmont avenues. It is said the property is worth $60,000 and that besides he had property worth $40,000.

Mrs. Giese alleges that he has not fulfilled his promise, and also has refused to keep the promise that he would "get rid" of his mother-in-law and live alone with her and his daughter Amanda.

Another Woman Tells Her Woes.

But Mrs. Giese is not alone in her troubles. Mrs. Grace Jones yesterday filed a bill for separate maintenance against Fred E. R. Jones, Chicago manager of London and Liverpool and Globe Insurance company, alleging that her husband gave her only $2.50 a week and told her with that amount she could have "a good time and furnish a wardrobe."

A mother-in-law also is said to figure in this suit. Mrs. Jones sets forth in her bill that she was married to the defendant on Dec. 21, 1898, and that after the marriage they continued to live at 1234 Wilcox avenue until May 12 of this year.

The complainant says that Jones resided with his mother before she married him and that he informed her that his mother would be with them only part of the time after their marriage. In spite of this assertion, Mrs. Jones says, her husband's mother has lived with them continuously.

Not only that, but "with the consent and assistance of the defendant, she has ruled and dominated her home and household affairs and sought in every way to embarrass and humiliate her."

The bill asserts that on May 12 last, during the absence of Mrs. Jones, the defendant and his mother moved all of the furniture from the house at 1234 Wilcox avenue to 1256 Wilcox avenue and that when Mrs. Jones went to the latter residence she was refused admission.

Mrs. Jones declares that her husband receives a salary of $2,500 a year and owns a fruit farm near Citronelle, Ala.

ANGRY WOMEN THREATEN A PRISONER IN COURT.

Frod L. Bowker, the Fake Assessor, Gets a Continuance from Justice Sheldon and Has Narrow Escape.

Armed with umbrellas and hand bags, a crowd of excited women yesterday afternoon threatened to rush into Justice Joseph Sheldon's court and administer punishment to Fred L. Bowker, evangelist and ex-constable, charged with robbing more than 200 homes while posing as an Assessor. Of the women assembled in the hallway in the Uhlick Block eighteen were complainants against Bowker. They were angry because the attorney for Bowker had secured another continuance of the hearing for a week.

The proceedings went along in the usual manner until a continuance was asked and granted. Immediately a murmur arose from the crowd. The women started toward the door. Mrs. C. Heinaman of 76 Uhland street said:

"Bah, with the hands of the law. Let that man come out in the hall and we will get revenge."

In a few seconds all the crowd were making their sentiments heard. There were twenty-seven women who began to threaten Bowker. When one of them said: "Let's go in and get the thief," the crowd began to move toward the courtroom again. Several constables, however, kept them out.

Finally the crowd dispersed and the detectives hustled Bowker to a patrol wagon that was waiting for him.

Bowker's case had been continued twice before.

EVERSZ-M'KINNEY WEDDING POSTPONED, IT IS ANNOUNCED

Ill-Health of the Evanston Physician's Son Causes Change of Plans—Ceremoney Was Set for June 18.

The announcement yesterday that the wedding of Mr. Ralph McKinney, son of Dr. P. L. McKinney, and Miss Edna Everss had been postponed caused considerable gossip in Evanston, where both are well known. Dr. McKinney said last night that the delay in the wedding was due to the continued ill health of his son.

"He had an attack of the grip several months ago," said the physician, "and has not recovered his health. On that account alone the wedding has been put off. My son starts for Colorado tomorrow evening."

Miss Everss is the daughter of the Rev. and Mrs. Moritz E. Everss of Evanston. The wedding was to have taken place on June 18 at the Hotel Metropole.

MOSQUITO PLAGUE IN EVANSTON

Swarms of Insects Make Life Miserable at Night for Residents of the North Shore Suburb.

Evanston is suffering from a plague of Mosquitoes that is making life out of doors at night almost unbearable. The plague has become so bad that the residents of the suburb are compelled to place screens around their porches in order to sit upon them at night, and they cannot have the windows up because if they do the insects swarm in the houses. The Department of Public Works has confessed its inability to deal with the vacant places where it is thought the mosquitoes breed.

WRIGHT'S STRIKE REPORT IS READY

Commissioner of Labor Gets Information and Will Submit It to President Today.

MINE OWNERS GIVE FACTS

Presidents of Anthracite Roads Open Books and Furnish Correspondence with the United Workers.

New York, June 10.—[Special.]—Commissioner of Labor Carroll D. Wright, sent by President Roosevelt to investigate the great strike in the anthracite coal mines, late this afternoon, after a long conference with the Presidents of the coal roads, announced that he has collected sufficient information, and is ready to make his report to the President.

President Olyphant of the Delaware and Hudson, Eben B. Thomas of the Erie, and President Baer of the Philadelphia and Reading met Commissioner Wright, threw open their books, furnished him with copies of all correspondence between themselves and President Mitchell of the United Mine Workers, which they afterward made public, and furnished him with facts and figures to report to the President.

Commissioner Wright announced that he deemed a visit to the coal fields unnecessary, he being familiar with conditions there and in possession of the views of President Mitchell. He declared the investigation is practically at an end. He will return to Washington probably tomorrow and lay his information before the President.

Mitchell Confers with Easley.

Monday night President Mitchell made a presentment of the miners' side of the controversy to Commissioner Wright.

President Mitchell spent the greater part of today in this city. He conferred with Ralph M. Easley of the Civic federation. Mr. Mitchell spent much of his time with Mr. Easley, preparing a document. He said he had been preparing no document for presentation to either Mr. Wright or President Roosevelt. Asked if the paper referred to a possible settlement of the strike, Mr. Mitchell declined to state.

Wright Talks of Inquiry.

"I have practically completed the official investigation," said Commissioner Wright tonight, "and will present my report as quickly as possible to President Roosevelt. I have secured the information I desired, and was treated courteously by the representatives on both sides of the controversy. It will not be necessary for me to go to the coal fields. I cannot say anything concerning the mass of information in my possession. I will hold no more conferences."

Prospect of General Strike.

Speaking of the prospect of a general strike of the miners, Commissioner Wright expressed himself as follows:

"If the soft coal men who have signed contracts should strike they would be violating their agreement, and thus put their unions at a decided disadvantage and forfeit the sympathy of the public. This action would put the unions on the defensive in every arbitration that would follow the outbreak. None of the strikers thus far was bound by contracts."

May Prevent Naval Evolutions.

It was announced in Washington today that the West Virginia coal strike, if protracted, threatens to paralyze the navy, so far as extensive evolutions on the Atlantic seaboard this summer are concerned. Admiral Bradford, who has charge of the fuel supply, advised Secretary Moody of the urgent need for economy until the extent and duration of the strike be known and has ordered his subordinates at the various naval stations to husband the stock on hand until assured that the supply will not be cut off altogether.

The Admiral has been informed that no more Pocahontas coal is to be had at Lambert's Point, near Norfolk, and that all New River coal which the navy gets at Newport News has been seized in transit by the railroad companies. These two coals are the chief dependence of naval vessels and their failure will compel the warships to avoid Chesapeake Bay and go to New York or Boston to fill their bunkers.

The reserve supply, especially along the Atlantic seaboard, is comparatively insignificant when it is pointed out that the warships consumed an average of 25,000 tons a month last year and nearly as much the year before.

Operators Give Correspondence.

Presidents of anthracite coal roads affected by the strike today made public the correspondence between themselves and President Mitchell of the United Mine Workers, saying they give the information for the benefit of Commissioner of Labor Wright.

The operators give a brief history of the unionizing of the anthracite coal miners, and recite the agreement to an advance of 10 per cent in wages in 1901, following the strike of 1900; the abolishment of the sliding scale, and finally the invitation of Feb. 14, 1902, to the operators to a joint conference to form a wage scale for the ensuing year.

Argument of President Baer.

President Baer of the Central Railroad of New Jersey on Feb. 18 replied to President Mitchell, declining to join the conference. He argued that it is impossible, in view of the varied conditions, to make a uniform anthracite wage scale. He said:

"This company does not favor the plan of having its relations with the miners disturbed every year. We will always receive and consider every application of the men in our employ. We will endeavor to correct every abuse, to right every wrong, to deal justly and fairly with them, but there cannot be two masters in the management of business."

Mr. Baer said discipline is imperative in mining, where one man may endanger the lives of hundreds; that the power of discharge is the only power held by the operators, and that the divided power imperiled discipline. He stated that the efficiency of the company's mines had decreased 1,000,000 tons since the miners' union strike, because of contract miners working short hours.

President Truesdale of the Lackawanna declined the conference, saying the policy of the company was to deal directly with the men.

Thomas Scores the Union.

President E. B. Thomas of the Erie scored the United Mine Workers, saying that the effect of the union had been such that during the last year the spirit of unrest had been

greater than at any time in twenty years. He said in part:

"Notwithstanding the advance in wages, fair treatment, and the patient and friendly disposition manifested towards the various committees, the depreciation in the quantity of work produced per man has amounted to about 12 per cent, and from April 9o Oct. 1 there have been no less than 102 interruptions of work occasioned by unwarranted demands and agitation by members of your association, resulting in a loss of over 900 days' work and over 600,000 tons of production."

Telegrams that passed between them and President Mitchell after the operators posted notices continuing the wage scale were given out. President Mitchell's telegram asking the operators for a conference with a committee was given and the replies of Baer and Thomas declining follow.

Outline History of Negotiations.

The history of the strike from the Shamokin convention to May 8 is then outlined. The first discussion, the adjournment for thirty days, and the two futile and final discussions between the union leaders and the operators represented by Messrs. Truesdale, Thomas, and Baer, are mentioned.

Mr. Mitchell's dispatch of May 8 is given, in which he proposed that all differences be submitted to a committee of five selected by the industrial branch of the Civil federation, or to authorize Bishop Potter, Archbishop Ireland, and one other person to investigate conditions and if they found the anthracite miners were making sufficient wages to enable their families to live on an American basis, to withdraw all demands.

The answers of Messrs. Thomas, Truesdale, Baer, and Oliphant follow, all reiterating their reasons for refusing to meet the United Workers.

Mob Flees from Note Book.

Wilkesbarre, Pa., June 10.—[Special.]—A crowd of riotous strikers was dispersed this morning at the William A. mine by Frank Shedd, a clerk in the employ of the Lehigh Valley Coal company. A crowd of men gathered this morning, armed with rubber slings with bullets, buckshot, and stones as ammunition. Every time a guard or one of the men who were at work appeared he was greeted with a fusillade of these missiles. A coal and iron policeman drew his revolver and fired over the heads of the crowd. Young Shedd walked out of the stockade and advanced alone up the hill on the mob. He took a notebook and told the crowd he was going to take down the names of all he recognized and have warrants issued for their arrest. The notebook overawed the crowd, which soon vanished. Warrants will be issued for the arrest of the men whose names Shedd wrote down.

Mob Attacks Two Collieries.

At Duryea tonight 200 strikers, accompanied by many women, marched against the colliery and caught Michael Murphy outside the stockade and, after kicking and pummeling him, cut off half his mustache. The police fired several shots at the strikers, who fled. They formed again and marched to another colliery. Here the engineers and firemen fled, leaving the rioters in possession. They are now marching in the direction of Averca.

Four women and one man were arrested at Nanticoke this afternoon charged with inciting the riot at Hanover on Saturday last when Daniel Sweeney, a coal and iron policeman, and John Frederick, an engineer, were knocked down by bricks thrown and kicked and beaten as they lay helpless on the ground. The man, Mike Frankowich, was held, one of the women was discharged, and the three others were held.

Dig Graves for Non-Unionists.

Grave digging is a new form of devilry. Two brothers named Miller, who work at one of the Lehigh Valley Coal company's mines, were among the first victims. Graves were made in front of each of their Houses, with headboards bearing the names of the Millers.

Two men who work in the Harry E. mine at Forty Fort have been besieged for three days, with their wives and a sister of one of the wives in the house in which they live. Once in a while one of the men comes to the door and shows a revolver, but the crowd jeers.

Every day the lines of the boycott are being drawn tighter. At Pittston today the Pittston Ice company refused to deliver any more ice to the Lehigh Valley Coal company. At Nanticoke the mine workers' union today issued printed resolutions urging all tradesmen not to furnish ice or supplies of any kind to the men at work and the guards in the Susquehanna Coal company's mine stockade.

Dry Weather Aids Operators.

Hazleton, Pa., June 10.—[Special.]—The operators are aided greatly in the work of keeping their mines clear of water by the continued dry weather, and but one-quarter the regular number of pumpmen are needed at this time. Five deputies at the Cranberry colliery were set upon by a mob in West Hazleton last night and roughly handled. They sought refuge at a mine foreman's home, where they were rescued with difficulty by a posse of policemen.

Attack Non-Union Men.

Pittston, Pa., June 10.—[Special.]—At Duryea, near here, five civil engineers, working as firemen and pumpmen at the Connell mine, were attacked by a crowd of Italians, and the engineers drew their revolvers and fired. Another demonstration took place at No. 10 mine, when a big crowd, mostly women, gathered about the deputies, who were boarding a train. One of the women threw a stone that struck Captain Keck of the deputies, inflicting a gash on his face. The deputies used their rifles as bars and pushed the crowd down a hill. Eight more Erie engineers quit work today.

Bush Workers to Harrisburg.

Reading, Pa., June 10.—The Reading railway officials here today sent four special trains from the Schuylkill regions to Harrisburg this afternoon. Three started from Shenandoah and the other from Tamaqua. The passengers were 1,500 men, all mine workers and Elkin followers. The miners will live on the trains. Fifteen hundred hams were purchased on Monday and each man will carry one.

West Virginia Strikers Gain.

Keystone, W. Va., June 10.—The situation in the Great Flat Top and Tug River coal fields today is unchanged. At Davy more than a hundred foreigners were prevailed upon to come into the union. A mass-meeting was held here. Operators are increasing the number of guards as rapidly as rifles can be secured.

At East Bank the operators signed an agreement conceding everything, but the union would not allow the men to work this morning.

Tie Up New River Field.

Thurmond, W. Va., June 10.—The strikers succeeded today in tying up almost every operation in the New River district. Not 100 miners out of 6,000 were at work on Loup Creek, and not a single car of coal has been sent down that branch today. In the Kanawha field a few mines are being operated, but with a greatly reduced force.

YE FASHION CORNER

Oak leaves and acorns form some of the new "foliage hats" that have sprung into sudden popularity.

It is now the fashion to have one light-colored orchid slipped in the side of the bunch of violets worn with the evening or walking gown.

The "dropped" shoulder effect is observed on many of the lace yoke costumes, and promises to be almost as popular as it was last summer.

Handsome materials for the woman who wishes to dress richly in black are the fine embroidered Indian crepes, with small figures covering them almost solidly.

Nightgowns for summer wear are cut square at the neck and have loose fitting elbow sleeves. Many of these are finished with a beading of embroidery through which a light colored satin ribbon is drawn, and the usual edging of embroidery is dispensed with.

A new idea for the summer separate waist is to have the front embroidered in some rich and tasteful design, leaving the rest of the waist absolutely without trimming. Women who are expert with their needles enjoy working out beautiful designs on sheer goods.

The latest thing in separate skirts is close fitting to the knee and finished with a wide, graduated, accordion-plaited flounce. In skirts of light colors the portion where the flounce joins the skirt is finished with white or ecru lace in medallion or serpentine design.

STRIKE PENDING OVER BREWERIES

Union Employes of United States Brewing Company Threaten Trouble.

GENERAL MEETING TODAY

Demand for Higher Wages and Reinstatement of Drivers' Helpers Refused.

Angered by the refusal of the officers of the United States Brewing company—more commonly known as the trust—to reinstate the thirty brewery drivers' helpers who went out on a strike on Monday, the other unions connected with the firms are preparing to call a general strike tomorrow morning. The men are thoroughly organized, and their leaders claim that not a barrel of beer can be moved from the breweries involved without their consent after the strike call has been issued.

Relations between the "trust" and the men have been strained for some time, and the unions have been waiting for an opportunity to bring matters to an issue. Failing to get satisfaction they will call out all of the workmen in the breweries, all the drivers and helpers, and ask that all union men boycott the saloons using the output of the "trust."

The helpers struck on Monday to get a higher wage. They were being paid from $7 to $12 a week, and asked for a parallel raise of $5. This was refused, and yesterday the officers of the Brewing Trades council—an organization of all the unions engaged in the handling of beer—met with the employers to talk the situation over. They were told that the men would not be given their demands and might not be taken back at all.

Unions Hold General Meeting.

The decree raised a cry of indignation, and a general meeting of all the unions was called for the afternoon. The officers decided that the chance for winning a strike is better now than in the future, and last night the men were asked their opinion as they returned with the wagons or left the plants. All favored a general call, and tonight formal action will be taken. Among the breweries that will be affected are the K. G. Schmidt, Bartholomae & Leicht, and Brand breweries, composing the United States Brewing company; the Eagle Brewing company; and the New Brand Brewing company.

All but the office hands of these firms will leave their places, for all are under the jurisdiction of the following unions: Brewers and Maltsters' union, Brewery Wagon Drivers' union, and the Brewery Wagon Drivers' Helpers' union. These unions are affiliated with the central bodies of the city and country and can thus ask for a beer boycott.

Teamsters Refuse to Aid.

The National Teamsters' union, which carried on the Stock-Yards and department stores' teamster strike, has been anxious to force the brewery drivers to affiliate with it. When the present strike started the men were offered the aid of the teamsters if they would join that body, but they refused. Yesterday President Young of the teamsters notified the brewery firms that they would not aid in the strike until they had absorbed the brewery drivers. They also asked the firms not to sign any agreement. The move of President Young will not affect the call for a general strike, but will open up one of the bitterest internal struggles the teamsters have had.

Mail Wagon Drivers Dissatisfied.

Yesterday the forty-eight mail wagon drivers of the city formulated a scale of wages which they will demand be accepted. The men have been receiving from $33 to $40 a month for twelve hours' work a day. So poor has been the grade of men hired and so little interest have they taken in the work that up to date the contractors have had to pay $4,300 in fines for failure to get out the mailbags in time.

The drivers ask for 12 cents an hour for a single wagon, 13 cents for a three-quarter wagon, 14 for a double wagon, and 25 cents an hour overtime. The day they have placed at eleven hours and threaten to strike unless it is granted. The drivers claim they have received assurances from the government officials that officers will run the wagons until the matter is settled up. These the men will not disturb.

Plans Conciliation Board.

The subcommittee of teaming interests that hopes to bring about a conciliation board, consisting of the employers and employés, to settle all teaming disputes, yesterday formulated its plans at a meeting in the Great Northern Hotel. It asks that a general committee, consisting of seven men from among the employers and seven from the union be appointed, to have the power of arbitration for a period of one year, that time being long enough to demonstrate the feasibility of the scheme.

The committee decided to call a general meeting for this afternoon at 4 o'clock in the Great Northern Hotel, when both employers and the union men can meet and make the final arrangements.

CROWDS DISPERSED BY POLICE.

North Side Patrol Makes Three Runs on Account of Labor Difficulties.

Strike troubles on the North Side brought the patrol wagon of the East Chicago Avenue Police Station into requisition three times yesterday. Between 6 and 8 o'clock in the morning two runs were made to the plant of the Manhattan Ice Cream company, 51 Indiana street, where a union teamster had been discharged. The crowds were dispersed, and no arrests were made. In the evening the wagon was called to the plant of the Curtain Supply company, Ohio and Orleans streets, where trouble was threatened by sympathizers with the girls, who struck on Monday. When the patrol arrived the crowd had disappeared.

COMIC ARTIST ENDS HIS LIFE.

Gus Dirks, Noted for His Pictures of Bugs and Mice, Shoots Himself While Despondent.

New York, June 10.—[Special.]—Gus Dirks, who was known as the "Bugville" artist because of comic pictures he drew of bugs and mice, committed suicide in his studio at 132 West Fourteenth street this afternoon by shooting himself in the head. Dirks, who was 21 years old last January, had been despondent. He and his brother were employed for a time on a comic paper called the Critic in Chicago. They came to this city in 1897.

HIRES GERMAN OPERA TROUPE.

Conried Secures Entire Company of Berlin Theater with Chorus for American Appearance.

BERLIN, June 10.—Heinrich Conried, manager of the Irving Place Theater, New York, has engaged the entire opera company of the Central Theater here, including the chorus, to appear at the Irving Place Theater in the months of April and May, 1903. The repertoire of the company which goes to New York will include a number of standard operettas.

Iowa and Dakota Express,

Heretofore leaving Wells-St. Station 7 p. m. daily, via the Northwestern line, will, beginning Sunday, June 8, leave at 6:45 p. m., fifteen minutes earlier; through sleepers to Mason City, Sioux City, and Hawarden. Tickets, 212 Clark street.

EVANSTON GIRL TO RECEIVE ST. MARY'S CROSS

Miss Jane Holabird

The decoration of St. Mary's cross will be conferred this morning at Kenosha, Wis., on Miss Jane Augur Holabird, daughter of William Holabird of Evanston.

The cross is the greatest honor that can be conferred upon a Kemper Hall girl. It is the symbol of the sisterhood and annually is given to one young woman in the United States, she being selected from the seniors of Kemper Hall, the principal school under the direction of the sisters.

During the four years she has been at Kemper Hall, Miss Holabird has been one of the leaders in the work of the school, and her selection by the sisters to wear the decoration was received with hearty applause when it was announced yesterday. The ceremonies of the bestowing of the medal will take place in St. Peter's chapel at noon, Bishop Nicholson of the diocese of Milwaukee being in charge.

The other leading prizes for work in the collegiate departments were awarded to Miss Elizabeth Stewart Stone of Flint, Mich.; Miss Portia Baker of Kenosha, Wis.; Miss Anne Quigley of Sterling, Kas.; Miss Margaret Richards of Racine, Wis.; Miss Jeannette Wollaeger of Milwaukee; Miss Florence Zimmerman of Chicago; Miss Helen St. George of Nashotah, Wis., Miss Florence Niese of Chicago; and Miss Katharine Rogers of Chicago. The Newell prize for sewing, which is greatly sought after, was awarded to Miss Catherine Butterfield of Chicago.

PICKS COFFIN; ENDS LIFE.

UNDERTAKER ARRANGES FOR HIS OWN FUNERAL.

Edward E. Hill, Despondent Over the Death of Wife, Writes Letters Giving Directions for Burial and Takes Carbolic Acid—Guest of Deming Hotel Shoots Himself Through Head—Blacksmith Cuts His Throat and Dies on Way to Hospital.

After writing three letters in which he gave explicit directions for his funeral, including the style and price of the coffin in which he wished to be buried, Edward E. Hill, an undertaker, ended his life yesterday at his home by swallowing carbolic acid. Grief over the death of his wife a year ago is believed to have been the motive which prompted the suicide.

Hill rented apartments for himself and four children of Mrs. Couch at 64 Carpenter street. One of his letters was addressed to her, notifying her that his life was insured for $1,100 and directing her to pay $200 to each of the children, the remainder to be used in defraying his funeral expenses.

Hill also wrote a letter to the firm of Moffett & Arnett, undertakers, at 1504 West Madison street, where he was formerly employed. In the letter, Hill stated that he wanted F. J. Arnett to prepare his body for burial. "I want coffin No. 6, and it must not cost more than $50," the letter read.

The third letter read as follows:

"To whom it may concern: I, E. H. Hill, took poison, as I was tired of life. Send my body to Moffett & Arnett's at 1504 West Madison street. Letter No. 1 will give him ample information as to funeral arrangements."

Commits Suicide in Hotel.

John R. Winders of Oakland, Cal., committed suicide yesterday at the Deming Hotel, Clark and Madison streets, by shooting himself through the head. The police cannot explain the motive for the suicide. A sealed letter addressed to L. S. Shepard, 238 La Salle avenue, it is thought, will throw light on the case. At the address no one knew Mr. Shepard, and the letter will not be opened until the Coroner's inquest. The following note, written on a postal card, was found on the dresser with other communications:

"If I am found dead notify the Masons. I am a member from California. Send letter addressed John Colener, Examiner composition room, San Francisco. Also send watch, chain, and ring. JOHN R. WINDERS."

Blacksmith Cuts His Throat.

Joseph Nichols, a blacksmith, 49 years old, committed suicide early yesterday at Wagner's Hotel, 49 West Madison street, by cutting his throat with a razor. Groans were heard in Nichols' room at 3 o'clock by James McMahon, who occupies an adjoining room. He summoned employes of the hotel and the door of Nichols' room was broken open. An ambulance was summoned to remove the unconscious man to the County Hospital, but before the hospital was reached Nichols died, and his body was taken to the county morgue.

INVENTOR GETS HUGE OFFER.

Machine Doing Away with Glassblowers Draws a Bid of $10,000,000 from American Company.

Pittsburg, Pa., June 10.—[Special.]—The American Window Glass company will today begin the exploitation of an invention for which $10,000,000 has been offered, and which is expected to decrease the cost of the production of glass by doing away with blowers, gatherers, and snappers, all of whom are high-priced men. Twelve machines designed by John Lubbers have been installed in the old De Pauw plant at Alexandria, Ind., which has been newly equipped throughout for the production of glass.

For nearly a year three of the machines have been secretly operated here and all imperfections and drawbacks encountered at first have been overcome, it is said. Should the operation of the machines be as successful at De Pauw as they have been here the window glass company will immediately equip its factories throughout the country with them, and a vast number of skilled workmen will be without occupations.

The patents on the machines are owned by Lubbers and four officials of the window glass company, one of whom is President James A. Chambers, who announced today that $10,000,000 had been offered for them. It is proposed to operate them on a royalty system.

Millionaire's Slayer Is Sentenced.

St. Louis, Mo., June 10.—By agreement of counsel, William Strother, the negro Turkish bath attendant who was arrested last January for the murder of A. Denne Cooper, the millionaire proprietor, pleaded guilty today and will serve fifteen years in the Missouri State penitentiary. Formal sentence will be pronounced later.

DEGREE OF I.L. D. FOR REID

CAMBRIDGE UNIVERSITY HONORS AMERICAN ENVOY.

Notable Ceremony in Famous College Town Is Attended by Guests to Coronation Ceremonies and Other Distinguished Persons — Two Indian Princes Accorded Same Dignity as the United States Representative—Yale College Professor Recognized.

[Copyright: 1902: By the New York Tribune.]

[BY CABLE TO THE CHICAGO TRIBUNE.]

CAMBRIDGE, England, June 10.—Cambridge University conferred honorary degrees today on a large group of coronation guests and distinguished men.

The recipients of honors were entertained in advance at luncheon by the Vice Chancellor at Peter House, and the academic ceremony was conducted at 3 o'clock at the Senate House, where there was an unusually large attendance of Cambridge dons in robes and women in gay costumes.

The galleries were evidently impressed by the large number of candidates for honors and the dignity of the occasion, for instead of jeering the visitors, according to their usual boisterous habit, they were content with rounds of noisy applause.

Hearty Greeting to Visitors.

The Indian Princes and the Japanese Ambassador were received with great heartiness, and sentence after sentence in the sonorous Latin address to the special American Ambassador was punctuated with applause.

The Governor of Ceylon and the soldierlike Premier of Natal were heartily greeted, and Sir Harry Johnston, with his wiry figure, which had not been broken down by his arduous life in tropical Africa, was warmly cheered.

Mr. Reid was the first to receive and to acknowledge the degree of doctor of laws, and was followed by the two Maharajahs of Kolhapur and Gwalior. The Duke of Argyll and the Viscount Hayashi, the Japanese Ambassador at London; Sir Richard Henn Collins, master of the rolls, came next, and Sir Joseph Ridgeway and Sir Albert Mime closed the list of the doctors of laws.

Other Degrees Conferred.

Sir Harry Johnston and Professor William Rucker received the degree of doctor of science; Frederick Beebolim and the Rev. William Sandry that of doctor of letters, and a well deserved compliment was paid to Yale College when the degree of doctor of music was conferred upon Horatio William Parker.

It was a remarkably brilliant academic function. There was a large dinner at Trinity College in the evening, at which Mr. Reid and the other recipients of honors were entertained. I. N. F.

MAHSUD TRIBE ON WARPATH.

Two Military Posts on the Wazaristan Frontier Captured by Them—Have 30,000 Fighters.

[BY CABLE TO THE CHICAGO TRIBUNE.]

CALCUTTA, June 10.—The Mahsuds have attacked and captured two military posts on the Wazaristan frontier. The tribe consists of 30,000 warriors, and it is feared that they all may go on the warpath.

The operations of this rebellious tribe have worried the British military authorities of India for several months. In December last six native battalions and a mounted battery were sent to Tonk to reinforce the frontier force under General Egerton.

LIKE AMERICAN FIGHTERS.

Boer Commandant Says They Are Good, but That Germans Only Give Horses Sore Backs.

PRETORIA, June 10.—Boer commandos arriving here bring reports of fresh instances of fraternization between the Boers and the British troops. The Boers generally hold unfavorable estimates of their foreign allies, except the Americans, whom they declare to be crafty and great fighters. A prominent commandant said: "All the Germans are fit for is to give horses sore backs."

POPE TO CONSULT GIBBONS.

Recommendations for Archbishop of New York So Numerous That Decision Is Difficult.

[BY CABLE TO THE CHICAGO TRIBUNE.]

ROME, June 10.—The recommendations regarding the Archbishopric of New York are so numerous and are so well supported that the Pope declared today he will make no decision until he consults Cardinal Gibbons, whose opinion will be a great guide in the final appointment.

COLONIES WANT VOICE IN EMPIRE

New Policy Discussed Before Colonial Institution by Representative Men.

COLQUHOUN READS PAPER

Says England Must Beware of Free Trade Idea in a World That Is All Protection.

[Copyright: 1902: By the New York Tribune.]

[BY CABLE TO THE CHICAGO TRIBUNE.]

LONDON, June 11, 3 a. m.—Archibald R. Colquhoun's paper, read last night before the Colonial Institution, was an able and comprehensive survey of the future policy of the British Empire as essentially a colonial policy. It was not an alarmist paper, but a cool, well-reasoned argument, pointing to the conclusion that the empire must be bound together by the federation.

Colquhoun advocated, with the approval of a large, intelligent audience in the Whitehall rooms, a closer commercial union between the mother country and the colonies, the representation of colonies in the Imperial Council, and measures for common defense.

He discussed the project of a British Zollverein and of preferential duties within the empire, without committing himself to any definite scheme, and contended that Parliament was overwhelmed with routine business, and that an Imperial Council was indispensable, since fresh impulse from the colonies were needed in order to invigorate the national policy. He described England as ill-equipped for the desperate struggle for existence now going on among nations, and asserted that the colonials must come forward and contribute to the expenses of the imperial household.

Warns Against Ship Combine.

Colquhoun's paper was closely followed, and his warnings against one-sided free trade in a protection world and against the annexation of British shipping lines by American capitalists when Germany was in a position to command maritime alliance were warmly applauded.

Colonel Denison presented the Canadian argument for levying a war tax on all imports in all British ports with force and lucidity, and replied both to James Bryce and John Morley's arguments against the bread-tax. Agent General Toser, from Queensland, dissented from the proposals for a British Zollverein, and emphatically declared that Australia would bind itself to supply a permanent force of 100,000 soldiers for imperial defense and contribute liberally to the naval armaments, but would not ask England to introduce a Zollverein which would be unfair to her own people. The discussion was continued by several eminent colonial representatives and was a most animated one. It was a significant demonstration that while Hicks-Beach has proclaimed that the British Empire cannot be sacrificed for the sake of the colonies, the combination for business and defense has become the great issue in English politics.

King and Queen See Polo Game.

The King and Queen saw the Ranleigh Polo club beat the American team yesterday afternoon after a grand game by six goals to five. The charming grounds of the Ranleigh club at Barn Elms presented a most picturesque appearance. All the leading men and women in the London world of fashion were present, and some of the Indian Princes, who have been made honorary members of the club during their stay in this country, were interested spectators at the match.

Donations to King's Gift.

Among the donations received by the Lord Mayor at the Mansion House towards a coronation gift to the King include $25,000 from J. S. Morgan & Co. and $2,500 each from Lord Mount Stephen and Lord Strathcona. The gifts are to be devoted to a hospital fund which the King founded a few years ago in celebration of Queen Victoria's diamond jubilee.

J. Pierpont Morgan arrived in London last night from Paris. I. N. F.

NOTED ACTORS PLAY TOGETHER

First Coronation Performance of "The Merry Wives of Windsor" Given at Her Majesty's Theater.

[BY CABLE TO THE CHICAGO TRIBUNE.]

LONDON, June 10.—The theatrical event of the coronation is a limited number of performances of "The Merry Wives of Windsor," with a remarkable cast, at Her Majesty's Theater, the first of which was given tonight. Beerbohm Tree played the part of Falstaff, Mrs. Tree that of Anne Page, Mrs. Kendal that of Mistress Ford, and Ellen Terry that of Mistress Page. The play was given in London and enthusiasm which was completely captivating, and the audience was aroused to extraordinary demonstrations of approval. The scene at the conclusion of the performance was one of the most enthusiastic ever seen in London.

NEW MINISTER TELLS POLICY.

Premier Combes of French Cabinet in His Declaration Hints at an Income Tax.

[BY CABLE TO THE CHICAGO TRIBUNE.]

PARIS, June 10.—Prime Minister Combes read the ministerial declaration to a full house in the Chamber of Deputies today. He claimed that the country's votes had shown approbation of the previous ministry, of which the present Cabinet is a continuation. He outlined the government's policy and heretofore given, and hinted at an income tax.

In concluding his remarks the Premier said:

"Never losing sight of the superior, permanent interests of the country, our foreign policy will continue the alliance of which France and Russia equally appreciate the beneficent action, and in which universal opinion sees an essential guarantee of the world's equilibrium."

ARABS MASSACRE A CARAVAN.

Kill Rich Merchants and Soldiers to the Number of 500 in the Desert—Few Escape.

[BY CABLE TO THE CHICAGO TRIBUNE.]

LONDON, June 11.—The Vienna correspondent of the Daily Express says that dispatches from Constantinople describe the massacre of a caravan by independent Arab warriors belonging to desert tribes in the interior. The whole escort of troops and all the wealthy merchants and their suites composing the caravan, a total of 500 men, were slaughtered with the exception of twenty, who managed to escape. The massacre occurred about a hundred miles from Koweit, whose ruler is suspected of complicity in the slaughter.

CZECH ATTACKS THE KAISER.

Herr Klofac in the Vienna Reichsrath Denounces Emperor's Marienburg Speech.

[BY CABLE TO THE CHICAGO TRIBUNE.]

VIENNA, June 10.—In the Reichsrath today Herr Klofac, a Czech Radical, violently attacked the German Emperor in connection with his anti-Polish speech at Marienburg. The President called Herr Klofac to order for speaking of the Kaiser's "impudence," whereupon the other Radical members caused an uproar by shouting and insulting the Kaiser.

Honor List at Cambridge.

[BY CABLE TO THE CHICAGO TRIBUNE.]

LONDON, June 10.—In the Cambridge mathematical honors list issued today E. Cunningham of St. Johns is announced as senior wrangler. Miss A. L. Bennett of Girton College was the only woman wrangler to be announced. She ranked equal to the thirteenth male wrangler.

SEE GOOD IN WATER CURE.

OFFICERS IN MANILA TESTIFY THAT IT IS HELPFUL.

Witnesses in Trial of Major Glenn and Others Charged with Cruelty to Natives Say Treatment Has Been Beneficial to Many—Bad Case Against Lieutenant Cook—Native Laborers Becoming Rapacious in Demands for Pay.

[BY CABLE TO THE CHICAGO TRIBUNE.]

MANILA, June 10.—The testimony at the court-martials of Major Glenn and Lieutenant Gaujot, who are charged with cruelty to natives, apparently demonstrates that the so-called "water cure" is beneficial to the recipient. Major Glenn and Surgeons Jones, Rhodes, and Beale testified that they underwent the cure, which, it is needless to say, was administered by friends.

Major Glenn swore that it was not painful, merely producing fright and strangulation. A guerrilla Captain testified that several insurgents who when captured were suffering from fever were subjected to the water cure by Americans and were promptly cured. Other witnesses testified that Major Glenn's methods were the only means of obtaining information.

Experience of Panay Presidente.

The former Presidente of Panay, who is now a prisoner here, testified that he was subjected to the water cure by order of Major Glenn because he refused to answer questions put to him. He was laid on his back, with his arms secured, and was placed with his mouth open under a faucet. He was then questioned regarding the whereabouts of General Del Gado, but stated that he did not know. The cure continued, and he was compelled to swallow about four bottles of water, which caused vomiting and pains in the throat.

He was released while another man was subjected to the treatment. Later he was again questioned, this time on the subject of communicating with the enemy. This he denied. The Americans then resubjected him to the cure, using a syringe and salty water for a quarter of an hour, when the interpreter urged him to admit that he had been in communication with the enemy, which he did because he feared he would die under the treatment. The cross examination of the Presidente showed that he finally guided the Americans to the enemy's stronghold.

The defense attempted to prove that the water cure was a known practice in New York while Mr. Roosevelt and Fred Grant were police commissioners, but the court excluded the testimony.

Lieutenant Gaujot offered no defense. He admitted that he had administered the water cure to three priests.

Ugly Case Against Lieutenant Cook.

The case of Lieutenant Cook, charged with manslaughter for killing a Presidente and two other natives at Basey, has developed a serious situation. Sergeant Alar, a scout, testified that he was in charge of the three prisoners. He was ordered by Lieutenant Cook to go to the outskirts of the town and kill them, which was done. Two other scouts who were members of the party corroborated the sergeant's testimony.

Lieutenant Cook denied ordering that the prisoners be killed. He merely cautioned the sergeant to kill them if they attempted to escape.

Labor Troubles Growing.

The demand of the native workmen for an increase in their wages is supported by the clerks, the tobacco and hemp workers, and laborers generally, and also by the men employed in the shipping industry. The Chinese were also out on strike for three days, when they returned to work. The chambers of commerce are cooperating in urging the introduction of Japanese and the admission of Chinese under bond to a limited extent.

Samar Grows Quiet.

The developments in Samar indicate the thorough pacification of the island, a rapid reconstruction, and a revival of trade. Customs stations are being established. The hemp market is lively.

The constabulary have closed the ports of the Island of Leyte. Twenty officers and 600 men are chasing the remaining insurgents there.

General Chaffee reports that the Island of Mindanao, where the trouble with the Moros recently occurred, is quiet.

HEAR WAR CLAIM CASES.

Special Commission in Havana Begins Work of Adjudicating Eighty Million Dollars in Demands.

[Copyright: 1902: By the New York Tribune.]

[BY CABLE TO THE CHICAGO TRIBUNE.]

HAVANA, June 10.—The first hearing in Cuba before the subcommission appointed by the Spanish Claims commission in Washington to investigate claims for damages suffered during the Spanish-American war was held today before Commissioner J. F. Darling.

The case was that of Walter Grant Dygert, an American, who claims $20,000 for imprisonment at Guines, being mistaken for a young English rebel known as Inglesito. Dygert came here from Idaho to conduct his case in person. United States Attorneys Michael O'Neil and A. R. Thompson represent the government. There are in all about 500 cases to be heard in the island, aggregating $80,000,000, which will require two or three years to be heard.

The Dygert case will have to go over until the return of ex-Vice Consul Springer from Washington, who is a witness for the complainant.

"It is nonsense, ridiculous," were the words spoken by President Palma today when informed of the statement by William J. Bryan in a New York magazine that the revolutionary spirit of a certain element would cause civil war in Cuba.

"I have not read Mr. Bryan's article," said the President, "but if he wrote such a thing it is because he has been misinformed by persons not kindly disposed toward Cuba. Former revolutionists, like every other element, have only one thought in mind, the reconstruction of Cuba.

"The people are all united and working together for the good of the country, and rebellion is furthest from their minds."

Neely, Rathbone, and other Americans affected by the amnesty bill, signed by President Palma yesterday, will be discharged from custody at noon tomorrow.

HONOR A BULGARIAN PRINCE.

Czar and High Russian Officials Show Much Courtesy to Visiting Potentate at St. Petersburg.

ST. PETERSBURG, June 10.—Prince Ferdinand of Bulgaria arrived here today. He was received with great ceremony by the Grand Duke Vladimir, Count Lamsdorff, the Russian Minister of Foreign Affairs, other high officials, and a guard of honor. The Prince drove to the villa of the Empress, where he was received by the Czar and Czarina. Later the Czar returned Prince Ferdinand's visit at the grand palace at Peterhof, where the visitor is lodged.

RASH ACT OF YOUNG AMERICAN.

Paul Heseltine Stanley Tries to Ride Horse Up-Stairs of Alteri Palace in Rome.

[BY CABLE TO THE CHICAGO TRIBUNE.]

ROME, June 10.—Paul Heseltine Stanley, a young American, attempted yesterday to ride up the stairs of the Alteri Palace on horseback. Prince Alteri appeared on the scene, but Stanley refused to dismount. Eventually he was overpowered and removed from the grounds. It is believed that he was suffering from a mental disturbance as the result of having been bitten recently by one of his dogs.

Americans Arrested for Fraud.

[BY CABLE TO THE CHICAGO TRIBUNE.]

LONDON, June 11.—The Express says that two Americans named Clarke and Sommerfield have been arrested at Spa, Belgium, on the charge of selling $40,000 worth of bogus mine shares to a wealthy American planter in Paris. A third man of the name of Olney has been arrested in London on the charge of being implicated in the fraud.

GERMAN SHIPS TO COLLECT DEBT

Cruisers Falke and Gazelle Leave Danish West Indies in Haste.

HEAD FOR LA GUAYRA.

United States Not Disposed to Make Any Difficulty for Kaiser's Officers.

ST. THOMAS, D. W. I., June 10.—The German cruiser Falke sailed from La Guayra, Venezuela, yesterday, and the German cruiser Gazelle sailed for the same port today, under hurried orders from Berlin.

May Be Going to Collect Debt.

Washington, D. C., June 10.—In the absence of any official advices on the subject, the officials here are in the dark as to the reasons for the hurried departure of German warships for Venezuela, as reported in the St. Thomas dispatch.

Germany has a big claim against Venezuela—that of the Berlin Company of Discount for the non-performance of engagements which the Venezuelan government has undertaken in connection with the great Venezuelan railway built by the government. The claim approximates $1,200,000.

One inference, and it is merely that, as there is no official information on which to base the statement, is that Germany has sent her vessels to La Guayra to enforce the payment of the claim, as Venezuela has not attempted to meet the obligation.

United States Kept Informed.

The diplomatic correspondence of the State department shows that Germany has considered the question of coercion in connection with the payment of the claim. A communication from the German Embassy of Dec. 20 last has this to say on the subject:

"In case the German government should be obliged to use coercion against Venezuela in connection with the pending claims, it will have to be considered what kind of measures should be adopted. The most important measure of coercion—that is, the blockade of Venezuelan harbors—would have to be carried through without a declaration of war preceding it. A blockade, therefore, would be a peace blockade. Such a blockade would touch likewise the ships of neutral powers, inasmuch as such ships, although a confiscation of them would not have to be considered, would have to be turned away and prohibited until the conflict should be ratified. In the same manner European states have proceeded on such occasions, especially England and France."

Washington Would Not Oppose.

It is not believed that the United States government would raise any objection should Germany undertake the blockade of Venezuelan ports to collect the claim of the Berlin company, as the President in his last message to Congress made the following observation in connection with the attitude of the American government on the Monroe doctrine:

"We do not guarantee any state against punishment if it misconducts itself, provided that punishment does not take the form of the acquisition of territory by any non-American power."

PRINCES FIGHT DUEL IN PARIS.

Two Scions of Royalty Meet with Rapiers and One of Them Is Slightly Wounded.

[BY CABLE TO THE CHICAGO TRIBUNE.]

PARIS, June 10.—A duel was fought today in the Parc des Princes between Prince Helie de Talleyrand and Prince Georges de Stourdza. They had a violent quarrel some months ago, but a duel between them was then ruled to be out of the question, as Prince de Stourdza was a minor. He has since attained his majority and, meeting Prince de Talleyrand in the street in Paris, he had a second pugilistic encounter with him. Prince de Stourdza is a Roumanian. Prince de Talleyrand at the beginning of the duel, attacked with great vigor. In the course of four rounds the rapiers had to be changed three times. Prince de Stourdza was wounded in the right forearm in the fifth encounter. His injury is not dangerous.

QUEEN TO ENTERTAIN SERVANTS

Plans Dinner and Gifts for 10,000 London Housemaids During Coronation Festivities.

[BY CABLE TO THE CHICAGO TRIBUNE.]

LONDON, June 10.—Queen Alexandra is responsible for a more novel feature of the coronation festivities than the King's dinner to 500,000 poor persons. She has decided to entertain 10,000 London servant girls at tea, and to give each of them a brooch bearing a representation of her own and the King's head. The Queen thought that while everybody else would be in the streets the housemaids probably would be detained inside by their duties, and she determined that they should not be forgotten.

Arrange to Build Chinese Road.

[BY CABLE TO THE CHICAGO TRIBUNE.]

SHANGHAI, June 10.—The negotiations of Sheng, director of Chinese railroads, with representatives of the American-China Development company for commencement of work on the Canton-Hankow railroad have been satisfactorily concluded.

King Elbert of Saxony Worse.

[BY CABLE TO THE CHICAGO TRIBUNE.]

DRESDEN, June 10.—King Elbert of Saxony, who rallied yesterday after the last sacrament had been administered, suffered a relapse today.

Morgan to Dine with King.

LONDON, June 10.—J. Pierpont Morgan is expected to dine with Joseph H. Choate, the United States Ambassador, and Mrs. Choate tomorrow, when King Edward, Queen Alexandra, and Princess Victoria will be present.

Another German-American Cable.

BERLIN, June 10.—The German Atlantic Cable company has decided to lay another cable from Germany to the United States.

A Thirst Quencher

Horsford's Acid Phosphate

is far superior to lemons as a thirst quencher that really satisfies. It is a wholesome and strengthening Tonic that relieves the lassitude and debilitated condition of the system so common in midsummer. Insist on having

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Horsford's name on every GENUINE package.

$2.00 $3.00 $4.00 HATS CORRECT STYLES FINEST QUALITIES J. S. BARNES & CO. 80 RANDOLPH. TURNS B.

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MILLER'S CAREER IS A VARIED ONE

Head of St. Luke's Society, Rich or Poor, Always Clings to Religion.

IN PRISON IN DENVER.

Established "Sand Cure" Here, Then Branched Into Sanitarium Business.

President O. E. Miller, who is the central figure in the investigation just starting of the St. Luke's society fire, has been many things in his lifetime, but always religious. He has been a newspaper editor, President of a Y. M. C. A., a grocer, a lawyer, a superintendent of a Sunday school, a patent medicine man, head of a large combination of medicine selling firms, and President of a "dope" sanitarium.

It was at Denver in 1896 that Miller was indicted, tried, and sent to the federal prison at Leavenworth for a banking deal that, it was said, resulted in the collapse of thirteen banks during the hard times of 1893. At the prison he established a Sunday school, of which he was the leader. After several months his release was ordered by the United States Court of Appeals. The case was then dropped.

According to his statement he has been a millionaire and he has been "broke," but he has always been religious.

Monday's disastrous fire has made another turn in his fortunes, but he is already considering offers of locations and will equip another St. Luke's society sanitarium as soon as he can get out of the difficulties in which he is entangled at present.

Miller has sought the codperation of charitable societies and has been refused recognition. Superintendent Bicknell of the Bureau of Charities declined to aid him in any way. The Postoffice authorities have heard of him once in awhile on half-hearted complaints from patients who claimed to have had trouble in receiving letters addressed to the sanitarium. These complaints always were cut off before they amounted to enough to warrant an investigation.

Say He Made Religion Pay.

Against President Miller the unkind charge has been made that he found religion profitable. His charity has been construed as a mask for business enterprise. It is admitted that at the sanitarium no distinctions were made. The wealthy man who wanted to sober up after a round of pleasure and the common drunk picked up in the street by the police were received there with equal willingness. From each one Miller took according to his means, it is asserted, and when a man had nothing there was nothing to be gained from him except advertising.

"Frequently we received donations of $1,000 from charitable people," Miller says himself, "and this enabled the sanitarium to continue its Christian work."

Miller's Career in Denver.

Most of the ups and downs of Miller's life took place in Denver. There he became a millionaire and there he was indicted. He started his patent medicine scheme and established branch houses over the country. He advertised, and that is what prejudiced the physicians against him, he asserts. That explains the animus of the Health department to him, he asserts.

At the high tide of his success he wanted to establish large headquarters for his medical combine in Chicago, and that's the scheme which put the first crimp in his financial standing and resulted in his indictment.

Has Followed Many Callings.

These are the principal events in the life of the sanitarium President, but the other part of his career has not been uneventful. He was born in Arcadia, O., and received an academic education. He was President of the Y. M. C. A. in Emporia, Kas. He also was city editor of an Emporia newspaper. For some action of the paper he and all his associates were put on trial, but acquitted. He also studied law and practiced some time. He went in the grocery business and then undertook the sale of patent medicine, advertising a cure for certain diseases.

Makes Chicago His Headquarters.

Miller came to Chicago in 1898 and opened an office in the McVicker Theater Building. Soon he conceived the idea of using "medicated sand" for stomach trouble, and advertised it as a "sure cure for dyspepsia." The "medicated sand" he says is a part of the treatment administered to patients at the St. Luke Sanitarium.

Soon he branched out and established his sanitarium. He made it a semi-religious institution and has secured the support of some churches by his attitude towards religion. He has met with opposition from the Health department in various ways. Before he moved into the Hotel Woodruff he had the sanitarium established at Seventeenth street and Indiana avenue, but the residents objected. What they did not like, it is said, was the constant coming and going of patrol wagons with the city's contribution of drunken men.

Having no other way of attacking Miller the residents caused suit to be brought against him for violation of the smoke ordinances, and Justice Gibbon inflicted a fine of $50, but the fine was remitted on the condition that he get out of the neighborhood.

He made application for a license to operate a hospital at Ohio and Rush streets, on the North Side, but Medical Inspector Hunt advised against granting the permit, and it was refused. Then Miller found the Hotel Woodruff, and again made application for a license. Again Inspector Hunt advised against the issuance, on the ground that the building was not fit for such purposes, and it was refused again. But here the discovery that the hospital ordinance was defective was made, and Miller has been allowed to run without opposition since.

What Superintendent Bicknell Says.

What Superintendent Ernest Bicknell of the Bureau of Charities thinks of Miller and his scheme is expressed in the following:

"Miller has several times applied for our indorsement and has uniformly been refused. The plan that the society receive 75 per cent of the proceeds on treatments given to patients sent by the Bureau of Charities did not appeal to me. It seemed to me that the idea of profit entered too largely into the calculations of Mr. Miller and kept the society from figuring as a purely charitable institution. I am convinced of the sincerity of those who labored with Mr. Miller for the society, but from what I had heard of the man I was not satisfied with his history, and so he never has received the indorsement of the bureau.

YE HOUSEKEEPER'S CORNER.

Yellow-eyed beans are good to bake, as well as common variety.

...ish stripes add much to the appearance of the ...ow cretonnes, besides giving an effective touch ...color.

...ther tips are used on the latest screens to ...revent their scratching the highly polished floors ...ome now.

...ove throw water from boiled beans down the ...ain it leaves an odor no sweeter than the water ...which cabbage has been cooked.

...ad with eggs or vegetable oil furnish all ...d elements necessary to sustain a man in ...th, no matter how laborious his occupation.

...ace and ruffled curtains are always in ...ood, light weight chints and imported cretonne ...ll be hanging will have quite an extended ...this season.

...articles in common use as food which has ...ed food value in proportion to cost is ...the article having greatest cost in pro... ...to its food value is the oyster.

...oval and desirable flower and vine ...are noticeable among the oficlotha and ... There seems a decided tendency to ...away from the universal tile and geomet... ...patterns toward something more ornamental.

SCENES AT THE ST. LUKE SOCIETY'S HOSPITAL, WHERE TEN PATIENTS PERISHED IN FIRE.

[From photographs taken for THE TRIBUNE.]

WINDOW FROM WHICH PATIENTS JUMPED TO FIRE ESCAPE.

WINDOW WHERE PATIENTS PULLED BARS OFF.

HOW DELIRIUM PATIENTS ARE SECURED.

ROOM WHERE ALD. KENT'S BODY WAS FOUND.

Fire swept up the elevator shaft of the St. Luke society sanitarium Monday afternoon and filled the fifth floor, where delirious patients were confined. Ten perished in a few minutes and others were severely injured. The damage to the building was comparatively small.

PLACING BLAME FOR FIRE.

CORONER BEGINS BY HAVING MILLER AND EMPLOYES HELD.

Head of St. Luke Society Accused of Manslaughter and Bond Fixed at $5,000, Which He Fails to Furnish—Hospital Ordinance to Be Amended, as Health Department Attributes to Its Defects Some of Responsibility for the Loss of Ten Lives.

(Continued from first page.)

station for conference with him. Last night, after his bond had been fixed at $5,000 and he decided to trust his chances to the habeas corpus proceedings this morning before Judge Chetlain, he was sitting in the station with some of his ministerial friends proclaiming that the city Health department was persecuting him because once he had advertised a patent medicine and had made money out of it.

During the day his attorney, S. K. Markham, was endeavoring to secure his release on the writ which will be sought today. Miller and his attorney hoped that this would be granted without delay. His failure he blames to the "prejudicial action" of the Health department authorities.

Will Amend Ordinances.

While Miller is attempting to regain his liberty the investigation into the status of the sanitarium and the movement to change the hospital ordinance will proceed. At present the ordinances are practically dead letters. The provision requiring a license cannot be enforced, it is asserted, as that would mean the closing of every hospital in the city.

For that reason Miller has been allowed to operate his sanitarium without any oversight by the health authorities. Even with the ordinances effective, the officials of the department claim that the Building department and not the Health department is responsible for the condition of affairs, aside from "sanitary and moral conditions." These it is the province of the Health department to safeguard.

For a hospital to operate in Chicago the ordinance requires the consents of property-owners in the block in which it is located and in the opposite side of the street. It is claimed that not a hospital in the city could meet these requirements. When this was realized Mayor Harrison, at the request of Health Commissioner Reynolds, called the attention of the City Council to the condition and asked for a revision. The matter was sent to the Judiciary committee and Alderman Alling was made chairman of the subcommittee to proceed with the revising of the code in this particular. Nothing has been done as yet, but Alderman Alling announces that the subcommittee will meet this week.

Condemns Many Hospitals.

"Three-fourths of the hospitals in Chicago are death traps," said Secretary Pritchard, explaining the attitude of the department towards the hospital question. "The occurrence at the St. Luke sanitarium would be duplicated in a majority of the hospitals.

"The hospital population of Chicago is estimated at about 10,000 and it is largely a helpless population. The people are bedridden. With such people in buildings which are far from fireproof you have the possibilities of such a disaster every time there is a fire."

By inspectors of the Building department who examined the building during the day it was pronounced unfit for hospital purposes. When it was under the hotel management the Building department ordered several changes made. Inspector Lense said:

"The building was not suitable for a hospital. As it was put up shortly after the Chicago fire the department could not order changes in its general structure."

Nagel's Theory of the Fire.

John P. Nagel, the inventor of the gasoline plant, thinks the fire might have been due to spontaneous combustion in some rags near the base of the elevator shaft which had been soaked by drippings of oil. A thorough examination shows plainly that the fire did not come direct from the boiler or from the gasoline machine. The gasoline tank was being filled from a barrel in the alley when the fire occurred. Neither barrel nor tank was set on fire. The cause of the fire, whatever it was, was close to the elevator shaft.

While the gasoline machine did not directly cause the fire, there had been a great deal of fear of it among the hospital employés.

Story of Alderman Kent's Attendant.

A. W. Wattles, the attendant who had charge of Alderman Kent's ward, and who was so badly burned that there is little hope of his recovery, made a brief statement between his groans to a TRIBUNE reporter yesterday regarding the treatment of Mr. Kent.

"Yes," said he, "'Blind Billy' was tied when the fire took place. He had been violent the night before and had knocked down one of the attendants, Frank Johnson. It was found absolutely necessary to bind him, as had been done before during similar violent spells. It was only when he was violent that this was done. The treatment of patients generally was kind. As for the building, it was a regular old firetrap. At least that is my opinion of it."

Plans for Kent Funeral.

Arrangements for the funeral of Alderman Kent were made yesterday by the County Council committee named for that purpose. It was decided that the Aldermen should assemble in the City Clerk's office at 8:30 o'clock this morning, where they will take carriages for the Kent residence, 2504 Princeton avenue, and accompany the body to All Saints' Church, where the services will be held. Interment will be at Calvary. The pallbearers will be Aldermen Sloan, Doubek, Coughlin, McInerney, and Carey, who compose the committee, and Alderman Litsinger.

CITY COUNCIL ADJOURNS AGAIN.

Death of Alderman Kent Causes a Second Postponement, This Time Till June 18.

The City Council adjourned last evening until June 18 after the introduction of the report of the Committee on track elevation. The reason for adjournment was that it is not customary for the Council to transact any business while a member is dead and unburied, and so the tragic death of Alderman Kent resulted in a second adjournment.

The meeting was postponed until next Wednesday because it was thought that the Democratic primaries and county convention would interfere with any gathering this week and the Democratic State convention is to be held next Tuesday at Springfield.

Alderman Jackson sent in ordinances for the elevation of the Burlington tracks in Sixteenth street and of the Illinois Central and other roads at Grand Crossing. He explained his action by saying it was necessary that these ordinances be acted on before vacation.

As a matter of emergency the Council passed the ordinance for the paving of Archer avenue with asphalt between State street and Stewart avenue and between Canal street and Ashland avenue, at an estimated cost of $107,000.

FIRE VICTIM'S WIFE ENDS LIFE.

Mrs. Josephine Bishop of St. Louis, Whose Husband Was Killed in Chicago Blaze, Commits Suicide.

St. Louis, Mo., June 10.—[Special.]—Mrs. Josephine Bishop, wife of James E. Bishop, who perished in the fire in the St. Luke's society sanitarium, committed suicide this morning by swallowing carbolic acid. The body was discovered by Mrs. Johanna Greechels, the mother of Mrs. Bishop. On the dresser was a penciled note, reading:

"Dear Mother: This is terrible.

"JOSEPHINE."

On the floor lay a morning paper containing an account of the burning of the sanitarium in Chicago. It is supposed that after Mrs. Bishop read the story of the fire she became despondent and decided to take her own life. The dead woman was 30 years of age.

The Bishop home is at 2808 Woods avenue, and that of Mrs. Greechels at 2818 Woods avenue. When the mother of Mrs. Bishop read the account of the fire in Chicago by which her son-in-law lost his life, she hurried over to the home of her daughter, only to find her dead.

ONE YEAR FOR STEALING SHOES

John Kelly Sentenced by Judge Kavanagh for Taking Property Worth $2.

One year's imprisonment in the house of correction is the punishment meted out to John Arlington, alias John Kelly for stealing a pair of shoes valued at $2. The case was heard by a jury in Judge Kavanagh's court yesterday afternoon and a verdict of guilty was returned in a few minutes. The defendant broke into the home of P. J. Fitzgerald, an employé of the Chicago Telephone company, a month ago, and took the shoes.

BOATS' PASSENGERS IN A PANIC.

Collision Which Does Little Harm Creates a Commotion, but No One Is Injured.

Detroit, Mich., June 10.—While coming up Detroit River at 10 o'clock tonight the passenger steamer Frank E. Kirby was run into by the steamer Egan, and a panic ensued among the Kirby's passengers. The accident ended in the passenger steamer first running to shore to ascertain damages and then proceeding to its dock and discharging its passengers. No one was injured.

Bargains in rates to California, Pacific Northwest, Utah, Colorado. Personally conducted parties. Judson-Alison Co., 24-26, 349 Marquette Bldg., Chi.

HEAVY LOSS IN CYCLONE.

MANY LIVES REPORTED LOST IN NORTHERN MINNESOTA.

Sparsely Settled Part of the State Is Swept for Distance of Twenty Miles and Many Farm Buildings Are Destroyed—No Towns Directly in Path of the Storm—Actual Number of the Persons Killed Is Difficult to Ascertain.

St. Paul, Minn., June 10.—A tornado of marked severity prevailed yesterday evening over sections of Clay and Becker Counties and across the southern portions of the White Earth Indian Reservation.

It is reported that fifteen lives were lost, many people injured, and great damage done to farm property, many dwellings, barns, and outbuildings being destroyed. The region throughout which the storm prevailed is comparatively sparsely settled and remote from telegraphic communication.

The storm first struck northwest of the town of Ulen, in Clay County, whence it traveled southeasterly across the northern part of Becker County, striking the towns of Foss, Atlanta, and Walworth, along the lower edge of the White Earth Reservation.

Heavy Losses Near Ulen.

Ulen, Minn., June 10.—[Special.]—A cyclone swept across the country west of here yesterday afternoon, and many lives are reported lost.

A strip half a mile wide and twenty miles long is laid waste, and everything in the path of the storm was wrecked.

Four miles north of Ulen three members of the family of Andrew Horim were instantly killed, and one other was so badly injured that he may die.

Hundreds of head of live stock were killed.

The farmhouses of the following were destroyed: Arnek Knutson, Henry Lysno, Sam Houge, John Gunderson, John Morcs, S. O. Mossaly, Paul Smzak, Ole Johnsonberg, A. Sporckk, and John Berg.

White Earth, Minn., June 10.—A storm passed over the southwestern portion of the White Earth Indian reservation yesterday, leaving death and destruction in its wake. The storm was particularly severe in Walworth and Atlantic Townships, and fifteen persons are reported killed.

Deaths Near Lake Park.

Lake Park, Minn., June 10.—A tornado struck twelve miles north of here yesterday, sweeping a strip of land two miles wide and three miles long. It destroyed nine farmhouses and killed ten persons. The church at Spangele was demolished.

Severe Blow in Iowa.

Des Moines, Ia., June 10.—A storm tonight struck the Northwestern railway line, one mile east of Jordan, forty miles northeast of Des Moines. Over a mile of telegraph wide and three miles long.

One person was killed, ten were injured, and the homes of nine families were destroyed. Mrs. Berg, whose home was near Voss Postoffice, was killed by flying timbers while seeking shelter.

The Sangelo church was demolished, as were several barns. There are rumors of other lives lost, but these cannot be substantiated, and persons who have visited the scene discredit the stories of greater loss of life.

20-HOURS CHICAGO TO NEW YORK.

Pennsylvania Short Line.

Beginning with June 15, the Pennsylvania Lines will run a daily passenger train of the best modern Equipment, to be known as "The Pennsylvania Special," from Chicago to New York in 20 hours, leaving Chicago at 12 o'clock noon, and reaching New York next morning at 9 o'clock.

The above will be in addition to the present Chicago and New York train service of the Pennsylvania Lines. "The Pennsylvania Limited" and other trains running through as usual.

For particular information address H. R. Dering, Assistant General Passenger Agent, 248 South Clark street, Chicago.

MYSTERY OF MISSING GIRL MADE DEEPER BY LETTER.

Missive Hints of Suicide, but Is Written in a Masculine Hand—Mother Fears Abduction.

A letter hinting of suicide fails to convince the police that Fanny Scharfin, 14 years old, disappeared from her mother's home at 235 Maxwell street of her own free will. The girl dropped from sight on Sunday. Yesterday her mother, Mrs. Anna Scharfin, received the following note, written in a strange hand:

"Dear Mother: I am tired of life and intend to end it all. Do not grieve. Lovingly,

"FANNY."

The postmark was "Station U," on the South Side, and the police say the writing was that of a man. The girl's home life is said to have been happy, and her mother scouts the idea of suicide. She fears another "Mother" Lyons case.

The South Chicago police were asked last night to search for Louis McDermitt, 18 years old, and David Wallace, 12 years old, who have disappeared. Wallace is the son of the general superintendent of the Lehigh Valley Coal company, and McDermott's father is a court reporter.

CRUSHED UNDER TROLLEY CAR.

Arnold Matthews Killed at Wentworth Avenue and Harrison Street Early This Morning.

Stumbling on the street car rails made slippery by the heavy fall of rain, Arnold Matthews, 3242 Princeton avenue, fell in front of a Wentworth avenue electric car at Harrison street early this morning and was crushed, probably fatally. The fender and wheels of the car pinioned his form so tightly that the street car men and passengers were unable to release him. A wrecking wagon was summoned and it was over half an hour before the heavy car was raised and Matthews removed.

A street car accident in Halsted street at 8:30 o'clock yesterday morning resulted in bruises to three persons. A south-bound Halsted street car ran into an east-bound Thirty-fifth street car. The injured are: Miss Jennie M. Vall, La Grange, head assistant at Burroughs School; Arthur Dillon, police messenger, 3423 Wood street; and James Madden, police messenger, 3706 Cottage Grove avenue. Witnesses to the accident say that the Thirty-fifth street car ran over the crossing without stopping.

ROCKING BOAT NEARLY FATAL.

Boys Upset Craft in Lincoln Park and Policeman Rescues Them and Girl Companion.

Rocking a boat to frighten the people in it nearly caused the drowning of a party of four in Lincoln Park lagoon yesterday. The boat was overturned and Park Policeman Isaacson swam out to the rescue.

The Rescued.

Boyes, Jennie, 16 years old, 48 Burling street; going under the water for the third time when Isaacson seized her.

Brockill, Clyde, 18 years old, 48 Burling street; clung to overturned boat until assisted to shore.

Boster, Steven, Larrabee and Wisconsin streets; taken from water into boat that went to the rescue.

Henry, Charles, Larrabee and Wisconsin streets; taken into the boat.

STOP BOARD OF TRADE LEAK.

Kansas City and Chicago Traders Discover Ingenious Scheme to Filch Quotations.

Kansas City, Mo., June 10.—The Kansas City Board of Trade, with the assistance of representatives of the Chicago Board of Trade, today discovered and destroyed the "leak" by which the Chicago stock market quotations have been getting into the hands of bucket shop operators. It was a contrivance by which the clicks of a telegraph instrument were automatically telephoned into the bucket shops. The contrivance was found in the walls of the office of a broker occupying rooms adjoining the Board of Trade.

QUAY'S MAN IS IN LEAD.

PREDICTIONS ARE FOR PENNYPACKER FOR GOVERNOR.

Elkin Faction Is Worsted in Preliminary Meeting of State Committee and Committee on Contests—Senator Penrose to Be the Temporary Chairman of Convention, Which Will Meet Today—Bitter Fights for Leadership.

Harrisburg, Pa., June 10.—[Special.]—Various predictions are made concerning the results of tomorrow's Republican convention. The forecast most generally accepted is that Judge Samuel W. Pennypacker of Philadelphia will be the nominee for Governor; that ex-State Senator William M. Brown of Newcastle will be nominated for Lieutenant Governor, and Major Isaac B. Brown of Erie will be the candidate for Secretary of Internal Affairs.

Senator Quay expects to succeed General Frank Reeder of Easton as chairman of the Republican State committee and to conduct the campaign this fall. Attorney General John P. Elkin is still battling for the nomination for Governor, but his most sanguine adherents, it is said, concede Pennypacker's nomination.

Elkin is pledged in his speeches during his campaign to stand by the ticket, and it is naturally expected that his adherents will do likewise.

Pennypacker Has 306 Votes.

Senator Penrose will be temporary chairman of the convention and Congressman Joseph C. Sibley of Franklin was selected for permanent chairman.

The Pennypacker-Watres caucus was attended by 206 delegates, 180 being necessary to control the convention.

In making up the roll of delegates for tomorrow's convention and naming the temporary officers, the Quay party clearly had the advantage and secured two additional members on the Committee on Contests after a hard fight.

Meeting Is Stormy One.

Senator Quay, the leader of the Pennypacker forces, and Attorney General Akin, who was in personal command of his adherents, shook their fingers in each other's face and threatened political reprisals if each was not given fair treatment in the disposition of the contested seats in the convention.

Chairman Reeder accused Senator Quay of making a deliberate misstatement, and the Senator instantly replied that this was an insult which he resented. The Pennypacker forces had a decisive majority in the committee and United States Senator Penrose was named for temporary chairman.

During the proceedings Senator Quay challenged the right of Chairman Reeder in appointing a member of the committee from Chester County to fill a death vacancy. The Senator contended that under the party rules the appointment should have been made by the delegates from the county to the last State convention. He protested against the chairman's arbitrary appointment.

In a further controversy over Chairman Reeder's appointment of a committee of five on contested seats, Senator Quay said the committee named was not in sympathy with the majority of the State committee. He said three members are for Elkin and two for Pennypacker. He moved that the names of Senator Penrose and A. S. L. Shields of Philadelphia be added.

Chairman Reeder said that he made the appointment without any regard to factions, and that he did not know how they stood in the factional fight.

Mr. Elkin said he would be willing to trust any committee which the State chairman would appoint, because he believed it would be fair and honest.

"We only ask," he continued, "that the delegates who have been fairly elected be seated. We don't want any nomination that does not come fairly."

"You will get no nomination that comes any way," retorted Senator Quay.

Instantly Mr. Elkin was on his feet, and, shaking his finger in Mr. Quay's face, said: "I will get the nomination if the people have their way in Pennsylvania. Fair play is what we want."

"That's what you are going to get," replied Mr. Quay, who also was on his feet, shaking his finger at Mr. Elkin.

"I don't care," said Mr. Elkin, "whether you put these two men on the committee or not. You can pack it if you want to. You can also seat delegates if you want to, but you have got to reckon with the people, and that reckoning will come."

Point for Quay Carried.

The motion that Messrs. Penrose and Shields be added to the committee was adopted by 72 to 46.

NAME TICKET IN ARKANSAS.

Democratic Convention Indorses James P. Clarke for Senator and Renominates Governor Davis.

For Unitar States Senator [indorsed].....
.....James P. Clarke
For Senator .....Jefferson Davis
For Secretary of State.....J. W. Crockett of Dewitt
For Attorney General .....G. W. Murphy of Little Rock
For State Treasurer.....H. C. Tipton of Harrison
For State Superintendent of Public Instruction .....J. N. Hinmon of Pine Bluff
For State Auditor .....T. C. Monroe of Magnolia
For Associate Justice of the Supreme Court.....B. B. Battle of Little Rock
For State Land Commissioner .....F. R. Conway of Little Rock
For Railroad Commissioners.....J. W. Phipps of Newport, S. B. Hodgins of Harrison and J. E. Hampton of Fordyce
For Commissioner of Mines, Manufactures and Agriculture .....H. T. Bradford of Lonoke

Little Rock, Ark., June 10.—The Democratic State convention, which opened today, indorsed former Governor James P. Clarke for Democratic nominee for United States Senator to succeed Senator James K. Jones. The resolution was adopted by a vote of 420 to 72.

Governor Jefferson Davis was unanimously renominated, the name of Colonel E. W. Rector of Hot Springs being withdrawn.

Governor Davis, in addressing the convention and accepting the nomination, announced himself a candidate for United States Senator to succeed Senator James H. Berry, whose term expires in 1905.

The resolutions reiterate the Kansas City platform and denounce trusts.

WILL TEST APPORTIONMENT.

Suit Begun by Democrats for Ruling on Senatorial Districts Established by Legislature.

Springfield, Ill., June 10.—[Special.]—Proceedings were instituted in the Supreme Court today to test the constitutionality of the Senatorial apportionment passed by the Legislature of 1901. Suit was filed on relation of Colonel John J. Heffernan, directed against R. L. Carlock, County Clerk of McLean County. The suit was begun at the instance of the Democratic State Central committee. Maurice T. Moloney, former Attorney General, and Senator Lawrence B. Stringer of Lincoln have been retained by the committee as counsel. Under the apportionment act of 1893, the County of McLean constituted the Twentieth Senatorial District, but under the act of 1901 McLean and Ford Counties were placed in the district constituting the Twenty-sixth District. A recent convention held by the Democrats in the old Twentieth District nominated Colonel Heffernan. The nomination papers were rejected by the Secretary of State and County Clerk because delegates from Ford County were not present at the convention. The relators allege the unconstitutionality consists in the inadequate population of the district.

Take 1,000 Ballots and Adjourn.

Sydney, O., June 10.—[Special.]—The Fourth District Democratic Congressional convention adjourned tonight after taking the 1,000th ballot without nominating.

Nominated for Congress.

State.	District.	Nominee.	Politics.
Wisconsin	10	W. H. Brown	Rep.
Iowa	5	W. P. Hepburn	Rep.
Maine	2	E. C. Burleigh	Rep.
Nebraska	3	G. W. Norris	Rep.
Nebraska	3	J. J. McCarthy	Dem.
Tennessee	10	M. R. Patterson	Dem.

Rose's Lime Juice

served at all soda water fountains. For sale by druggists and grocers everywhere.

ADVISERS SELECT MEN FOR JUDGES

Walker and Kersten Among Those Picked by Democratic Subcommittee.

ALL THE NAMES IN TODAY

Corporation Counsel's Boom Is Aided at Meeting of the Quinn Forces.

All the subcommittees and the executive branch of the Democratic Advisory committee will make their reports on candidates today.

The committees agreed that no names should be given out until the final list is made up, but it is understood that Charles M. Walker, George Kersten, William Dillon, N. H. Barnum, Captain William P. Black, William Thompson, and Thomas M. Hoyne have been passed on as good timber for the Judicial ticket.

Before the meeting of the general committee at 4 p. m. the Executive committee will receive returns from the subcommittees on candidates for all nominations.

Finds Too Much Timber.

It seems that the Legislative committee is having more trouble than all the others combined. It has discovered a surprisingly large number of ambitious Democrats who want to go to Springfield as lawmakers next winter and to keep the list of recommendation down to three for each nomination, would, it is feared, offend many candidates.

Besides the seekers after legislative office are so numerous that the committee has found it impossible to investigate more than a small per cent of them on such platform issues as municipal ownership, franchise legislation, taxation, the referendum, etc. Requests from labor and so-called independent political organizations for interviews with the legislative aspirants could not be granted, for the reason that the time is too short.

Chairman Gottlieb of the subcommittee and Mayor Harrison held a conference yesterday with interests involved on the question of postponing the Senatorial conventions for two weeks.

Those participating besides the Mayor and Chairman Gottlieb were: George A. Schilling and William E. Burns of the Public Ownership league, T. J. McElligott of the Referendum league; James H. Bowman, Federation of Labor; James O'Connor and James Brennock, Illinois Electors' league; Senator J. P. Mahoney of the County Democracy, and E. J. Lindholm of the Knights of Labor.

The request for postponement in the matter of the Senatorial candidates was defeated. Mayor Harrison took the ground that only the delegates to these conventions have the power to postpone. He thought, too, that the candidates who go out and get the delegates would have something to say about it.

Lahiff for Appellate Clerk.

Edward M. Lahiff, private secretary to Mayor Harrison, announced last night that he was a candidate for the Democratic nomination for the Clerk of the Appellate Court.

It is understood that the three men who will be recommended by the Advisory committee for this nomination are Mr. Lahiff, B. J. Mullaney, and Irving Washington. The latter is City Purchasing Agent and Mr. Mullaney is a newspaper man.

The three men most talked of for recommendation for member of the Board of Review are Lyman E. Cooley, L. E. McGann, and Joseph Donnerberger.

Quinn Meeting Booms Walker.

Charles M. Walker was enthusiastically indorsed last evening for a Judicial nomination by one of the most remarkable anteprimary meetings ever held in Chicago. It was a gathering of the Quinn forces in the Twenty-first Ward, and the North Side Turner Hall was too small to hold the crowd. The meeting was remarkable for the reason that arrangements for primaries in other days always have been conducted in back rooms or behind closed doors, and also because of the kind of men who made up the crowd.

All classes and conditions were there. Sitting alongside Alderman Honore Palmer was Samuel A. Lynde, general counsel for the Northwestern railroad and member of the Democratic Advisory committee. Scattered through the hall were other members of the same committee.

The Walker resolutions recited the services of Mr. Walker to the ward as Alderman, and to the city as Corporation Counsel. It "heartily indorsed" his candidacy for a place on the Judicial ticket.

Accompanying this indorsement was a resolution nominating James A. Quinn as the committeeman from the ward as against Robert E. Burke.

Palmer Disproves a Report.

Alderman Palmer in his speech said he had intended to leave the city yesterday, but as it was reported that he was going because he had deserted the Quinn cause he had decided to stay over to show by his presence that the story was false.

Then came a speech by James A. Quinn himself, who brought down the house when he said:

"Burke has tried to send out the story that I am willing to 'lay down.' I acknowledge I don't cover much ground when I do lay down, but it takes a bigger man than Burke to put me down."

Walker Says He's For Quinn.

During the afternoon a statement was given out by one of Burke's friends that Corporation Counsel Walker had said he was not taking any part in the Twenty-first Ward primary fight. Speaking of it last evening, Walker said:

"What I said was that I did not regard myself as an issue in that fight. I want to say, however, I not only hope Quinn will win against Burke, but I will do anything I can to help him win."

SPALDING CUT OFF BY FATHER.

Former Chicago Banker, Now in Joliet Penitentiary, Is Disinherited in Will.

Nashua, N. H., June 10.—[Special.]—The will of Solomon Spalding, who died in this city last week, was filed for probate today. His estate is left to his two children, John A. Spalding of Philadelphia and Mrs. Sarah G. Whittemore of this city. His son, Charles W. Spalding, the Chicago banker, now in prison at Joliet, Ill., is cut off without a cent.

The will was drawn on Dec. 5, 1896, some time after the financial troubles with which his son, Charles W. Spalding, was connected. The estate will amount to more than $250,000.

The will says: "To my son, Charles W. Spalding, I bequeath nothing, having done something for him in early life, and he has ample means now."

Mr. Spalding stipulated that six notes due him and signed by Charles W. Spalding, and which he had placed in the hands of Lizzie G. Spalding, Charles R. Spalding, and Sarah G. Spalding, are to be shared equally by the three, and that if they remain unpaid at his death they are to be paid from his estate.

HAVE RIVAL TO NORTHCOTT.

Waukegan Modern Woodmen Want C. T. Heydecker for Head Consul.

Lake County Modern Woodmen of America have started a fight against Lieutenant Governor Northcott for the office of Head Consul of the order. At the meeting of Lake camp in Waukegan a resolution was adopted recommending C. T. Heydecker of that city for the office to succeed the incumbent. The resolution will be sent to camps throughout the country.

Stewart Building, Second floor. Diamonds on easy payments. Lottie Bru

The Tribune.

FOUNDED JUNE 10, 1847.

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FOREIGN POSTAGE—Twelve pages, 2 cents; 16 pages, 3 cents; 24 pages, 4 cents; 32 pages, 5 cents; 40 pages, 6 cents; 44 to 48 pages, 7 cents; 48 to 56 pages, 8 cents; 60 pages and over, 9 cents.

Note—The laws of the Postoffice department are strict, and newspapers insufficiently prepaid cannot be forwarded.

WEDNESDAY, JUNE 11, 1902.

"EVERY SUNDAY"

THE TRIBUNE prints 3½ (two and one-half) times as much advertising as its "nearest two-cent competitor," and it has every Sunday from 50,000 to 75,000 more circulation than its "nearest two-cent competitor" claims in its own sworn statement.

"GOLDEN DOZEN" OF NEWSPAPERS.

The American Newspaper Directory (the highest journalistic authority in the United States) for December, 1901, gives some facts concerning the notable newspapers of the country. The American Newspaper Directory uses certain signs to denote the relative standing and merit of the whole field of newspaperdom, which comes under its notice, and one of these signs is the mystic symbol [◎] denoting "golden," which stands for high quality, and is thus explained:

"Advertisers value this paper more for the class and quality of its circulation than for the mere number of copies printed."

Such papers are credited with a single symbol; but there is a higher grade, according to this standard authority, which have BOTH QUALITY AND QUANTITY, and require the DOUBLE GOLDEN SYMBOL [◎◎]to describe adequately their standing. This baker's dozen of thirteen "famous newspapers" is named in the supposed order of their merit in the following list:

New York Herald.
CHICAGO TRIBUNE.
New York Times.
Buffalo Express.
Brooklyn Eagle.
New York Tribune.
Cincinnati Enquirer.
Washington Star.
New York Post.
Philadelphia Public Ledger.
Baltimore Sun.
Boston Transcript.
Milwaukee Wisconsin.

A Teamsters' Arbitration Board.

After two teamsters' or drivers' strikes the employers have taken the initial step toward establishing a permanent board of arbitration. Representatives of the State street merchants, coal, ice, express, and other companies met yesterday to prepare plans to be submitted to a committee of the unions.

A year ago a teamsters' strike was unheard of. For some reason the labor leaders did not seem to appreciate the peculiar opportunities which the teamsters' employment gave them to enforce demands. Perhaps the ability of the employers to send to the country for drivers if they were determined not to give in acted as a preventive. The first time that the teamsters attracted attention was in connection with the strike in Boston of the freight handlers of the New York, New Haven and Hartford railroad. The coal teamsters in Chicago were the next to strike and then followed the walkout at the Stock-Yards and in State street. The employers announce that they are not combining to repress the teamsters, but to facilitate agreement as to wages and hours of work. The movement is voluntary on the part of the employers. If it is possible to provide for an amicable settlement of future difficulties, with any assurance that the settlement will be lasting, employers, employés, and the public may be grateful for the inconvenience and losses which resulted from the recent strikes.

EVADING RESPONSIBILITY.

The leaders of the House of Representatives are reported to be unanimously in favor of leaving to the President's discretion the advisability of laying a cable across the Pacific. Some Senators are inclined to charge the President with the selection of the canal route and to make the enforcement of the reduction on imports from Cuba dependent upon his opinion of the profits accruing to the sugar trust. Congress is showing an inclination to put on the President the responsibility which it should naturally bear. Although there are times when, for the sake of petty politics, it denies to the Chief Executive or the heads of departments the liberty of action which is essential to the proper performance of their duties. In time of war or in the settlement of problems arising therefrom in distant countries, it is necessary to depend upon the discretion of the executive or agents appointed by him to study conditions. No one will say that Congress did otherwise than well when it voted $50,000,000 "for national defense" and left William McKinley free to spend it as he saw fit. The Philippine insurrection could not have been stamped out and a civil government, suited to the needs of the Filipinos, have been established except by the executive. Congress was not conversant with the military necessities of the country at the outbreak of the war with Spain and it is still comparatively ignorant of conditions in the Philippine archipelago.

The cases of the canal and the cable are different. All the expert testimony which can serve as a guide to the President in the selection of Panama or Nicaragua is at the disposal of Congress. There is no phase of the cable question which the leaders of the House cannot investigate as well as Theodore Roosevelt. They ought to know as well as he what the sentiment of the people is. The House leaders are unwilling to take upon their own shoulders the burden of deciding the question and, therefore, propose to unload it on the already overtried President. The voters do not elect Representatives to have them abdicate in favor of the President, no matter how great may be the public confidence in his ability and integrity. They expect the House and Senate to provide for expert investigation of problems like that of the canal and the cable, and then after the evidence has been weighed in committee and on the floor to come to a decision and go before the country upon their record.

THE HOSPITAL HORROR.

It is not a difficult matter to locate the causes of the calamity which occurred at the hospital on Wabash avenue on Monday afternoon. They are as apparent as the dreadful consequences. The Woodruff Hotel building was built for a large family boarding-house and was not adapted in any way for hospital purposes. It is thirty years old and not fireproof in any sense of the word. Even when used as a hotel it was difficult for a stranger to find his way about it or get out of it, it is so cut up with small halls and passages. Even if it be true, as far as the Building Commissioner says, that as far as the building ordinances are concerned it complies with the law, it did not comply with the requirements of a hospital in any way, particularly of a hospital for the treatment of persons who are virtually insane and unable properly to take care of themselves in time of danger or of any sudden emergency.

In the face of such a condition of things the managers were allowed to run a hospital without a license or supervision of any kind. The health authorities were absolutely ignorant of what went on within its walls. Conceding that everything was properly conducted, even then it was grossly careless, if not criminally reckless, to allow an institution of such a nature, so insecurely housed and so remote from public or official scrutiny, to be carried on without official supervision.

It should have been at once apparent that a fire starting in the basement would shoot up through the elevator shaft and spread out in all directions over the top floor, as was the case at the Park Avenue Hotel, New York, in February last, and as has been the case often before. It should also have been apparent that in case of fire there was no easy means of egress from the upper floors of the building. To get to the fire escapes for the wretched unfortunates on that fifth floor was impossible. To leap from unbarred windows was fatal. And yet nearly all the patients in this nonfireproof hospital were on the fifth floor, the most of them behind barred windows, and there they were caught like rats in a trap and ten of them perished and scores were injured before help could get to them.

Such a calamity as this was needless and criminal. The investigation of it should be thorough and the responsibility fixed. The investigation cannot undo the mischief that has been done, but it may help to prevent similar horrors in the future by calling the attention of the Health and Building departments to the condition of other hospitals. It is the first duty of hospital managers to take every possible precaution to insure their patients against danger from fire, and that duty becomes all the more imperative when patients are in such a mental condition that they cannot help themselves. To place such patients on the fifth floor of a fire trap, lock them in their rooms, and bar the windows shows a disregard of the most ordinary precautions and an indifference which it is not harsh to call criminal.

THE TUNNEL GRANT.

The lively disagreement between members of the subcommittee of the Judiciary committee of the Council respecting the ordinance extending the rights of the Illinois Telegraph and Telephone company has had a salutary effect. There will be a deliberate, painstaking investigation of the matter. It is of so much importance that it deserves the full consideration it is to receive. The delay in action may be annoying to the persons interested in the company, who wish to push on with their work, but it is of more importance that rights of great value should not be granted without proper safeguards and adequate compensation.

One of the disputed questions is in regard to the compensation. This is a matter about which there may be an honest difference of opinion, for the receipts of the company are pure guesswork. There should be no effort to exact so much as to cripple the company, but the value of the privileges granted, in a growing city like this, presumably will warrant the largest rate of compensation which has been suggested, if not a higher rate. If there be a fear that the earnings will be small, the contingency may be guarded against by providing that the percentage of compensation shall be reduced if the gross earnings fall below a certain sum.

The requirement that the company shall not sell or assign its rights to the striking out of which exception is taken by some Aldermen, is a requirement of little value, as experience has proved. The control of the company cannot be prevented from passing from one set of people to another. The amendment deferring the time when the city shall have a right to terminate the grant and buy the property at a fair cash valuation, does not appear to be material, in view of the fact that it is not likely the city will have in less than fifteen years the money with which to pay for the property.

It is essential that the tunnels shall not interfere with the subways which probably will have to be constructed at some future day. Until it shall have been determined that there can be no such interference final action should not be taken. When that point has been authoritatively determined the other matters in controversy can be adjusted with ease in a manner which will be satisfactory to the Council and the public.

TOO MANY MINES AND TOO MANY MEN.

The anthracite coal strikers are becoming restless. It is more and more difficult for their leaders to control them. There has been less violence than on some previous occasions, but there has been enough to show that the theory of a "pacific strike" is not acceptable to the rank and file of the miners. They believe in the use of physical force. It is the argument they understand best. Already men have been mobbed because they chose to work. Probably there would have been more rioting if the coal companies had made an effort to continue operations. If they shall attempt to reopen their mines rioting on a grand scale will begin and will have to be put down. The strike probably will be a failure in that event, but the miners will try again a few years later.

A special correspondent of the New York Times, writing from Wilkesbarre, sees no escape from the vicious circle of strikes against conditions which are oppressive for many, violence which has to be suppressed by force, and the return of the men to work under the old conditions, until there shall be a radical reorganization of the coal trade. The correspondent contends that neither by arbitration nor by any other device can permanent peace be had while there is a labor congestion in the coal fields. For this congestion the operators are responsible. They believed it would be to their advantage to have labor competition which would depress wages permanently. It is said that there are in the anthracite field 180,000 laborers who cannot be given more than 175 days' work in the year. The result is poverty and discontent. Too many mines by one-third are operated, and there are in the anthracite field at least 60,000 more men than are needed. If the surplus laborers were out of the way it would be possible for the operators to give the miners at least 200 days' work in the year at a fair daily wage.

The views of the correspondent are interesting and they may be sound. It is doubtful whether they will meet with favor from operators, who prefer a congested labor market, which necessarily keeps down the wage scale.

FROM PATTON TO WILSON.

In connection with Dr. Patton's resignation from the Presidency of Princeton University there are two things of special interest.

First, the attitude of the public. This can be discovered in the attitude of the newspapers. It is likely that there was no important newspaper in the United States which did not give Dr. Patton's resignation a fair amount of space. Many people are talking about the growing separation between university life and ordinary life. As a matter of fact the growth is all the other way. The reception given by the newspapers to an event like this one at Princeton shows in which direction things are going. The university has made up its mind to keep in close touch with the people, and this resolution on its part is reflected in the eager interest with which the people demand information with regard to university affairs. Let a university get an endowment, let a professor say that James J. Hill is a greater man than Darwin, let a President resign, and the whole country pricks up its ears to learn what is happening. Few parts of our national life are more closely scrutinized or more carefully criticised and commended than our institutions of learning. Which is a hopeful sign of the times.

The second thing of special interest is one which has been much remarked upon lately, but which is again brought to one's attention by the choice of Dr. Patton's successor. Professor Woodrow Wilson is a layman. He has been an historian and a litterateur. The disappearance of Dr. Patton means that the ranks of the ministerial Presidents will be sadly depleted. There is now Hadley of Yale, who is a political economist; there is Eliot of Harvard, who used to be a mathematician and a chemist before he took to administering a university; there is Butler of Columbia, who was a student of philosophy and pedagogy; there is James of Northwestern, another political economist; there is Angell of Michigan, whose academic specialty was modern European literature; there is Northrop of Minnesota, a lawyer; there is Jordan of Leland Stanford, a zoölogist; there is Wheeler of California, a Grecian; there is Schurman of Cornell, a philosopher; there is Remsen of Johns Hopkins, a chemist; there is Hall of Clark, a psychologist; and so on.

All over the country the tendency toward lay Presidents is unmistakable. Faunce of Brown is a minister and Harper of Chicago used to be a professor of Hebrew in a theological seminary. These men are at present the most notable exceptions to a general rule. Dr. Patton was a college President of the old type. His theology was his forte. His career was watched closely by Chicago people since he was at one time a professor in what is now the McCormick Theological Seminary and afterwards pastor of the Jefferson Park Presbyterian Church. But Dr. Patton is gone and in his place comes Woodrow Wilson, author of "The State," "Congressional Government," and "Mere Literature," but ignorant, except in the general way, of the science of theology. The conduct of a university has come to be almost as serious a business enterprise as the conduct of a railway corporation. What is needed is executive ability, shrewdness, tact. In search of these qualities trustees seem to have preferred to choose laymen.

THE SENATORIAL APPORTIONMENT.

The constitutionality of the Senatorial apportionment act of 1901 is challenged. It is alleged that in the case of some districts the requirements of the constitution as to contiguity and compactness of territory and reasonable uniformity of population have been violated. It is alleged also that the constitutional provision that an apportionment shall be made every ten years has been disregarded in that the preceding apportionment having been made in 1893 there should not be another until 1903.

When the Republicans questioned the constitutionality of the apportionment of 1893 they presented to the courts instances of inequality in population and of a lack of contiguity and compactness in territory quite as glaring, to state it mildly, as any to which attention is now called. The courts declined to intervene. They held the Legislature had not exercised its discretion in such a manner as to invalidate its work.

The other point made against the new apportionment law is frivolous. The constitution says the State shall be apportioned every ten years, "beginning in 1871." The first year of each decade was selected because the General Assembly is in session then and the population figures of the new census are at hand. It is expedient that a new apportionment should be made as soon as the figures are available. An apportionment should have been made in 1891, but was not because the Republicans controlled one branch of the Legislature and the Democrats the other, and they could not agree. The failure to agree in 1891 did not necessitate the putting off the next apportionment to 1903, two years after the figures of the last census were available. The General Assembly of 1901 made the apportionment at the time prescribed by the constitution.

A DISGRACE TO ILLINOIS.

The damage done the negro school near Eldorado, Ill., is a disgrace to the State. The buildings have been injured, the crops destroyed, and the teachers and pupils driven in terror from the neighborhood on the eve of the commencement exercises. The Normal and Industrial Institute was organized along the lines of Tuskegee to instruct the negroes of this part of the country in trades and agriculture, and now the trustees of the institute are compelled to consider the advisability of moving away because in the State of Illinois it has not been protected from mob violence. It is time for the Governor of the State to investigate the situation in Eldorado, and if the school cannot carry on its work without interruption by violence to assemble such force as may be necessary to protect it. The miscreants who damaged the building should be arrested and punished.

In Southern communities negroes have been subjected often to barbarous treatment, but since the Kuklux days there has been no breaking-up of negro schools and driving away of their teachers. The Southern people appreciate the importance of a practical education for the colored people. They have a high opinion of the work carried on at Tuskegee. It would be impossible to raise a mob to break it up or break up any school like it. It is reserved for an Illinois mob to endeavor to prevent the education of black men in a way calculated to make them useful to themselves and to the community.

If an outrage like that at Eldorado is allowed to go unpunished it will be apparent that there are some sections of Illinois where the negro, honestly trying to better his condition, is exposed to worse treatment than if he were domiciled in any of the States south of the Ohio.

The park policemen find this is a busier season than they expected. They are up against the bicycle proposition again.

Don't make any mistake about the President's strenuous desire to end the coal strike.

In the case of Cuba it is not only a Plain Duty, but a Vital Need.

The Zion beard is now in its second week of growth and looks extremely rough and untidy.

The public will be disposed to tolerate a great deal in Sig. Felipe Buencamino if he will refrain from putting his grievances in magazine form.

Golf will be popular again, as soon as the links emerge from the lakes that cover them.

The new President of Princeton University is believed to entertain liberal views concerning the constitutional right of a State to secede, but that will make no difference in New Jersey.

It always causes unpleasantness when Aldermen begin to twit each other on facts.

When it comes to a shoulder shrugging contest our own Dramatist Gross, who can prove his direct descent from a distinguished Frenchman, may be able to give Dramatist Rostand several hard twists.

IN A MINOR KEY.

A Look Ahead.

Extracts from the news columns of the daily papers of July 5, 1902:

By the premature explosion of a giant firecracker Johnny Fletcher, aged 7, of No. 329 Pumpernickel street, lost three fingers of his right hand yesterday.

While celebrating July 4 Willie Dickon of 6184 Wallace street injured his right eye with a toy pistol, a portion of the explosive cap entering the ball. The surgeons removed the eye in order to save the boy's life.

Boys who were celebrating Independence day threw a lighted firecracker in front of a horse, causing a runaway, in which four little girls belonging to the family of George Walker, 695 Bomb street, were seriously injured, and one of them may die.

A premature explosion of fireworks at the dwelling of Hiram Akenside, 7207 Normal avenue, at 9 o'clock last evening, inflicted severe injuries upon several members of the family and set the house on fire, causing a loss of about $500. Fully insured.

Policemen are looking for a boy of the name of Louis Lunkenhead, who threw a cannon cracker into a group of children playing on the lawn at No. 3070 Wentworth avenue, painfully wounding Millie Dennett, a crippled child that could not run fast enough to get away.

A pistol bullet fired last night by some unknown person dangerously wounded Cornelius Wagstaff, an aged man residing at No. 4498 Vincennes avenue.

Boys playing with firecrackers in the alley in the rear of Brinkerhoff's feed store, West Fifty-seventh street, near Green, set fire to a barn, and four horses were burned to death.

Charley Hagadorn of No. 727 Hornspiker street lost a thumb and one eye by the bursting of a toy cannon while celebrating Independence day.

Tommy Trickett, a newsboy, was run over yesterday afternoon by a horse that had been frightened by the discharge of a cannon cracker. Both legs were broken. Taken to hospital.

A drunken young man fired a revolver into a crowd of merrymakers at a lawn party in Auburn Park last evening, inflicting a flesh wound in Miss Eugenia Wigswell's left arm. No arrests.

Still, Mayor Harrison, these things inculcate a spirit of patriotism in the youthful breast. Don't disturb the boys in their harmless way of celebrating our nation's birthday.

Circumventing a Trust.

"How much for this dressed chicken?" asked the customer, a resolute-looking man of middle age.

The butcher weighed the fowl, cut off the head and feet, and began to wrap it up.

"Seventy-five cents," he said.

"Well, I don't pay 75 cents for no chicken," said the other. "You can hang it back on the hook."

"Whereat he picked up the head and feet and threw them into his basket.

"You can sell the bird to some millionaire," he said, as he turned to go. "I'll take these. They'll keep me in chicken soup for two days."

Mark Twain So.

(With his own hands Dr. Samuel L. Clemens steered the St. Louis harbor boat, rechristened Mark Twain, up the Mississippi River today.—St. Louis press dispatch.)

There was cryin' and cursin', but Mark yelled out,
Over all the infernal roar:
"I'll hold her noxie agin the bank
Till the last galoot's ashore!"

Through the thick, black smoke of the harbor boat
Mark Twain's loud drawl was heard,
And they all had trust in his cussedness
And knowed he would keep his word.

But soon as they run the gang plank out
They hurried to git ashore,
For they knowed Ole Mark hadn't steered a boat
Fur forty years or more.

Didn't Seem to Be a Mistake.

"I wrote it 'story of a beefsteak,'" said the reporter fiercely, "and it went in this morning 'story of a beefsteal!'"

"I saw it," replied the head proofreader, "but it seemed to be an improvement on the copy and I let it go that way."

PERSONAL.

J. Pierpont Morgan is breaking down and needs a long rest. Mr. Morgan has been no laggard in his time.

King Edward is to visit Cork in the fall. Fortunately the sea is handy in case anything should be doing.

The Democrats are shouting at Senator Carmack to "come off." Carmack doesn't seem to understand, however.

David B. Hill is called a liar by the New York Liberal Democrats. Mr. Hill thinks his prospects much brighter than before.

When Senator Quay gets ready to shake the plum tree in Pennsylvania all doubts regarding the Gubernatorial nomination will disappear.

Senator Platt is running New York politics with habitual smoothness. He is the envy of every Democratic boss, but refuses to tell how it is done.

Senator Depew says President Roosevelt is entitled to another term because the people are of opinion he has made a good Chief Executive. Excellent reason.

Our Way the Best.

The King, he rideth out in state
And the assembled thousands wait
To see him pass; and some will say
In tones exceeding loud: "Hooray!"

The ordinary citizen
Doth board a street car now and then.
The only words he hears are these,
Repeated oft: "Step lively, please!"

But we who do not ride in state
Ourselves may much congratulate,
Since no one lingers 'round about
With bombs to decorate the route.
—Washington Star.

Characteristic Estate.

"The papers say the estate of the late Amos J. Cummings amounts to but $1,500."

"Evidently the fact that he was a Congressman couldn't draw him away from the born instincts of a newspaper man."—Cleveland Plain Dealer.

CUT THIS OUT AND PUT IT IN THE PORTFOLIO WITH THE PICTURE.

THE VERMILION FLYCATCHER.

Description of the Nature Study Picture Given Free with To-day's "Tribune."

The vermilion flycatcher (Pyrocephalus rubineus Mexicanus), which is the subject of the nature study given in THE TRIBUNE today, is the most beautiful of the American flycatcher family. The first part of its scientific name describes the most striking part of the bird's anatomy.

Pyrocephalus practically means fire-headed. The back of the bird in the main is fine dark brown, while the lower parts are vermilion. It has a full globular crest of whose striking color the nature study gives a full idea. The bird can raise this crest at will, and when it has lifted it at a little distance the head looks double its true size. The length of the vermilion flycatcher is six inches, its wing is three and one-quarter inches.

The habitat of the vermilion flycatcher is from southern Colorado and Arizona southward to Guatemala. It prefers the thickets near the water courses for its hunting ground and nesting place. Its habitat is spoken of as a hunting ground because the vermilion flycatcher is, in one sense, a bird of prey for it lives entirely upon insects which it captures on the wing. The bird will sit absolutely motionless for some minutes and then dart out a few feet, returning instantly to its perch. A sharp snap of the beak, distinctly heard at many yards' distance, tells of the object of the pyrocephalus' launch into the air. Some little winged creature has fallen a victim to the flycatcher's appetite.

During the mating season the male vermilion flycatcher has a sweet, twittering song. At times, when it is wooing its mate, it will take a short flight straight to the zenith and then poise in the air after the manner of the sparrow hawk. It builds its nest in a horizontal fork of a ratana tree, and at times in a mesquite. The nest is placed about six feet from the ground and externally is built of small twigs with a little softer material flatted together. The rim of the nest is almost always covered with lichens. The cavity is lined with horsehairs and in the absence of these the hairs of wild animals are used. The female deposits three creamy white eggs with a ring of large brown or lilac spots at the greater end.

The flycatcher family, of which, as has been said, the vermilion is probably the most beautiful member, is represented in the United States by the well-known kingbird, the phoebe, the wood pewee, the great crested flycatcher, the olive sided, the chebeck, and some others, though these are the better known. It would require a considerable stretch of the musical imagination to think of any of the flycatcher's notes, with the sole exception of those of the vermilion flycatcher, as being a song. The phoebe's note being associated in the Northern States with the return of spring has a sweetness from this association, but if heard later, when the thrushes are in tune, it would get scant attention. The kingbird's note is more of a cry than a song and the great crested flycatcher has a harsh scream to which he is fond of giving vent at almost all times. The wood pewee builds one of the most beautiful nests known to bird architecture. Its little home looks like a lichen cup and to some degree the house of the vermilion flycatcher resembles that of his sober-clad cousin bird.

LETTER OF MARQUISE DE FONTENOY

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M. BOURGEOIS, the French statesman who has just been elected to the Presidency of the Chamber of Deputies of Paris, an office which carries with it a salary of $20,000 a year, a magnificently furnished residence known as the "Petit Bourbon," besides all sorts of perquisites and allowances, was the principal French representative at the peace congress of The Hague, and is one of the most capable of French statesmen, having, in spite of his being only 50 years of age, repeatedly held the office of Premier and of Cabinet Minister. In between times he has taken the trouble to visit every capital of Europe, and there is not a single monarch in the old world with whom he is not on terms of personal acquaintance, and with whom he has not exchanged ideas. Indeed, no one entertains a higher regard for him than Emperor William, who has repeatedly received and entertained him at Berlin, while he is held in equally high esteem by the Czar, Emperor Francis Joseph, King Edward, and Victor Emmanuel.

Like the outgoing French Premier, Waldeck-Rousseau, he is a man of many accomplishments, one of which is a talent for sculpture. He studied the latter art under the direction of his old schoolmate, the sculptor Massoule, and has a studio of his own, and may be found there whenever he has a moment of leisure, arrayed in the long sort of smock affected by artists, and busily engaged in molding pieces of clay as deftly as he succeeded in molding the policy of his country when Prime Minister. He is likewise fond of bicycling, and may often be seen wheeling through the Bois de Boulogne with his son George.

The latter was some eight or ten years ago the object of a great scare to his father and of numerous sensational stories in the French and foreign press. It was at the time of the Panama scandal, when M. Bourgeois, being Minister of Justice, was intrusted with the task of directing the campaign against those guilty of corruption and bribery in connection with the affair. George was at school at Paris and was bullied and pestered to such a degree by his schoolmates about the matter that he finally ran away and was discovered ten days later at Marseilles, the newspapers meanwhile being filled with the most melodramatic rumors to the effect that he had been kidnaped by such people as Arton, Reinach, and others incriminated by the Panama disclosure, for the purpose of being held as a hostage to prevent his father from continuing his attacks on the gang.

President Loubet's recent visit to the court of Copenhagen reminds me of the funny mistake made by King Christian at the time of the election of the late Felix Faure to the Presidency of the French republic. The first message of congratulation received by Faure after his inauguration from any foreign sovereign was an autograph letter most happily worded from Queen Victoria, whose French was quite as classically correct as her German. The second message was from King Christian who, in conveying his congratulation and good wishes to France's new Chief Magistrate, recalled "the delightful evening" which his Majesty had enjoyed at the royal opera at Copenhagen when M. Faure had filled there the principal rôle in "Faust." The King only subsequently discovered that Felix Faure, the statesman, and Faure, the famous operatic star and singer, although bearers of the same name, were entirely different persons.

Prince Albert of Saxe-Altenberg, whose death has just taken place in Germany, is not, as has been stated in the cable dispatches, the next heir of the reigning Duke of Saxe-Altenberg, but his cousin. The next heir to the reigning Duke is his younger brother Moritz, a man near 70 years of age, who has long enjoyed the reputation of being the most utterly blasé man in Europe. Although in perfect physical condition, he has been in the habit of staying in bed for weeks together, not because he was ailing, but purely because, to use his own words, there was "nothing worth getting up for." Under the circumstances, it is possible that when his elder brother, the Duke dies, Moritz will abandon his right of succession to his only son, Ernest, on the ground that it would be "too much of a bore" to reign.

The late Prince Albert was for many years one of the most intimate friends of Emperor William and a conspicuous member of the court of Berlin, where the magnificent contralto voice of the Princess—a member of the Grand Ducal house of Mecklenburg-Strelitz, was greatly admired. But Prince Albert in some way quarreled with the Emperor, and, accordingly, closed his house in Berlin and withdrew to his country seat in Mecklenburg, where he has now breathed his last.

Among his friends and the members of his immediate circle were the Count and Countess Fritz Hohenau, who ever since the anonymous letter scandal which convulsed Berlin society some years ago have been making their home at Dresden, both the Count and Countess having been amongst those most cruelly treated by the letters in question. The Count seems to be unfortunate in this respect. For I find that five men have just been sentenced at Dresden to terms ranging from three to ten years in prison with hard labor for systematic attempts to blackmail him.

The Count is a relative of the Kaiser, being a son of the late Prince Albert of Prussia by the morganatic wife whom he wedded after divorcing the half-crazy Princess Marianne of the Netherlands.

The Countess Hohenau is a woman of rare beauty and chic, and was one of the first great ladies of Berlin to venture to ride astride of her horse in the Thier Garten, instead of on a sidesaddle.

The engagement of Baron Hans Wangenheim, first secretary of the German Embassy at Constantinople, to the lovely Baroness Johanna Spitzenberg serves to recall to mind the sensational duel in which the young diplomat figured a few years ago, and into which he was forced by the behavior of his first wife. The latter, by birth a Mlle. Lucia Aronfeld, after the divorce which followed the duel in question, married Count Waldemar Uexkull-Gyllenbandt, who was the adversary of her first husband in the combat in question.

Baron Hans Wangenheim was secretary of legation at Stuttgart at the time, and the duel took place with pistols at a distance of fifteen paces. Both principals received at the first fire wounds in the stomach, and both were believed at the time to be mortally wounded, the death of one of them being even announced. To the amazement, however, of the medical authorities they recovered from their injuries, and Baron Wangenheim, after having the circumstances of the case submitted to the Emperor by his chief, received the fullest kind of imperial approval, the Kaiser taking the ground that it would have been impossible for him as a man of honor and as an officer to do otherwise than fight with the man who had ruined his home.

Baron Wangenheim has two children, little girls, by his first marriage, and they remain with him. The mother of his children, daughter of the Würtemburg statesman Baron Varnbuller, was in her day one of the most famous beauties of the court of Stuttgart.

STAGE PEOPLE YOU DON'T SEE. . .

BEHOLD now how many and what different results a little thing will accomplish. A fat man in coiled white shirt sleeves, standing just beyond the right edge of the curtain, presses three electric buttons, one after the other, with his pudgy forefinger.

One of the buttons rings a bell up above in the electrician's gallery. The electrician, whose blue shirt is open at the neck—it is hot behind the scenes—throws three or four switches and all at once the auditorium lights flame out, the footlights blaze up, strip lights hanging in the scenery are lit, and bright spot lights, at each of which a man is stationed, begin to make circles of especial brilliancy in various places on the stage.

The second button pressed by the stage manager rings a bell down in the musicians' room under the stage and a dozen hot and perspiring men stop their grams of ponuchle, put on their coats, and climb up the stairs which lead to the orchestra pit. For answer a red electric bulb glows on the little shelf before the stage manager and he knows that order has been obeyed.

The third signal summons all the stage carpenters to stand by the pieces of scenery to which they are assigned in readiness for the quick change at the end of the first scene.

Meanwhile a tall youth in an evening coat that is far too long for him goes running down into the deep basements, where the supers dress, and up three or four or five flights of stairs by the dressing-rooms of the principals, wailing "Overture! Overture!" He is the call-boy, and it is his duty to sound the warning to every actor half an hour and fifteen minutes before the performance begins and also when the orchestra begins to play the overture.

Meanwhile the actors and actresses in

DRESSES THE ELECTRIC BUTTONS.

fashionable clothes and lacy summer costumes begin to gather in a crowd on the stage. Mingled with them are property men, clearers, grips, and carpenters, giving the last touch to some detail of the stage setting. The stage manager gives a final glance at the big clock. He notes the exact time on the blank schedule hanging on the wall before him, claps his hands, calls "Clear the stage," and all the people you don't see vanish into the wings.

But they work behind quite as hard as the actors are working before the scenes. A property man sets down a bottle of beer and two glasses in the wings, just where it can be found by the stage waiter, who will need it in five minutes. Nine stage carpenters are standing, each with a firm grasp on a certain piece of scenery. Other property men are placing a lot of furniture and made pieces in an orderly row behind the last set at the back of the stage so that they may move it all forward when the time comes without an instant's delay. High up in the fly gallery, fifty feet above the stage, nine husky men in overalls and shirt sleeves are pulling away at a long series of big ropes that run up as high as the rigging loft and down again over pulleys to the corners of various heavy pieces of scenery. Something like the ringing loft of a big church belfry is this fly loft, with its orderly rows of huge ropes and its men pulling and straining as they raise and lower heavy canvas ceilings, walls, and flies into position.

Presently an actor speaks the last line of the first scene. At the cue the stage manager presses some more electric buttons. Every light in the house, back and front, goes out for a moment and a light auxiliary

GATHER IN THE CARPENTER'S ROOM.

curtain drops down and cuts off the stage. Behind this curtain some dim lights are turned on. But even while it is still dark the fifty men who help to make the show a success, though they are never seen or heard, have jumped into their proper places and are hard at work. One gang pulls the old scenery out of the way and piles it up against the walls of the stage in certain defined places. Others rush forward, each man carrying a certain piece of new scenery to exactly its proper spot. The clearers carry away the old properties and the property men set in place everything that is needed for the second scene. The flymen have hauled up the old stuff out of sight and let down the new, and the electrician has rearranged his spot and strip lights. The stage manager claps his hands again, cries "Clear the stage," presses the buttons that turn on the lights and raises the curtain, and the second scene is on.

"We're a little slow today," he says, as he writes down the exact minute on his schedule—which is like a railroad time table. "It took us a minute and a half to make that change."

Now there are some fifteen minutes to pass before either property men or stage hands

A BREATH OF FRESH AIR.

will have anything to do, and they scatter to spend the leisure time in different ways.

Altogether, for the handling of an elaborate production, like "The Suburban," fifty-five stage hands and property men are required. The stage hands are under the direct command of the stage carpenter and his assistant. They are divided into carpenters and grips and flymen, there being eleven of the first class and nine of the second. There are two property men and ten cleaners, the duty of the latter being to clear away in a hurry what the property men have placed with care. Then there are an even dozen electricians, who have to look after all the many different electric and calcium lights, which are used in various scenes. Add the call boy, the stage door man, and half a dozen miscellaneous positions and it is easy to count up the company of fifty-five which the stage manager has under his command.

When there comes a wait which gives the stage hands a little leisure a crowd of them are likely to get together in the carpenter's room under the stage, where a game of faro, a first cousin of keno, or some other game is in operation. They pack the little room to suffocation and the excitement sometimes runs high, but the instant the stage manager's warning bell sounds everything is dropped and each man gets into position without delay. For delay is the one thing which can never be forgiven in a stage hand.

On hot afternoons and nights others of the stage workmen go out into the alley about the stage door when they get a minute's rest and get a breath of fresh air and other cooling refreshments. But always they are in sound of that warning bell.

Some rivalry exists between the property men and the stage carpenters, or at least the

STAND BY THE PIECES OF SCENERY.

line between them is closely drawn. Not for his life would a stage carpenter or grip lay his hand on any of the properties, even in an emergency, nor would a property man or clearer touch a piece of scenery, though it never were moved into place. The union rules and the pride of the profession both forbid such intermingling of functions.

Severe and unsparing critics of the speaking actors are these dumb and inanimate "artists" of the stage. Let a new star open for the first night and there will be unremitting and uncomplimentary things said about him and his work by the critics in shirt sleeves who look down from the flies or stand in the entrances to make sarcastic the newspaper may say the next morning sound like the sweetest flattery. They speak nobody. A great reputation will not cover faults to them. And at that many of them rarely if ever see a play from the front of the house. They look at bits of a thousand plays from between the wings and form their opinion from what they see.

Most of the responsibility for the stage effects rests upon the head carpenter and the property man. Every morning the stage carpenter has to make what is called a "set" of all the different pieces of scenery. That is, he has to arrange it all in its regular order in a great pile leaning against the wall so that the next piece wanted will always be next in the pile. On the outside of the pile stands the first piece needed in making the first change. On it in big letters are printed the words "Keep alive," which is stage talk for "Don't bury this piece under anything else."

If there is a matinée the stage carpenter has to make a second "pack" between the afternoon and evening performances.

The property man is charged with seeing that every little thing that is needed during the play is on hand and ready for instant use. Over them all reigns the stage manager. After each scene is set he casts a rapid and critical eye over it to see that everything is in exactly the right place and that carelessness has not marred any of the effects.

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BREATH OF FRESH AIR.

...anything to do, and they scatter ...the leisure time in different ways. ...er, for the handling of an elaborate ...n, like "The Suburban," fifty-five ...ds and property men are required. ...e hands are under the direct con... the stage carpenter and his assist... ...y are divided into carpenters and ...d flymen, there being eleven of the ...s and nine of the second. There are ...perty men and ten clearers, the duty ...tter being to clear away in a hurry ...e property men have placed with ...hen there are an even dozen elec... who have to look after all the many ... electric and calcium lights, which ... in various scenes. Add the call boy, ...e door man, and half a dozen minor ... and it is easy to count up the com... fifty-five which the stage manager ...r his command.
...there comes a wait which gives the ...nds a little leisure a crowd of them ...y to get together in the carpenter's ...der the stage, where a game of lotto, ...ousin of keno, or some other game is ...tion. They pack the little room to ...ion and the excitement sometimes ...gh, but the instant the stage man... warning bell sounds everything is ... and each man gets into position ... delay. For delay is the one thing ...an never be forgiven in a stage hand. ...afternoons and nights others of the ...workmen go out into the alley about ...e door when they get a 5 minute's rest ...a breath of fresh air and other cool... ...eshments. But always they are in ...of that warning bell.
...rivalry exists between the property ...d the stage carpenters, or at least the

...ID BY THE PIECES OF SCENERY.

...tween them is closely drawn. Not for ... would a stage carpenter or grip lay ...nd on any of the properties, even in an ...ency, nor would a property man or ... touch a piece of scenery, though it ...ere moved into place. The union ...and the pride of the profession both ... such intermingling of functions.

...re and unsparing critics of the speak... ...ctors are these dumb and invisible ...ts" of the stage. Let a new star go ...the first night and there will be enough ... and uncomplimentary things said ...him and his work by the critics in dirty ...sleeves who look down from the flies ...nd in the entrances to make anything ...wspaper may say the next morning ...like the sweetest flattery. They spare ...y. A great reputation will not cover ... to them. And at that many of them ... if ever see a play from the front of ...use. They look at bits of a thousand ...from between the wings and form their ...n from what they see.

...t of the responsibility for the stage ef... ...rests upon the head carpenter and the ...ty man. Every morning the stage car... ...has to make what is called a "pack" ...the different pieces of scenery. That ...has to arrange it all in its regular order ...reat pile leaning against the wall, so ...the next piece wanted will always be ...n the pile. On the outside of the pile ...the first piece needed in making the ...hange. On it in big letters are printed ...rds, "Keep alive," which is stage talk ...Don't bury this piece under anything

...here is a matinee the stage carpenter ...make a second "pack" between the ...noon and evening performances.
...property man is charged with seeing ...very little thing that is needed during ...day is on hand and ready for instant use. ...r them all reigns the stage manager. ...each scene is set he casts a rapid and ...al eye over it to see that everything ...exactly the right place and that care... ...ss has not marred any of the effects.

...Uexkull-Gyllenbandt, who was the ad... ...ry of her first husband in the combat in ...ion.
...on Hans Wangenheim was secretary ...ration at Stuttgart at the time, and the ...took place with pistols at a distance of ...paces. Both principals received at ...rst fire wounds in the stomach, and both ...believed at the time to be mortally ...ded, the death of one of them being even ...anced. To the amusement, however, ...e medical authorities they each of ...recovered from their injuries, and Baron ...Wangenheim, after having the circum... ...es of the case submitted to the Emperor ...is chief, received the fullest kind of ...ial approval. On the Kaiser taking the ...nd hat it would have been impossible ...im as a man of honor and as an officer ...otherwise than fight with the friend ...had ruined his home.
...ron Wangenheim has two children, ...girls, by his first marriage, and ...in with him. The mother of his fa... ...ter of the Würtemburg states... ...n Varnbuiler, was in her day one of ...famous beauties of the court of

INSANE MODEL RETURNS HOME.

Miss Wackerman, Whose Mind Was Wrecked by Criticism, Fails to Improve.

DOESN'T KNOW FRIENDS.

Aged Relative of Governor Odell Has Been Lost in New York a Week.

NEW YORK BUREAU CHICAGO TRIBUNE, New York, June 10.

Miss Wackerman's Mind Still Clouded.

Miss Helen Vanderbilt Wackerman, the young American woman who broke down under the strain of charges made against her by Professor Herkomer, the painter, while in London, arrived here today in the company of her mother, Mrs. John Vanderbilt Wackerman of Buffalo, and her uncle. When the steamship arrived Miss Wackerman was in her cabin, which was in the forward part of the vessel. She was under the care of a trained nurse and seemed to be unable to comprehend anything that was going on around her. She apparently could not utter a word, and her uncle, Dr. L. G. Smith, said that, as a matter of fact, she had not spoken for nine weeks.

Miss Wackerman's hair hung on her shoulders. She wore an old dressing sack, and, although her gown was not attractive, her face still retained much of the beauty that made famous artists admire her. When a caller asked to see her as the steamship came into the pier she arose and presented him with a picture of Emperor William. She did not attempt to utter a word. Dr. Smith, the girl's uncle, said:

"My niece is suffering from intense nervous trouble. Yet I have some hopes of curing her. I thought I saw a mark of improvement in her condition on the voyage over."

Mrs. Wackerman said: "When my daughter left Professor Herkomer's house she was extremely hysterical, but not insane. She began to worry about me, and sent me a message. I answered: 'Message soon. Mamma.' This cable dispatch was properly addressed, but never delivered. It was when she did not hear from me that she became insane. I intend to sue the persons responsible for the non-delivery of the message. I do not know what I will do about Professor Herkomer yet."

An order was handed down today by Judge Adams in the United States District Court, granting a temporary injunction against Edward E. Gwynne, a nephew of Mrs. Cornelius Vanderbilt, restraining him from disposing of certain properties held by him as executor, which, it was alleged, had been transferred by him to defraud his creditors.

Relative of Gov. Odell Is Lost.

Jacob D. Odell, 75 years old, a distant relative of Governor Odell, has been lost in this city since Thursday.

If there is reason to fear he has met with some serious mishap. The lost man had $700 in cash in his pockets when he came to the city from his farm near Harrison on the day of his disappearance. It is intended to spend this money on needed clothing and returns home on an early evening train. The fact that he was in perfect health and was possessed of remarkable energy of mind and body for one of his years only adds to the alarm of his friends. The old man went to a Sixth avenue department store, where he made some purchases amounting to $200, and there all trace of his movements is lost, though the goods he bought were delivered in due time.

Theodore A. Ross, for twenty-eight years Grand Secretary of the Sovereign Grand Lodge of the I. O. O. F., was found dead in bed at his home in East Orange today. Heart disease probably caused death. He was 78 years old.

Church and Office Building Combined.

The new Broadway Tabernacle, to be built at the northeast corner of Broadway and Fifty-seventh street, will be one of the most original ecclesiastical structures in America. It is to cost $650,000. A singular feature will be a comparatively low front on Broadway, rising toward the rear into what is practically a ten-story office building. The frontage on Broadway will be sixty feet. At the northwest corner will be a morning chapel, to seat about eighty persons. The front will have two towers eighty-two feet high. The auditorium, which occupies the corner of Broadway and Fifty-sixth street, will seat 1,500 persons. It will be lighted by a great window in the Broadway front, by rose windows at each transept, and by eight clearstory windows. There will be no columns to obstruct the view.

Under this main auditorium will be a lecture hall. It will seat 600 and have a stage for concerts and guilds. In the rear of this will be a banqueting room for 300 persons. Upon the main level, in the rear of the auditorium, it is proposed to locate Taylor Chapel, named after a recent pastor, and seating 200. Above Taylor Chapel and reached by passenger elevators will be the office building. The exterior of this building is so designed that it is in keeping with its surroundings, resembling a part of a church and not a skyscraper.

Bootblack Loses $40,000 on the Races.

Herman, the bootblack, was at the southeast corner of the City Hall today cleaning shoes. He has been playing the races, and has had a bit bashful client telling how much he won. "At the end of the East-ern season last fall," he said today, "I had cleaned up about $40,000. I made all this money in just about four months. Me Tammany friends in the City Hall gave me the straight things to bet, and I made money so fast that I had to put some fresh pockets in me duds.

"When I was making me killing plays on the tracks I didn't wear no different clothes than what I have on now, and that's the reason I never got touched. When the Tammany government went out my luck went out, too. One day at Aqueduct I lost over $20,000. After that I couldn't find nothin' but stiffs, and three days ago I was broke. I hadn't enough to buy a new shoeblacking outfit, and I went to the leader of me district and he gave me the money to buy this box and set of brushes."

Herman asked the reporter not to print his full name. He said his wife didn't know he had been "leading a double life."

Bankers' Combine Circular Is Explained.

Oakleigh Thorne, President of the North American Trust company, said today that no circular had been sent out by his own company advocating the formation of a combination of national banks by means of the chartering in New Jersey of a new corporation, under the title of the American Bankers' corporation, which should be a securities holding corporation.

"The whole scheme," said Mr. Thorne, "is merely a suggestion which was made by Silas D. Scudder, treasurer of the North American Trust company, in a personal letter which he sent to a friend of his who is a banker in Chicago. The North American Trust company knows nothing about and is not interested in any such scheme."

Treasurer S. D. Scudder of the company said at his home tonight that he had simply written a few personal letters to some of his friends in the West outlining a plan for a system of branch banks throughout the country, asking them what they thought of it. Mr. Scudder said also that the American Bankers' association was organized over a year ago, when a charter was taken out in New Jersey, more as a precaution for the future than any present purpose. He added that the North American Trust company was not in any way back of this action of his own.

Fleeing Fiance Is Caught as Ship Is Starting.

Just ten minutes before the steamship Moltke of the Hamburg-American line sailed from Hoboken this morning, a handsome young woman came running down the pier, crying: "Where is he? O, I must find him—where is he?" Detectives questioned her, and she told the story of the desertion of her fiancé, who was a passenger on the Moltke, and who had suddenly left the home of her parents, where he had been staying, while she had gone out of the house for a few minutes, and had taken with him all his belongings in a trunk and $40 of her money.

She refused to tell the officers her address, but said the name of her false sweetheart was Bruns and that she had traced him to the Moltke. While the officers were endeavoring to learn more of her story, she suddenly darted away from them, and, running up the gangplank, caught hold of a young man who was just about to board the ship, and, taking him by the collar with both hands, pulled him down the gangplank. Partly by coaxing and partly by physical force, she kept him on the pier until the gangplank had been pulled up. He looked defiantly at the liner backing out into the stream and then walked away with the woman.

Details of Shipbuilding Combine Are Given Out.

Details of the proposed consolidation of shipbuilding interests made public today show that the concern will be incorporated under the laws of New Jersey with a capital stock of $20,000,000, equally divided in common and preferred shares, and that the name will probably be the United States Shipbuilding company. The following concerns will be taken into the new company: Union iron works, San Francisco; Bath iron works, Bath, Me.; Hyde Windlass company, Bath, Me.; Crescent shipyard; Samuel L. Moore & Sons company, Elizabethport, N. J.; Eastern Shipbuilding company, New London, Conn.; Harlan & Hollingsworth company, Wilmington, Del.; Canda Manufacturing company, Cateret, N. J.

The directors will include: Charles J. Canda, Lewis Nixon, E. W. Hyde, Henry T. Scott, John S. Hyde, C. H. Hanscombe, Irving M. Scott, H. W. Gaus.

Contracts for construction on hand amount to $36,046,000. Net profits for the next eighteen months are estimated at $2,675,000, and during the next three years $6,675,000.

Havemeyer Denies Buying Sugar Beet Plants.

Henry O. Havemeyer, President of the sugar trust, today made vehement denial of the truth of a published report that his company had obtained a preponderating interest in the beet sugar industry in this country. He said: "It is not my intention to tell the public or the newspapers the business affairs of the company. That report about buying beet sugar interests was only printed in the hope of urging an avowal from me. All I will say is that any statement to the effect that the American Sugar Refining company has a preponderating interest in the beet sugar industry is utterly untrue."

"It is stated that you have purchased a controlling interest in five beet sugar factories in Michigan," was suggested.

"That's entirely untrue, too," Mr. Havemeyer replied.

Mrs. Kingdon's Gems Are Mysteriously Returned.

The jewels valued at $8,000 which were stolen from Mrs. Charles D. Kingdon, mother of Mrs. George Gould, in her room at the Waldorf-Astoria last week Tuesday morning, were returned in a peculiar manner this afternoon. Late in the afternoon a young man went to the home of Detective Sergeant Valley, at 41 West Ninety-eighth street, and rang the bell. Mrs. Valley had just returned from a shopping trip and was at the door. The boy handed her a package wrapped in plain brown paper with "Mrs. James F. Valley, 41 West Ninety-eighth street," written in ink on it. When Valley got home at 7 o'clock he opened the package. It contained a plain cardboard box big enough to hold a pound of candy. Inside were the jewels.

Actress Invades Fashionable District.

Miss Minnie Ashley, actress, has bought a residence at Great Neck, L. I., and will live there this summer and succeeding summers, whether her neighbors like it or not. She occupied the house two years ago during the hot weather. Miss Ashley did not succeed in renting the house last summer because some of her former neighbors circumvented her. But she has now acquired a title to the place and can laugh at those who two years ago called the Old Mile road "Soubrette Row" because several actresses lived there.

Mrs. Roosevelt Is on Her Way to Oyster Bay.

The government dispatch gunboat Dolphin, with Mrs. Roosevelt and the youngest children of the President on board, came into the harbor tonight from Washington, from which place the vessel departed yesterday afternoon. The Dolphin will stop here to enable Mrs. Roosevelt to do some shopping in the city, until some time tomorrow, when it will proceed up the Long Island Sound to Oyster Bay, where the President's family will spend the summer at their home.

PRESIDENT TO SEE CADETS.

Will Go to West Point Today to Be Present at the Annual Commencement Exercises.

West Point, N. Y., June 10.—The exercises here today were given over entirely to athletic sports. The first event was an exhibition drill of the first class in cavalry tactics. Then followed the field day competitions between the respective classes of cadets, concluding with a baseball game between the academy team and Yale. President Roosevelt will reach here at an early hour in the morning by special train. It is now arranged for the President to remain until Thursday, graduation day, when he will deliver the diplomas to the graduating class. Tonight the graduation hop was given in Memorial Hall. It was a brilliant social function.

Washington, D. C., June 10.—President Roosevelt and party, who are going to West Point to attend the centennial celebration, left here at midnight. The President will return to the city on Friday.

End of Long Signboard Fight.

The fight between the Gunning and Cusack companies for the use of a wall on the building at 636 North Clark street ended yesterday in a victory for the former. The painting out of each other's advertisements will now cease. The victory was in the form of a decree enjoining Cusack from prosecuting suits in justice courts. The dispute arose over a removal clause in the Gunning lease, which expired in October last.

NEW PROFESSOR IN ARMOUR INSTITUTE.

PROF. G. F. GEBHART.

George F. Gebhart, a graduate of the Boston School of Technology and for the last few years an instructor in the Armour Institute of Technology, has been elected to fill the chair of mechanical engineering in the Armour school. He will take charge of the department, which is one of the most important engineering branches in the institution, with the beginning of the next fall term. Professor C. V. Kerr, the former professor of mechanical engineering at Armour Institute, has resigned to leave the city. Much of the work in mechanical engineering will be carried on next year in the new shop building, which was erected by a special endowment from Mrs. P. D. Armour and J. Ogden Armour. The new building, which stands at the northwest corner of Thirty-third street and Armour avenue, will be ready for occupancy by next September.

GUILT SHOWN IN SCANDAL

MINNEAPOLIS OFFICIAL CONVICTED OF ACCEPTING A BRIBE.

Affair, Involving Mayor Ames and His Brother, the Chief of Police, Both of Whom Were Alleged to Have Been Patrons of the Accused Man, Deepens as a Result of the Trial—Specific Charge Is Receiving Money for the Protection of Gamblers.

Minneapolis, Minn., June 10.—[Special.]—Irwin A. Gardner, special police officer, receiving his instructions directly from Mayor Ames, is guilty of receiving a bribe of $500 from swindlers. The jury in the case that has stirred Minneapolis so decided this evening after the jury had been out three hours. Three ballots were taken.

Gardner is now in jail, the court fixing his bail at $10,000. An effort will be made to secure his release. His liberty would only last until a motion for a new trial can be heard. Gardner took the result calmly.

The county attorney announced that he would start the case of the State against Detective Christopher C. Norbeck at once, and that he intended to go right down the line with the members of the Police department who are accused of accepting bribes.

The result is a triumph, in a way, for "Billy" Edwards, Lincoln Crossman, and Charles Howard, three self-confessed swindlers and confidence men. It was the remarkable confession made by Edwards on the witness stand that convicted Gardner. He swore that Gardner agreed with him to secure freedom from arrest, for operating what are known as "big mitt" games, if Edwards and Crossman would put up $500, which was to go to Mayor Ames.

Edwards and Grossman testified further, however, that they paid Gardner $50 a week, and the same sum to Detective Norbeck, while they occasionally handed out $15 and $20 to Chief of Police Ames, who is also under indictment. Gardner is a son of the License Inspector, has been a medical student in the office of Mayor Ames, and has been convicted twice, once for selling liquor illegally and once for running a disorderly house.

The case is the first in the supreme effort that Minneapolis is making for a municipal housecleaning. The extreme penalty in Gardner's case is five years.

Gardner is lost sight of in the scandal that his conviction unfolds. He was the emanuensis of Mayor Ames, and the prosecution sought to show that such bribes as he accepted were taken with at least the connivance of executive members.

COLLEGE GRADUATES NAME CHOSEN FIELD OF LABOR.

Class at University of Chicago Answers Question Concerning Intentions of Members After Leaving School.

Seventy-seven young men who will graduate from the academic college at the University of Chicago have reported to the Faculty what they intended to do when they leave school. Sixty-three senior coeds have made a similar decision, while twelve young women and two men declare they "don't know."

The report of the chosen field of labor of the graduates of this spring quarter was made this morning by Dean Tuffts of the senior college before a meeting of upper classmen. Life work that the graduates will take up, as shown by the report, shows a range from the study of medicine, which will be pursued by eighteen young men, to the pursuit of "remaining at home," which five coeds name as their chosen labor. Out of a class of 150 students twelve young men declare they will go into business.

Following is a list of pursuits which the University of Chicago graduates expect to take up:

	Men.	Women.
Teaching	20	56
Medicine	18	0
Law	15	0
Business	12	0
Graduate study	4	2
Graduate study	4	0
Journalism	2	0
Ministry	2	0
Art	0	0
Architecture	1	0
Engineering	1	0
Music	0	0
At home	0	5
Undecided or unknown	2	12
Totals	79	80

The answers sent by the members of the graduating class to the question "What do you intend to do when you leave school?" caused Dean Tuffts to make some remarks on the curious workings of heredity.

Only two of the graduating class in this institution declare a determination to enter the ministry," declared Dean Tuffts. "Yet there are five ministers' sons who will take their diplomas. Six doctors' sons will follow their fathers into the study of medicine, and out of eight sons of lawyers in the class five of them intend to become attorneys. Seven teachers have children in the graduating class, and only two of them expect to teach. Apparently there are more of the sons of other professional and business men who wish to teach. Sixty-three students are children of business-men.

BUSINESS NOTICES.

"MISSOULA." Two New Collars. E. & W.

"TETONKA." E. & W.

BRIBE CHARGE IS PROVED.

ATTORNEY T. A. M'GARRY, GRAND RAPIDS, IS CONVICTED.

Defendant Accused of Giving Money to Former City Attorney Lant K. Salsbury in Connection with Attempt to Saddle a $4,000,000 Water Contract on the Municipality—Change of Venue Is Taken, but Proves of No Avail—Appeal to Be Taken.

Allegan, Mich., June 10.—[Special.]—Attorney Thomas A. McGarry of Grand Rapids was found guilty by a jury in the Allegan County Circuit Court today of bribing former City Attorney Lant K. Salsbury in the attempt to saddle a $4,000,000 contract upon the city for furnishing the city with a water supply from Lake Michigan. Salsbury stands convicted in the Superior Court of accepting the bribe, and he is now serving a two years' sentence in the Detroit House of correction for a violation of the United States banking laws, which was brought to light during the investigation of the water scandal.

Pending an appeal in the water case, Salsbury pleaded guilty in the federal court. The McGarry conviction is the third out of the five indictments found by the grand jury, H. A. Tayler, the Eastern capitalist who furnished the money to swing the water deal, having also been convicted and paid a fine of $2,000. Stilson MacLeod, formerly paying teller of the Old National Bank, now is serving time at Detroit for complicity with Salsbury in the bank offense. Gerritt Albers, a local attorney alleged to have attempted to bribe an Alderman, and Salisbury are the other two indicted parties. In view of MacLeod having made a complete confession of the water conspiracy and turned State's evidence, it is understood that the charge of conspiracy against him will not be pushed. The Albers case remains to be taken up for trial.

McGarry has fought every inch and delayed his trial several months by appeals to the Supreme Court. He finally succeeded in securing a change of venue, and the case has been on trial in the Allegan court for the last four weeks, with Judge Alfred Wolcott of the Kent Circuit Court presiding. Garman and Cameron, promoters of the water deal, as in the other cases, were the State's chief witnesses in the McGarry case. The main effort of the defense was to show that McGarry simply acted as attorney for Taylor.

Many anticipated a disagreement, some acquittal, but few expected a verdict of guilty within half an hour after the case went to the jury. A stay of forty-five days was granted and McGarry gave a new bond in the sum of $7,500.

SOFT WORDS IN BENHAM CASE.

Terms of Endearment and Advice as to "Pants" Mingle in Letters Read in Court.

Words of endearment, coupled with requests for money and suggestions about the cut of the clothing he should wear, were included in letters written by Mrs. Matilda Benham to her husband, Raymond S. Benham, that were read in Judge Brown's court yesterday morning during the hearing of the long-drawn-out divorce case.

"My heart aches for you," said Mrs. Benham in one letter, and in another she refers to her husband as "my own darling" and my "poor boy." Incidentally she states in one letter that he will "find the butcher bill inclosed."

"I wish, my dear, that you would get a pair of pants that would come somewhere near fitting you," said Mrs. Benham in another letter. She also suggested that if he expected to "get thinner" he had better wait before having the "pants" made.

"Please give Romie one bottle of sherry, one bottle of whisky, and $5," was the request in another letter read by Attorney Latimer. Romie is the son of Mrs. Benham by a former marriage.

Mr. Benham, the defendant, was recalled to the witness stand and interrogated about his finances. He said that he sold out his business to his daughter, Cora Benham, in 1900 and that four months later the corporation of Benham, Trumbull & Co. was formed. The consideration for the sale to his daughter, he said, was $20,000. His salary as manager of the concern at present is $1,800 a year.

Attorney Jenks tried to prove by the witness the amount of money he has spent during the trial of the present case, but was unable to learn any definite amount. He asked Benham if he had spent various sums ranging from $5,000 to $100,000, but the witness was unable to make any definite statement.

Some of the money he has spent during the trial, he said, was borrowed from his daughter and part was taken from his salary.

Mrs. Benham had her inning during the afternoon session of court. Dr. O. T. Shenick testified that he has been Mrs. Benham's physician since 1895 and that in his opinion she is entirely competent to have the custody of her child. He never knew that she drank intoxicating liquors, he said.

During the summer of 1895 Dr. Shenick said Mrs. Benham was not physically able, in his opinion, to take drives in the parks and to other places and to devote herself continually to amusement. It was alleged that during a portion of the summer of 1895 Mrs. Benham went riding frequently, sometimes with men other than her husband.

SUBWAY SCHEMES ARE MADE KNOWN

One Syndicate Has $35,000,000 Project; Another Revives Old Franchises.

OFFER TO SELL TO CITY.

First Plan Is Promoted by Hempstead Washburne and Other Capitalists.

Subway promotion reached its height yesterday when two combinations of interests, each apparently separate from the other, and neither identified with the Wheeler company so far as is known, entered the field of tunnel construction in Chicago.

The first of the syndicates proposes to go before the Council soon to ask for a franchise to build subways to an estimated cost of $35,000,000. Ex-Mayor Hempstead Washburne and W. A. Alexander are spokesmen for the syndicate. It is this project that was forecasted in THE TRIBUNE on Monday morning.

The second syndicate announces that it will claim rights under the half-forgotten "Bacon" ordinance of 1892; also under the ordinance of the Chicago Light, Heat, and Power company. This second project is more vague than the other.

Details of First Project.

The Washburne-Alexander project contemplates a subway to accommodate the present surface traction, the city water pipes, conduits for electric wires for municipal lighting, and all the gas and sewer pipes. Engineers are at work on the specifications and an ordinance will be drafted to be presented to the City Council within the next two weeks.

The plan involves the construction of between six and seven miles of tunnel from curb to curb at an estimated cost of $35,000,000. This sum, it is said, already has been promised by Chicago capitalists, who will subscribe the amount immediately upon the granting of a franchise. Although the promoters decline to reveal the names of any of the persons interested in the undertaking, it is said that no bank has contributed to the fund and that no outside capital has been solicited.

In addition to the down-town subway, the plans include the construction of a boulevarded subway connecting the North and South Sides and extending from Congress street and Michigan avenue to the extension of the Lake Shore drive at the foot of Ohio street.

The subway is designed not to interfere with the Illinois Telephone and Telegraph company tunnel, now in course of construction, as its depth will be only twenty-four feet. The subway is designed to be built under all of the important streets within the down-town loop or all that are necessary for the immediate needs.

The plans of the immediate future call for entrances to the subways at Harrison street on the south and at a point as close to the river banks as practicable on the North and West Sides. Ultimately the southern limits of the subway may be extended to Twelfth or Sixteenth streets.

Compensation for the City.

It is said by the promoters that the ordinance will be made to provide for ample compensation to the city and will contain a clause whereby the city will be granted the privilege of purchasing the subway at the end of ten years. As the city's bonded indebtedness cannot be increased at present, the promoters say the Council should be glad to entertain an ordinance "which amounts practically to a private loan to the city, drawing interest, and payable at the end of ten or fifteen years."

Eventually, it is planned, the subway is to extend under all the down-town streets, running north and south and east and west from the river to a point between Harrison and Twelfth or Sixteenth streets, and the lake and the river on the West.

According to the plan, Michigan and Wabash avenues, and State and Clark streets are to be the first to be tunneled of the north and south thoroughfares, while Washington, Adams, and Van Buren streets and possibly Lake and Harrison streets, will mark the route of the cross-subways.

The subway proper is to be twenty-four feet below the street level and is to extend from curb to curb, the roof of the subway forming the street. The tunnels are to be constructed entirely of steel and cement.

What Promoters Will Ask.

It is said that the plan is to be submitted to Mayor Harrison before it is presented to the City Council. The company will ask the right to rent the space in the subways for street car service, mail service, pneumatic delivery service, pipes for all purposes, conduits for electric lighting wires, and other utilities. All the utilities owned and operated by the city are to be given use of the tunnel without charge.

The ordinance is being drawn by S. S. Gregory. Although Mr. Gregory has not completed the clause providing for ultimate ownership, it is understood that it will provide that the city can purchase the tunnels at any time after the expiration of ten years by paying the cost of construction and a "fair builder's commission added for the construction." In the event of the city's disinclination or disability to buy the subways at the end of ten or fifteen years the same right is reserved to be exercised at any later period.

"We have not asked any favors, and do not intend to," said Mr. Alexander yesterday. "When this ordinance is presented every Alderman, every taxpayer, every man who rides down-town upon any public conveyance, will be interested in its passage."

Ex-Mayor Washburne said of the project: "This is a business proposition. Mr. Alexander and myself, and those associated with us, believe there is a fair profit to be made from the construction of such a subway system and the operation of it until such time as the city has secured the necessary legislation and finance to acquire and operate it.

"Our idea is to anticipate municipal ownership. If we get the necessary franchise we will build the tunnels with private capital, operate them for fifteen years, and have them perfected and ready for their acquisition by the city when the city is ready.

Old Franchises Revived.

The other subway project was made known during the day when L. Maxwell Lyon, a lawyer from Montreal, Ont., registered at the Grand Pacific Hotel and announced that he represented the owners of the old "Bacon" ordinance, who intended to put that almost forgotten franchise into use at once.

This measure, passed in 1892, gave to the "Chicago Steam Heating and Smoke Abating company," as the Bacon corporation was legally known, the right to do almost anything it wanted to under the streets of Chicago. There was a great deal of scandal when the ordinance was passed.

It was known to be a speculative franchise, but the hard times came on and nothing was done except to lay three miles of pipe from the Frazer & Chalmers works along Lake street, through which steam was sent at intervals, in order to comply with the provision of the ordinance, which required that amount of pipe to be down within two years of its passage. This pipe, it is contended, has kept the franchise alive.

Some years afterward Andrew Onderdonk was given credit for securing the passage of an ordinance granting the Chicago Light, Heat and Power company privileges much like those in the Bacon ordinance. It was announced afterwards this company had secured the Bacon franchise, but still no work was done.

Mayor Declines Committee Invitation.

Mayor Harrison announced during the day he would not sit with the Judiciary committee of the Council in considering the Illinois Telegraph and Telephone ordinance, and Corporation Counsel Walker said he would only act with it so far as it needed legal assistance.

Secretary Fisher of the Municipal Voters' league announced he was willing to sit with the committee.

THE Colorado SPECIAL

Leaves Chicago . . . 6:30 p. m.
Arrives Omaha . . . 7:00 a. m.
Arrives Denver . . . 8:00 p. m.

ONLY ONE NIGHT ON THE WAY.
Very low round trip rates every day.
This luxurious train provides the best of everything.
The booklet, "Colorado Illustrated," free at
Ticket Offices, 212 and 193 Clark Street.
TELEPHONE CENTRAL 721.
Chicago, Union Pacific & North-Western Line

ALUMNI RULE AT ILLINOIS

OLD GRADUATES OF THE STATE UNIVERSITY HONORED.

Day Is Set Apart for Their Entertainment—Annual Dinner, Reception, Reunion, and a Baseball Game Are on the Program—Every Class from the Founding of the Institution Thirty Years Ago Represented—Exercises at Princeton.

Urbana, Ill., June 10.—[Special.]—The annual alumni day at the University of Illinois brought out a large number of graduates this year. As this is the third decennial reunion of the institution the gathering was unusually representative. Every class from the first graduate from the institution was represented, and the present graduating class was given a good reception.

The morning was devoted to the annual business meeting, at which Professor Arthur Nathan Talbot of the class of 1881 was elected President of the Alumni association. Professor Talbot is at present professor of municipal and sanitary engineering at the university.

After the general reunion of the various classes the annual alumni address was given by Henry Mahan Beardsley of the class of 1879. His subject was "Civic Progress." The alumni dinner followed, and several hundred plates were laid for the old graduates.

Alumni in a Ball Game.

In the afternoon the annual alumni game of baseball was played and this evening the annual reception to the public was given in the new library building. All the literary societies and fraternities are holding open house to their old members this evening.

The Board of Trustees held their regular commencement meeting today, but did not take action on any faculty changes of importance. The regular routine business and recommendations of the President and deans were acted on. The board will meet the last of the month to take definite action on the important matters concerned with the close of the school year. The regular commencement exercises will be held tomorrow in the Armory Building, Governor Yates being the commencement orator.

Alumni Are Princeton's Guests.

Princeton, N. J., June 10.—[Special.]—More than a thousand graduates attended the annual meeting and dinner of the alumni association here this afternoon. James W. Alexander of New York, President of the Equitable Life Insurance company, presided. Speeches were delivered by President Patton and President-elect Wilson. The former thanked the alumni for the kind regard which they had always shown for his administration.

"I realize," he said, "that this university stands face to face with new problems of development, and I am in sympathy with my whole heart and with every element of my being with the action of the trustees, who have placed Woodrow Wilson in the leadership of Princeton University."

Professor Wilson responded extolling the services of President Patton to the university and declaring that the cordial handshake, the unmistakably genuine look of good will, and good wishes that have come to him since his election is to him the most blessed augury for the future. Among the other speakers was the Rev. Dr. William E. Hepburn, '32, of East Orange, who is the oldest living graduate. A gift of $25,000 by the class of '77 was announced. It will be devoted to paying the debt on the athletic field. In the afternoon Dr. and Mrs. Patton held a reception for the graduating class. Tomorrow the 155th commencement will be held in Alexander Hall.

CHICAGO GREAT WESTERN TRAIN WRECKED IN MISSOURI.

Cars Jump the Track Near St. Joseph, but Only One Man Is Injured—Fatalities in Georgia.

St. Joseph, Mo., June 10.—A Chicago Great Western passenger train, due here at noon, was today wrecked at Dean, a small station about seven miles north of the city.

Only one passenger was injured. He is Henry Vanderbaugh, a traveling man, with headquarters in New York City. The entire train, consisting of seven coaches, left the track and rolled down a twelve-foot embankment. Nearly every car was badly splintered.

The sleeping car was completely demolished, but not a single occupant was hurt.

Fatal Wreck Near Macon, Ga.

Macon, Ga., June 10.—The south-bound passenger train of the Southern railway, which left Atlanta at noon for Macon, collided with a north-bound freight train near Juliette, twenty-three miles north of Macon, this afternoon. The engineer and fireman of the passenger train were instantly killed and nineteen of the passengers injured.

The two trains met on a sharp curve while under full headway. The passengers saw the approaching freight and a panic developed. The shock of the collision was so great that seats were smashed into splinters. The engines and tenders were piled on each other.

It is said the cause of the collision was the irregularity of the timepiece of the engineer of the freight train.

Olympian Games Committee Named.

President Furber of the International Olympian Games has appointed as members of the subcommittee on Foreign Armies, of which Walter Fieldhouse is chairman, the following: Colonel E. G. Halle, Colonel Robert B. Fort, Captain H. J. Mellum, Lieutenant Emil C. Lusdeka. Superintendent Edwin C. Cooley has been appointed chairman of the Subcommittee on Public Schools.

GRAND OPERA-HOUSE.
Positively MONDAY, JUNE 16
FIRST NIGHT OF THE
WIZARD OF OZ
THE NEW $40,000 SPECTACLE — STAGED BY MR. JULIAN MITCHELL.
SEATS NOW ON SALE.
Prices—Lower floor, $1.50 & $1.00. Balcony, 75c. Gallery, 50c & 25c. Wed. Mat., Prices, 75c, 50c, 25c.

Harlem Jockey Club.
Six Races Each Day Beginning at 2:30 p. m.
Music by Bastra. Regular Admission $1.
Special Illinois Central Trains leave Randolph st. at 12:30, 1:00, 1:15 and 1:40 p.m., stopping at Van Buren, Park Row and Halsted-st. Special returning, first train after fifth race; others after last race.
Lake-st. Elevated leaving Clark and Lake sts., stopping at all loop stations, leaving Randolph st. at 12:40, 1:10, 1:25 and 1:50 p.m., Cicero-av. direct stop, at 12:40, 12:54, 1:01, 1:08, 1:15, 1:22, 1:30 and 2:11. Returning first train after fifth race stops at all stations; other trains after last race, stopping at Ashland-av. and Halsted-st.
Metropolitan L leaves La Salle and Van Buren sts. at 1:11, 1:41 and 1:31.
Twelfth-st. electric from Van Buren and State-sts. from 12:46 to 1:30 at about intervals. Madison st. cable to 40th-av., connecting with surface electric direct to track.
Fare on specials, round trip, 25 cents.

COLISEUM GARDENS
EVERY AFTERNOON AND EVENING. "JUST THE PLACE." PROMENADE AND "AFTER THEATER" CONCERTS.
SPLENDID CUISINE & REFRESHMENT SERVICE
MARCEL'S LIVING ART—All New Studies. Parros Troupe. Musical Reed Band. Ballerini's Dogs. Karyl's Myriophon.
GENERAL ADMISSION, 25 CENTS.

CHICAGO OPERA HOUSE
ONLY SUMMER THEATER IN CHICAGO.
CONTINUOUS VAUDEVILLE.
Boniface & Waltsinger. Carrie Scott. Ferguson & Mack. Eva Mudge. 2—Schuyler Sisters—3. Robert Eldridge. Andrews & Feld. The Kinodrome.
George W. Monroe. Hilda Thomas & Co. Dave Lewis. Berol & Berol. Billy Howard. Schaeffer & De Camp. Mons. Zano. Ping Pong Trio.
PRICES—10, 20, AND 30 CENTS.

DEARBORN
MA, WHAT'S A DARLING? FIND THE ANSWER IN THE STORKS
A Musical Fantasy.
Mat. Today. Lower Floor, 50c; Bal. 25c.

ILLINOIS MATINEE TODAY.
THE SENSATIONAL SUCCESS OF THE AGE.
FLORODORA
Most Brilliant, Tuneful and Lavish Production Ever Seen on the American Stage.

STUDEBAKER Ev'gs at 8:15. Sat. Mat., 2:15
PING PONG
Cast including W. C. FERGUSON, WILFRED CLARKE, CHAS. HEBURN, CHAS. CANFIELD, KARRA KENWYN, GRACE GRISWOLD
THE NEWEST COMEDY FAD
Begins Thursday, June 12.
Ev'gs, $1.50 to 25c; POPULAR MATS., $1 to 25c.

MASONIC TEMPLE
BANDA ROSSA.
Band programme changed every day.
Kara. Caron & Herbert. S. Nunziato.
Kaufmann Troupe. Nichols Sisters. Louise Dresser.

HENO REACHES CITY IN STYLE.

American Derby Favorite Travels in Special Car on "Limited."

RIDES IN PADDED STALL.

Three Other Horses Brought Along for Company—Stabled in Private Barn.

Heno, Clarence H. Mackay's much-talked-of Henry Young—Quiver colt, who is the ante-post favorite for the American Derby, reached the city yesterday morning in a palace car attached to the "limited" express from New York. It was the first time a horse ever had been allowed a car on this fast train, which makes the run in twenty-four hours, and the colt took the long journey quite as comfortably as any of the passengers.

Every precaution that a trainer's art could suggest, backed up by unlimited money, was employed that the crack colt which Mr. Mackay expects to land the blue ribbon event of the Western turf might reach the city in perfect condition for the final "preps" to be given under Trainer Hill's care.

Accordingly, Heno traveled in a style befitting the equine aristocrat that he is. The forward end of the car was marked off and formed an apartment larger than the average box stall. This was heavily padded on the sides to a height of six feet that the colt might not be bruised or injured by any sudden jerk of the train. He was not tied so as to prevent him from lying down, and, as a matter of fact, did lie down for several hours, something unusual for a horse when traveling. Then, that there might be no nervous strain on the high-priced thoroughbred, three stable mates were brought along just for company. They occupied three stalls at the other end of the car. The remaining space was occupied by the jack of a well appointed stable and by the attendants who made the trip in the car with Heno.

Special Barn for Heno.

Three-quarters of an hour after his arrival Heno was in his stall in the barn, at the rear of 6037 Drexel avenue, reserved exclusively for his use. Fifteen minutes later Trainer Hill arrived at the barn, more nervous than the colt, but pleased at the safe journey and arrival of his expensive charge.

Heno left New York at 7:45 a. m. on Monday, billed through by the Adams Express company, and reached Chicago about the same hour yesterday. The pride of the Mackay stable did not fret, worry, nor prance in his boxed-up palace a minute during the trip, and even went so far as to take a two-hour nap early yesterday morning.

The news that the great Heno had arrived spread quickly, and a large crowd of owners, trainers, and attendants gathered at the Washington Park railroad platform to get a "peep" at the Derby favorite. There was a little delay getting him out of the car, as Frankfort, his stable companion; Bob McLean, one of John Schorr's horses, a gray roadster, feed, and stable traps were first unloaded.

Colt Last to Leave Car.

When everything was cleared away Heno, with his legs heavily bandaged in white, was led forth looking spick and span. His sixteen hands and one inch, well muscled limbs, and his general formation made him look a formidable animal for any horse to beat.

When Trainer Hill arrived at the barn he said: "There he is," pointing to the colt. "I landed him safe and sound, which is half of the battle. Never in all my experience have I shipped or seen a horse shipped that was carried over a long journey as cleverly and without any tossing about as was that horse. I had his stall padded, thinking the sudden and unexpected shooting around curves would throw him up against the sides of his stall, but he never budged an inch, so to speak. Do I think he will win? Well, now, what do you suppose I brought him here for? I know the Derby is a hard race to win, and I believe Heno is the best of the Eastern lot that will start, but I am in the dark as to what I have got to beat the Westerners."

Garrison Mitchell, the colored assistant trainer; W. Pickering, a white second trainer; Garner Peterson, stable hand; and Harold Rohan, an exercise boy, came with Heno. Owner Mackay is expected here on Thursday of next week with a large party of New-Yorkers.

HENO, TRAINER HILL, AND SPECIAL CAR IN WHICH COLT TRAVELED.

INTERIOR OF HENO'S CAR.

TRAINER CHARLEY HILL.

HENO COMING FROM CAR.

M'CHESNEY A GAME COLT.

HILDRETH'S DERBY HOPE BEATEN, BUT MAKES FRIENDS.

Son of Macduff Tires at End of Mile and Sixteenth Journey, but Under the Whip Hangs On to Aladdin with Noteworthy Perseverance—Owner Is Well Satisfied with Result — Early Loses to Sidney C. Love in Dingdong Finish.

Sam Hildreth's McChesney, one of the choices in the future betting on the American Derby and generally regarded as the hope of the West in that event, made his first start as a 3-year-old in the fourth race at Harlem yesterday, a purse affair at a mile and a sixteenth. The colt was beaten a long neck by Aladdin, seasoned and ready for a hard race, but, though beaten, answered satisfactorily the question of Derby quality and incidentally displayed a gameness under punishment, which pleased his admirers more than a victory would have done.

When McChesney appeared on the track it was apparent he was high in flesh and likely to tire before the end of the journey. This view was reflected in the betting, the colt opening at 1 to 2 and receding to 11 to 10. Accordingly, when the son of Macduff began to stop shortly before the eighth post, after having raced Huzzah into the ground and securing a lead into the stretch, it occasioned no marked surprise. But when McChesney, already beaten by Aladdin, responded to the whip, which Winkfield wielded half the length of the stretch, and hung on to Bennett's colt, coming again after having once stopped, it brought only approbation from old turfmen. Had McChesney been other than the gamest of colts he would have been beaten several lengths. As it was, he lost in a close finish, although Coburn probably had something in reserve with Aladdin. It is a safe wager, however, that the winner never again will beat McChesney under similar weights and conditions.

Hildreth Pleased with Colt.

Owner Hildreth was as enthusiastic after the race as if the colt had won off by himself, as he appeared to be doing rounding the home bend. "Some people thought my colt would not be game," Mr. Hildreth said. "That's the limit of gameness for a colt who is short and beaten at the eighth post to come under the whip the way he did. I am more than satisfied. I will start the colt in the Clark Stakes on Saturday if the track remains the same, and this race will do him good. He did everything I expected of him."

McChesney's start was the feature of a day's sport marked by the victory of only one favorite. He was entered to carry 108 pounds, but shouldered five pounds overweight to secure Winkfield's services as a pilot, which gave him one pound the worst of it with Aladdin. Bragg, Huzzah, and Lou Woods also were in the race, but were regarded merely as "fillers."

Starter Dwyer was careful to get his field away well and tried twice before he finally dispatched the bunch of five. Huzzah raced out in the lead and Winkfield took McChesney after the leader, running lapped down the backstretch. On the far turn McChesney began to move up, and coming around the stretch bend had obtained the lead; which he increased to two lengths when straightened out into the stretch. He appeared to be winning easily, when lack of condition began to tell and Aladdin, who had been moving up with the favorite, made his run. The distance was soon cut down and Bennett's colt obtained a lead. Winkfield went to the bat. Still Aladdin gained until his margin was a short length. Then McChesney with noteworthy gameness came again and began to creep up until the distance at the end was only a neck. It was a great race and McChesney suffered nothing with critics by his defeat.

Harlem Summaries June 10.

Weather clear. Track fair.

First race, ¾ mile, purse $400, 2-year-olds:

Best.	Horse, weight, jockey.	St.	¼	½	Str.	Fin.
4-5	Aladdin, 107 (Coburn)	2	2	2	2½	1
11-10	McChesney, 106 (J. W'd)	1	1	1	1	2
20	Bragg, 107 (Otis)	3	3	3	3	3

Time, 1:16 3-5. Russel, 106 pounds (Hoar); Lou Woods, 103 (F. Graham), finished as named. Winner, George C. Bennett's b. c., by St. George—Merry Wise. Won with something left.

Fifth race, ¾ mile, purse $500, 2-year-olds:

Best.	Horse, weight, jockey.	St.	¼	½	Str.	Fin.
15-1	Sid. C. Love, 106 (Dumaine)	4	4	4	1½	1
1-2	Early, 108 (J. Winkfield)	1	2	2	2½	2
3-1	Miranda, 96 (W. Waldo)	3	3	3	3	3

Time, 1:06 4-5. High Commissioner, 104½ pounds (T. Knight), also ran. Winner, M. H. Tichenor & Co.'s ch. c., by Dr. Rice—Constance IV. Won driving hard.

Sixth race, 1 mile and 100 yards, purse $400, selling:

Best.	Horse, weight, jockey.	St.	¼	½	Str.	Fin.
3-1	Rasselas, 104 (T. Knight)	5	5	4	1	1
4-1	Birdie D., 97 (T. Dean)	4	4	5	2	2
40	John Doe, 96 (W. Waldo)	3	3	3	3	3

Time, :46 3-5. Baird, 110 pounds (Otis); Tyr Shean, 106 (Hoar); Edith, 106 (J. Mathews); Golden Scepter, 105 (J. O'Brien); Guy H., 106 (J. Winkfield); Marion Lynch, 106 (Prior); Anchor, 108 (Lyne); Alfred D., 106 (Sheehan); Decatur, 99 (E. A. Jones); Chemise, 103 (R. Brown), finished as named. Winner, T. J. O'Hern's b. c., by Pirate of Pensance—Black Eye. Won easily.

Harlem Entries.

Probabilities: Weather clear; track good.

First race, ¾ mile, 2-year-olds, maidens:	
Americano, b. c.	110
Emperor of Norfolk	110
—Atalanta II	113
Colonnade, ch. c., by Foneo—Lilly M.	113
Ontonagon, b. c., by Troubadour—Neckatie	113
The Counselor, ch. c., by Troubadour—Intrepid	113
Second race, ¾ mile:	
Gusto	100
Silver Fizz	100
Lief Prince	104
Rival Dare	104
Homage	104
Alene Abbott	103
Emma C.	101
Third race, 1¼ miles, over 5 hurdles, handicap:	
Helen Paxton	140
Farrell	140
Mase	134
David S.	134
Corrillo	134
Coley	130
Dissenter	130
Precursor	128
Fourth race, 4½ furlongs, 3-year-olds, fillies, the Petite Stakes, $1,500:	
Mary Lavana	118
Eva Russell	118
Navasota	118
Josette	115
Filly Deck	110
Fifth race, ¾ mile:	
Bard Burns	108
Ben Frost	108
Haidee	107
Wayward Boy	107
Mike Strauss	106
Reina De Cuba	103
Delia Ostrand	103
Sixth race, ¾ mile, handicap:	
†Gonfalon	108
Money Muss	103
Rose Tree	100
Headwater	100
Rabanta	100
Stuyve	100
Seventh race, 1¼ miles:	
Major Mansir	109
Satin Coat	106
Banish	106
Prairie Dog	104
Meropa	104
Declaimer	99
Ernest Parham	99
Frus	97
Cheroot	94
Mary Pine	94
Annu	94
Lucy Lockett	91
Dupage	91
Declaimer	99
Ernest Parham	99
Frus	97
Cheroot	94
Mary Pine	94
Annu	94
Lucy Lockett	91
Chickadee	91

†A. M. Linnell entry.

ALARD WINS LATONIA STAKE.

Hildreth Horse Takes Feature Event at a Mile from Good Field—Birkenruth in Saddle.

Cincinnati, O., June 10.—Alard, from the stable of S. C. Hildreth, shipped from Chicago for the occasion, won the Merchants' Stakes for 3-year-olds and upwards at Latonia today. Alard, entered for $600, was bid in for $500 by T. J. Gorman, owner of Jim Clark, but retained by Mr. Hildreth's agent. Weather fine, track fast.

First race, 6 furlongs—Juanetta, 98 pounds (J. Martin), 6 to 1, won; Atmore, 96 (J. Moore), 30 to 1, second; Sinner Simon, 109 (Beauchamp), 2 to 1, third. Time, 1:16.

Second race, 1 mile—Drumsond, 96 pounds (D. Gilmore), 4 to 1, won; Booster, 100 (Minder), 5 to 1, second; Colonel Anderson, 95 (J. Hicks), 50 to 1, third. Time, 1:43.

Third race, 5 furlongs—Joe Buckley, 101 pounds (Castro), 9 to 1, won; Lendin, 109 (R. Williams), 3 to 1, third. Time, 1:02.

Fourth race, Merchants' Stake, 1 mile—Alard, 105 pounds (Birkenruth), 11 to 5, won; Jim Clark, 104 (Beauchamp), 2 to 1, second; Alfred Vargrave, 106 (Troxler), 8 to 1, third. Time, 1:40¾.

Fifth race, 5 furlongs—Jack Bloan, and Jessie Jarboe also ran.

Fifth race, 5 furlongs—Watonka, 105 pounds (Troxler), 4 to 1, won; Flora Williamsby, 108 (Minder), 2 to 1, second; Deborah, 100 (R. Williams), 8 to 1, third. Time, 1:02¾.

Sixth race, 6 furlongs—Bride of Melrose, 106 pounds (J. Martin), 8 to 5, won; Bob Baker, 103 (Minder), 10 to 1, second; Ocones, 101 (J. Hicks), 12 to 1, third. Time, 1:15.

RACE RESULTS AT ST. LOUIS.

South Breeze Runs Well in the Feature Event—Two Favorites First Past Wire.

St. Louis, Mo., June 10.—South Breeze ran a brilliant race in the feature event at one mile and seventy yards at the Fair Grounds today, and won going away. Blue Mint and Cogswell were the only winning favorites. Weather clear; track fast. Summary:

First race, 6 furlongs—Blue Mint, 109 pounds [E. Matthews], 3 to 1, won; Nellie Woolf, 107 (Neill), 10 to 1, second; Florrie S., 100 [Bell], 10 to 1, third. Time, 1:16.

Second race, 7 furlongs, 2-year-olds—Grandshot, 107 pounds [Singleton], 8 to 5, won; An Revolt, 107 [Helgeson], 12 to 1, second; Adirondack, 110 [J. Ransch], 4 to 1, third. Time, 1:30¼.

Third race, steeplechase, 1½ miles—Pat My Boy, 139 pounds [J. Gilmore], 4 to 1, won; Buck Cadwell, 150 [A. Gormley], 10 to 1, second; Heathens, 127 [Sutherland], 20 to 1, third. Time, 3:00. Marshall broke down. Torreon and Choice fell.

Fourth race, 1 mile and 70 yards—South Breeze, 100 pounds [J. Ransch], 18 to 5, won; Lady Strathmore, 103 [Helgeson], 7 to 2, second; Pound, 100 [Donegan], 18 to 5, third. Time, 1:44¾.

Fifth race, 1 3-16 miles—Cogswell, 107 pounds [Dominick], 11 to 5, won; Gilbert, 108 [Bell], 8 to 1, second; Ignis, 111 [Dale], 20 to 1, third. Time, 2:04¾.

Sixth race, 1¼ miles — Terra Incognita, 109 pounds [Dale], 12 to 1, won; Eda Riley, 109 [Donegan], 8 to 5, second; Zaast, 105 [Watson], 5 to 1, third. Time, 2:34¾.

Former 'Gentleman Jockey' Suspended

[BY CABLE TO THE CHICAGO TRIBUNE.]

LONDON, June 10.—At the opening of the second spring meeting at Lingfield Park today J. Randall, the "gentleman jockey" who has since turned professional, was suspended after riding Mr. Frank Gardner's Racine, which finished second in the race for the maiden 3-year-old plate.

Featherstone Buys Hatasoo's Sister.

New York, June 10.—[Special.]—Before the races began at the Gravesend track today yearlings from the Adelbert and Ellerslie studs were sold in the paddock. The top figure was $5,000, which A. Featherstone gave for the black filly by imp. Albert—Hoodaa, a sister to that speedy filly, Hatasoo.

Vanderbilt's Horse Is Fourth.

[BY CABLE TO THE CHICAGO TRIBUNE.]

PARIS, June 10.—In the race for the Prix Chaton & Longchamps today William K. Vanderbilt's Le Ristral ran fourth.

Winner, J. D. Hoos & Co.'s b. f., by Tenny—Sly Nun. Won easily.

Fourth race, 1 1-16 miles, purse $600, 3-year-olds:

Best.	Horse, weight, jockey.	St.	¼	½	Str.	Fin.
6-5	Aladdin, 107 (Coburn)	1	1	1	1½	1
11-10	McChesney, 106 (J. W'd)	2	2	2	2	2
20	Bragg, 107 (Otis)	3	3	3	3	3

Time, 1:48 3-5. Russel, 106 pounds (Hoar); Lou Woods, 103 (F. Graham), finished as named. Winner, George C. Bennett's b. c., by St. George—Merry Wise. Won with something left.

Fifth race, ¾ mile, purse $500, 2-year-olds:

Best.	Horse, weight, jockey.	St.	¼	½	Str.	Fin.
15-1	Sid. C. Love, 106 (Dumaine)	4	4	4	1½	1
1-2	Early, 108 (J. Winkfield)	1	2	2	2½	2
3-1	Miranda, 96 (W. Waldo)	3	3	3	3	3

Time, 1:06 4-5. High Commissioner, 104½ pounds (T. Knight), also ran. Winner, M. H. Tichenor & Co.'s ch. c., by Dr. Rice—Constance IV. Won driving hard.

Sixth race, 1 mile and 100 yards, purse $400, selling:

Best.	Horse, weight, jockey.	St.	¼	½	Str.	Fin.
3-1	Rasselas, 104 (T. Knight)	5	5	4	1	1
4-1	Birdie D., 97 (T. Dean)	4	4	5	2	2
40	John Doe, 96 (W. Waldo)	3	3	3	3	3

Time, :46 3-5. Baird, 110 pounds (Otis); Tyr Shean, 106 (Hoar); Edith, 106 (J. Mathews); Golden Scepter, 105 (J. O'Brien); Guy H., 106 (J. Winkfield); Marion Lynch, 106 (Prior); Anchor, 108 (Lyne); Alfred D., 106 (Sheehan); Decatur, 99 (E. A. Jones); Chemise, 103 (R. Brown), finished as named. Winner, T. J. O'Hern's b. c., by Pirate of Pensance—Black Eye. Won easily.

Harlem Entries.

Probabilities: Weather clear; track good.

First race, ¾ mile, 2-year-olds, maidens:	
Americano, b. c.	110
Emperor of Norfolk	110
—Atalanta II	113
Colonnade, ch. c., by Foneo—Lilly M.	113
Ontonagon, b. c., by Troubadour—Neckatie	113
The Counselor, ch. c., by Troubadour—Intrepid	113
Second race, ¾ mile:	
Gusto	100
Silver Fizz	100
Lief Prince	104
Rival Dare	104
Homage	104
Alene Abbott	103
Emma C.	101
Third race, 1¼ miles, over 5 hurdles, handicap:	
Helen Paxton	140
Farrell	140
Mase	134
David S.	134
Corrillo	134
Coley	130
Dissenter	130
Precursor	128
Fourth race, 4½ furlongs, 3-year-olds, fillies, the Petite Stakes, $1,500:	
Mary Lavana	118
Eva Russell	118
Navasota	118
Josette	115
Filly Deck	110
Fifth race, ¾ mile:	
Bard Burns	108
Ben Frost	108
Haidee	107
Wayward Boy	107
Mike Strauss	106
Reina De Cuba	103
Delia Ostrand	103
Sixth race, ¾ mile, handicap:	
†Gonfalon	108
Money Muss	103
Rose Tree	100
Headwater	100
Rabanta	100
Stuyve	100
Seventh race, 1¼ miles:	
Major Mansir	109
Satin Coat	106
Banish	106
Prairie Dog	104
Meropa	104
Declaimer	99
Ernest Parham	99
Frus	97
Cheroot	94
Mary Pine	94
Annu	94
Lucy Lockett	91
Dupage	91

Harlem Track Notes.

Jockeys Winkfield and Coburn were fined $25 each for rough riding in the second race.

Alard, from Hildreth's stable, won the Merchants' Stake at Latonia yesterday. The owner had $1,000 placed in a local book, accepting ticker odds for his money. The ticker said 2 to 1.

Americano, Baldwin's fast 2-year-old, is entered in the first race today. The showy looking youngster will be opposed by Colonnade, another 2-year-old who is credited with time trials which almost stopped the railbirds' watches.

Trainer Poole of the Tichenor stable asked to have Sidney C. Love excused, as he said the colt was suffering from a cold and symptoms of influenza, which also affected Miracle II. and Foxy Kane. Secretary Nathanson asked a veterinary's certificate before presenting the matter to Judge Hamilton and the colt was started, defeating Early. The stable was reported to have bet on Early.

Red Robe Wins Canadian Derby.

Buffalo, N. Y., June 10.—George Hendrie's Patrician—Noblesse colt Red Robe won the Canadian Derby at Fort Erie this afternoon in a driving finish with Dubious. There were three starters. The track was heavy. Summary:

First race, 6 furlongs—Huntressa won, Zonne second. Time, 1:18¾.

Second race, 4½ furlongs—Stand Pat won, Au Fait second. Time, :59.

Third race, 1 mile—Radford won, Bean second. Time, 1:46¼.

Fourth race, Canadian Derby, 1¼ miles—Red Robe won, Dubious second. Maitle Spencer third. Time, 2:17¼.

Fifth race, ½ mile—Laura F. M. won, Lorina second. Time, :51¾.

Sixth race, steeplechase, short course—Verna K. won. Sauber second. Time, 3:11¾.

Jenkins Fails in Wrestling Pent.

Cleveland, O., June 10.—Tom Jenkins undertook too great a task tonight when he tried to throw Dan McLeod of Hamilton, Ont., twice within ninety minutes of actual wrestling time. Jenkins was able to secure but one fall, and that took up fifty-three minutes of his allotted time. After a rest the men again went on the mat, and McLeod stood the big Cleveland wrestler off until time had expired.

Champion Breaks a Record.

Baltimore, Md., June 10.—Albert Champion clipped two-fifths of a second off the ten-mile motor-paced bicycle record at the Coliseum track tonight. He won easily from George Leander in straight heats. Time, 14:57 4-5 and 14:47. Freeman's best time for the distance was 14:47 2-5, made on the same track last week.

HERMIS IS ON THE WAY.

ZIEGLER'S DERBY CANDIDATE IS EXPECTED HERE TODAY.

Trainer Hughes Leaves New York with 3-Year-Old and Five Youngsters, Which Will Be Quartered at Hawthorne—Developments Reduce Number of Possible Starters in Washington Park Classic—Old England and Homestead May Not Come West.

[BY T. J. GALLAGHER.]

New York, June 10.—Barring accident, Hermis, H. M. Ziegler's American Derby candidate, will be in Chicago tomorrow morning. He left here this morning at 8 o'clock on a fast Pennsylvania train. Charlie Hughes took five 2-year-olds along with the 3-year-old and expects to quarter the lot at Hawthorne.

Today's developments reduced the probable Eastern horses to start in the Derby to a small number. With the exception of Arsenal, which will be shipped on June 18, not even one more thoroughbred can be said to be reasonably certain to follow Heno and Hermis. Green Morris today corrected the statement that Old England is not engaged in the Tidal Stakes, to be run at Sheepshead Bay the same day the Derby will be decided at Washington Park. Sombrero and Cunard are not in the Tidal, but both Old England and Homestead are.

Sombrero is not doing well, and Cunard, with 117 pounds up, performed today in the second race, at a mile and a sixteenth, in a manner that displayed little Derby quality.

Tom Healy, who trains Dixieline, says it is settled that R. T. Wilson Jr.'s candidate will not go West. It is understood that Dixieline will be among the contestants for the Tidal Stakes.

Oom Paul, as a Derby contestant, is a remote possibility. He has been given a rough deal since the training season opened, and is classed as "knocked out." Within two weeks he has had three different trainers, having been taken from Howard Williams and placed in Billy Hueston's charge and subsequently transferred to the care of E. L. Graves. But it is not a certainty he will not be sent to Chicago. He has a few valuable engagements, and if his owner, Jacob Worth, takes a notion the game little gelding will have to make the trip.

John E. Madden advises his friends not to consider Pentecost out of the American Derby and says: "He will start in the Suburban and if he runs a good race there will be plenty of time to ship him to Chicago before Derby Day."

Notes of the Derby Candidates.

Hano, who arrived yesterday, will be given three workouts before the Derby, according to Trainer Hill. These will take place tomorrow, Sunday, and next Tuesday. After that Heno will be given just enough exercise to keep in shape.

Sam Hildreth, who lost one of his Derby strings, Lucien Appleby, through the claiming clause in the Riverside Selling Stakes yesterday, bought back the colt at private sale. The show looking youngster will be opposed by Colonnade, another 2-year-old who is credited with time trials which almost stopped the railbirds' watches.

Trainer Poole of the Tichenor stable asked to have Sidney C. Love excused, as he said the colt was suffering from a cold and symptoms of influenza, which also affected Miracle II. and Foxy Kane. Secretary Nathanson asked a veterinary's certificate before presenting the matter to Judge Hamilton and the colt was started, defeating Early. The stable was reported to have bet on Early.

New Fight Arena at 'Frisco.

San Francisco, Cal., June 10.—[Special.]—Manager Greggains of San Francisco Athletic club today let a contract for a pavilion in which to hold the Fitzsimmons-Jeffries fight that will seat 15,000 people comfortably. It will be on Valencia street, directly opposite Woodward's pavilion. Greggains said the cost of building would be less than the rental of Mechanics' pavilion, used for all previous championship fights.

College Boxers Go to England.

New Haven, Conn., June 10.—[Special.]—It was stated tonight that Fred A. Wenck of Chicago, a senior in Yale law school, and two other Yale men sail tomorrow, with three Harvard men, for Europe to make up the Yale-Harvard team of boxers who will meet teams from Oxford and Cambridge during the athletic tournament of coronation week.

Fail to Fight at Savannah.

Savannah, Ga., June 10.—[Special.]—The Savannah Athletic club scored its first failure to pull off an advertised fight tonight. Fred Douglas of Savannah was to have met Jim McLaughlin of New York in a twenty-round contest. The house was so small McLaughlin refused to fight.

Supples Wins from Simms.

Buffalo, N. Y., June 10.—Curley Supples of this city won a close decision from Art Simms of Akron, O., after twenty rounds of boxing before the Fort Erie club tonight.

Brown Defeats Hale at Foley's.

In the balk line billiard tournament at Foley's last night Brown [210] defeated Hale [140] by a score of 210 to 100. Harris [210] and Miller [150] play tonight.

THREE STRAIGHT FROM SENATORS.

White Sox Take Final Game of Series by Close Score of 4 to 3.

WIN IN NINTH INNING.

Mertes Opens with Single, Takes Two Bases on Sacrifice, and Scores on Hit.

Standing of the Clubs.

AMERICAN LEAGUE.	W.	L.	Pct.	NATIONAL LEAGUE.	W.	L.	Pct.
Chicago	29	16	.605	Pittsburg	33	9	.786
Philadelphia	22	17	.564	Chicago	28	17	.675
Boston	23	18	.561	Brooklyn	24	17	.585
St. Louis	19	19	.500	New York	16	20	.455
Detroit	19	19	.500	Philadelphia	16	24	.444
Baltimore	17	22	.436	Boston	15	25	.429
Washington	13	28	.317	St. Louis	13	26	.419
Cleveland	16	26	.381	Cincinnati	10	29	.581

AMERICAN ASS'N.	W.	L.	Pct.	WESTERN LEAGUE.	W.	L.	Pct.
Columbus	26	17	.622	Kansas City	31	11	.738
Louisville	26	18	.619	Omaha	28	14	.667
Indianapolis	24	15	.616	Denver	20	14	.630
St. Paul	25	16	.610	St. Joseph	21	21	.500
Kansas City	20	21	.488	Milwaukee	15	22	.405
Milwaukee	17	24	.415	Colo. Sp'gs.	10	24	.400
Minneapolis	15	25	.375	Des Moines	14	28	.333
Toledo	9	30	.231	Peoria	11	28	.282

THREE-EYE LEAGUE.

	W.	L.	Pct.		W.	L.	Pct.
Rockford	24	14	.632	Davenport	19	18	.513
Terre Haute	22	16	.579	Decatur	14	17	.452
Evansville	21	16	.525	Bloomington	17	21	.447
Rock Island	18	17	.518	Cedar Rapids	15	20	.429

Yesterday's Results.

AMERICAN LEAGUE.

Chicago, 4; Washington, 3.
Cleveland, 10; Baltimore, 7.
Detroit, 8; Philadelphia, 4.
Boston, 8; St. Louis, 4.

NATIONAL LEAGUE.

Brooklyn, 5; Pittsburg, 4.
Cincinnati, 10; Philadelphia, 1.
St. Louis, 8; New York, 2.

AMERICAN ASSOCIATION.

Milwaukee, 9; St. Paul, 5.
Minneapolis, 12; Kansas City, 11.
Indianapolis, 6; Columbus, 5.
Louisville, 11; Toledo, 8.

WESTERN LEAGUE.

Milwaukee, 6; Peoria, 3.
St. Joseph, 2; Kansas City, 1.
Omaha, 3; Des Moines, 2.
Denver, 7; Colorado Springs, 4.

THREE-EYE LEAGUE.

Terre Haute, 7; Evansville, 0.
Davenport, 21; Rockford, 8.
Decatur, 5; Bloomington, 1.
Rock Island, 7; Cedar Rapids, 4.

Games Today.

AMERICAN LEAGUE.

Boston at Chicago.
Philadelphia at Cleveland.
Washington at St. Louis.
Baltimore at Detroit.

NATIONAL LEAGUE.

Chicago at Boston.
Pittsburg at Brooklyn.
Cincinnati at Philadelphia.
St. Louis at New York.

Comiskey's Champions made it three straight from Washington at the South Side grounds yesterday by winning an interesting contest by a score of 4 to 3.

The raw, cold weather held down the attendance, but did not affect the playing of either team, for in the entire nine innings there was not the semblance of an error. The game was no cinch for the White Stockings at any stage, and in the early innings it looked as if Loftus' sluggers might carry away a victory and spoil Comiskey's hopes for the series. But they didn't succeed, for the all-star aggregation finally won out in the last inning by one run.

Manager Griffith, presented his elongated twirler, Virgil Garvin, for the sluggers to pound, but if there was any pounding to be done it did not materialize, for the "Navasota tarantula" was in good form and wound his favorite benders and curves around the visitors' bats with effect. The Senators hit the ball often enough, however, and hard enough for that matter, but there was always somebody waiting in just about the right spot. Garvin as usual had one bad inning, as did Patten, who opposed him on the slab. That was the second, and when the Senators had finished they were three runs to the good, as the result of a pair of bingles and Clarke's home run into the bleachers. Patten received his bumps in the fourth whereby the White Stockings climbed up to even terms.

Loftus' men were the first to score, when in the second inning they opened a gap of three runs. Not until the fourth did the home team make a run, and in that round the score was evened up. After Green had succumbed, Davis singled and Mertes was awarded a pass for his patience. Isbell poked out a nice double, on which Davis and Mertes rode home, and when Daly followed with a bingle "Liza" reached the counting station.

After this and until the ninth neither side was able to place the ball in safe territory. Then Mertes opened with a single and Isbell sacrificed down the third base line. Wolverton came in after the ball, scooped it cleanly, and threw to Carey. Meanwhile Mertes was tearing past second and never stopped running until he was within sliding distance of third, where he hit the dirt, reaching the bag barely ahead of the ball. There was nothing to it after that, for Daly's bingle which followed completed the story: Score:

CHICAGO.

	AB	R	BH	TB	PO	A	E	BB	SH	SB
Strang, 3b	4	0	2	2	2	3	0	0	0	0
Jones, cf	3	0	0	0	1	0	0	0	0	0
Green, rf	3	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Davis, ss	4	1	1	1	1	2	0	1	0	0
Mertes, lf	4	1	1	1	2	0	0	1	0	0
Isbell, 1b	3	1	1	2	11	0	0	0	1	0
Daly, 2b	4	0	1	1	2	3	0	0	0	0
Sullivan, c	3	0	0	0	3	0	0	0	0	0
Garvin, p	3	0	0	0	0	3	0	0	0	0
Totals	31	3	6	7	24	11	0	2	1	0

WASHINGTON.

	AB	R	BH	TB	PO	A	E	BB	SH	SB
Ryan, cf	4	0	1	1	1	0	0	0	0	0
Wolverton, 3b	4	0	0	0	1	5	0	0	0	0
Delehanty, lf	4	0	1	1	2	0	0	0	0	0
Keister, 2b	4	0	0	0	2	3	0	0	0	0
Coughlin, ss	3	0	0	0	2	4	0	0	0	0
Carey, 1b	4	1	2	2	12	0	0	0	0	0
Lee, rf	4	0	0	0	2	0	0	0	0	0
Clarke, c	3	1	1	4	5	0	0	1	0	0
Patten, p	3	1	1	1	0	2	0	0	0	0
Totals	31	3	6	9	25	15	0	1	0	0

*One out when winning run scored.

Chicago	0	0	2	1	0	0	0	1	0
Hits	0	0	1	2	0	0	0	1	0
Washington	0	0	3	0	0	0	0	0	0
Hits	0	0	2	1	0	0	0	0	0

Two-base hit—Isbell. Home run—Clarke. Struck out—By Patten, Jones, Green, Garvin, 2. Left on bases—Chicago, 4; Washington, 7. Double plays—Strang-Daly-Isbell; Clarke-Coughlin. Time of game—1:35. Umpire—Caruthers. Attendance—2,250.

Notes of the Game.

Boston is next.

Green was a busy man out in right field and corralled five flies.

Isbell was at bat in the third inning, and had two strikes called Strang started to steal second. Jones made a swipe at the ball, missed it, and Clarke threw to second, nailing Strang.

Strang and Coughlin made good catches, which were repetitions of their performances yesterday. Strang pocketed a foul over against the stand, while Coughlin speared a liner with his ungloved hand.

A funny play occurred in the third inning while Delehanty was at bat. Del hit one of those grass cutters down towards first base. Isbell made a dive for the ball, but it was going so fast that it caromed off his hands, and went over near the bleachers. "Liza" picked himself up and chased after it. Meanwhile, Delehanty had turned first, but while between the two bags stumbled and fell. He wisely had time to get back to the initial bag before Isbell returned the ball to Garvin, who was covering.

Yale, 15; West Point, 4.

West Point, N. Y., June 10.—The Military Academy baseball team played the Yale University nine here today and was defe

G AND QUEEN SEE POLO GAME.

icans Take Part in Prac ce Contest to Please Royalty.

ENTED TO EDWARD.

English Team WinsMatch, Goals to Five—Score Four Times Tied.

TABLE TO THE CHICAGO TRIBUNE.)
ON, June 10.—The King and Queen anied by the Princess Victoria and ncess Charles of Denmark, drove to h today to witness the exhibition merican polo team. The Americans efeated by a scratch team of local by a score of 6 goals to 5.
ame was the result of an intimation e King and Queen would like to see ericans play. The King was particu- terested in the performance of Law- Waterbury, whose playing has become of the English polo world.
is stood out of the American team and placed by Monty Waterbury. The team comprised Rawlinson, Gill, obson, and Captain Jenner. The was sticky, but the play nevertheless d brilliant. The game was well con- and exciting. The score was level four Their Majesties displayed much in- throughout. After the game Mr. secretary of the American Embassy, ced the Americans to the King, who hands with them and complimented pon their skill. The Earl of Shrews- subsequently met Agassiz and Law- Waterbury and shook hands with thus closing the incident arising from of spurs by Lawrence Waterbury in ent international game, which led the make a complaint against him. The h club dined the Americans this

RITES WIN AT GRAVESEND.

Choices Take Five Events—Plater Beats Sergeant in the Han- over Stakes.

York, June 10. — [Special.] — Public was much in evidence at the Gravesend ack today when the best backed horses traight through the program, five of nners being actual post favorites.

Brooklyn Summaries June 10.

er clear; track fast.
race, about ⅝ mile. $1,000 added, 2-year- dicap:
orse, weight, jockey. St. ¼ ⅝ Str. Fr.
ustus, 123 (Odom)..... 2 2 1½ 1½
hitechapel, 119 (Creamer). 6 4½ 2½ 2½
esson st., 122 (Brennan). 1 1½ 3½ 3
1:11 1-5. Tantalus, Sup., 114 pounds
; Prediction, 118 (Shaw); Bobbtail, 102 ; Sun Gold, 103 (Michaels); Briers, ; Her Letter, 115 (Wonderly); Prince gan, 124 (Newmeyer). Finished as named. W. Schorr's b. c., by Top Gallant- ily. Won handily.
race, about 1 1-16 miles, $1,000 added, 3-year- dicap:
orse, weight, jockey. St. ¼ ⅝ Str. Fr.
ying Buttes, 111 (Odom). 2 2 2½ 1½
mart Set, 115 (Landry)... 5 4½ 3½ 2½
ymoral, 106 (O'Connor)... 3 3 1½ 3
1:47 4-5. Consard, 4 (6) pounds (Bullman) es, 100 (Redfern); Trump, 100 (D. O'Con- nished as named. Gold Cure, 116 (Daly), ed at post. Won by Mrs. E. D. Wilson's y Montana—Belle of Butte. Won driving
race, ⅝ mile, 2-year-olds, selling, the ld. $1,200 added:
orse, weight, jockey. St. ¼ ⅝ Str. Fr.
ster, 103 (Michaels)..... 3 ½ ½ ½
ar of Comedy, 107 (Conley). 1 2½ 2½ 2½
ner Wayne, 92 (Creamer). 8 3½ 1½ 3½
1:01. Pitzbrillar, 100 pounds (Wonderly) ; Sunheart, 107 (Gochnar); Tuscarora, 107 ; Hackensack, 106 (Brennan); Oil in the h (Odom); Nevermore, 92 (Shea); Jocose, 98 (Hildebrand); Dorsey Divers, 98 (Mar- son, 107 (Bullman), finished as named. Mr. L. Ate's b. c., by Henry of Navarre— on Irving.
race, about 2 miles, $800 added, handicap:
orse, weight, jockey. St. ¼ ½ Str. Fr.
adamus, 98 (Barry)..... 10 7½ 11 11
Hardy, 112 (J. Hewett). 12 8ª 4½ 1½
Ferous, 120 (Mara)..... 1 1½ 2½ 2½
1:50. Decameron, 140 pounds (Parsons) 133 (Dayton); Cissher, 130 (Hilder) 123 (W. Hilder); Curfew Bells, 102 (Fuller) sician, 130 (Bernhart); Herculean, 100 an); Deluge, 130 (Fry); Perion, 120 (Bo- an); Deluge, 130 (Fry); Perion, 120 (Bo- ; Winnie Mc., 107 (Scrambler's by Juvenal—Castalia. Won easily.
race, about ⅝ mile. $900 added:
orse, weight, jockey. St. ¼ ⅝ Str. Fr.
ndon, 109 (Cochran)..... 4 4½ 4½ 3½
ster Juliet, 100 (W'dariy). 1 1½ 1½ 1½
ell, 104 (Smith)..... 3 2½ 2½ 2½
1:00 2-5. Wealth, 108 pounds (Shea) Ona, 94 (Redfern); Dactyl, 106 (Brennan) ady, 95 (Hughes); Mint Bud, 94 (D. O'Con- vantor, 96 (Waugh), finished as named. W. C. Whitney's ch. m., by Order— Won easily.
race, 1¼ miles, $1,000 added:
orse, weight, jockey. St. ¼ ½ Str. Fr.
hassan, 98 (Shea)..... 4 4½ 4½ 3½
hasan, 98 (Redfern)..... 2 2½ 2½ 2½
Richard, 106 (Miller)..... 3 3½ 3½ 3½
1:54 1-5. Rouget, 107 pounds (O'Connor) ge, 100 (Bullman); Aiolus, 105 (Brennan); ne, 100 (White), finished as named. Mr. ngacres stable's b. f., by Atheling—Queen n Won in a walk.

Brooklyn Entries.

race, about ⅝ mile, handicap—Coburg, 126 The Musketeer, 124; His Eminence, 120 t, 106; Roxane, 104; Delagoa, 104; Fer- Hanover Queen, 100; Rosalmond, 94; Fern House, 90; Swamplands, 84.
race, 1¼ miles, handicap—Morningside, 1 race, 1¼ miles, handicap—Morningside, Colonel Padeen, 111; Vinctor, 98; Trigger, 98; Ethics, 93; St. Finan, 90; Balyah, 86.
race, ½ mile, 2-year-olds—Onatas, 117 Injunction, 114; Lady Albemarle, 114; Nor- Toucan, 112; Our Nugget, 109; Condon, Aleono, 109; Janeway, 105; Golden Maxim, 105; Prospector—Marvinia, 105; Rounding Beauty, b. f., by Kanaka— Queen Bou La, 102; Sumida, 102; 1 mile and 70 yards. Flying Buttes, 114; Dorsey Divers, 114; Port Royal, 104; The Rebel, 103; Numeral, 98; Colnmell, 98; Vive Francesco, 98.
race, 5½ furlongs, 2-year-olds, Maiden- hore, 118 pounds; Ahumada, 115; Sicken- son—Rimonon, 112; Brimstone, 112; Sick- Sparkle Esher, 112; Wax Candle, 112; lanas—Miss Maud, 112; Janeway, 112; Rockford, 112; Decoration, 112; Rose- Darkelmore, 112; Oaklington, 112; Bonglen Akela, 112; Invincible, 112; Rosalie—Rob Roy, by Kanaka—Rosalie, 109; Medifine 109; Alhallowmas, 109; Lazy Josephine Tessa, 109; Bob Hilliard, 109.
race, 1-16 miles—Vitellius, 110 pounds Rough Rider, 105; Ponsolet, 105; Fazalie, 105; Astor, 100; San Andres, 99; Fazalie, Curry, 97; Justice, 96; Courtenay, 90; Condiment, 88.

GOLF AT MIDLOTHIAN.

Phelps Defeats Mrs. De Wolf in nals of First Flight—Miss Cass Wins Second.

E. H. Phelps defeated Mrs. W. L. De in the finals of the first flight of the handicap golf tournament on the f the Midlothian Country club yes by the margin of one hole. The finals second flight went to Miss Cass, who t Mrs. E. S. Hunter by 4 up and 3 to Thirty-two women started. The fol- are the qualifying scores:

FIRST FLIGHT.

	Gross.	Hdcp.	Net.
E. Phelps	98	17	81
L. De Wolf	88	4	84
H. Canby	98	15	83
Trumbull	76	15	61

Trumbull won the playoff of tie with dwards for fourth place.

SECOND FLIGHT.

	Gross.	Hdcp.	Net.
E. Edwards	89	7	82
Ella Hunt	95	12	83
S. Hunter	97	15	82
n	82	1	81

omen Begin Golf Tourney.

York, June 10.—A successful start is the championship of the Women's Metropoli- association was made today at the links Essex County Country club of Orange ffe returned the lowest card of the day consistent performance of 98. Miss Goss cker, who was one of the few contestants without the rubber-filled ball, came out h a score of 91.

Park High Has Athletic Meet.

rk High School held its thirteenth annual meet yesterday afternoon. Andrews of ved general merit with 56 points to his Three records were broken, the pole he high jump, and the half-mile.

Elected Manager of Ball

Wis., June 10.—[Special.]—Fitzsim was today elected business manager ge ball team for next year. Allen was elected President of the college ass on.

SUBSIDY IS DEAD IN THIS SESSION,

House Committee on Merchant Marine Fails to Mention Measure in Report.

HOPKINS TALKS OF BILL.

Congressman Declares All Senti- ment Favoring Aid to Ship- ping Has Disappeared.

WASHINGTON BUREAU CHICAGO TRIBUNE
Washington, D. C., June 10.

Committee Admits Subsidy Bill Is Dead.

General Grosvenor of Ohio, a colleague of Senator Hanna and chairman of the House Committee on Mer- chant Marine, which has the matter in charge today, ad- mitted officially on the floor of the House that the ship subsidy bill has been put to sleep, at least for this session of Congress, and probably for a long time to come.

As a member of the Committee on Rules, General Grosvenor read on the floor a list of the measures which have been given a place for consideration before adjournment. It was extremely significant that the ship subsidy bill was not included on this list, this being an official acknowledgment by the leaders of the House that they had re- solved, for this session at least, not to burn their fingers with the measure.

The subsidy bill has not been reported from the House committee, of which Gen- eral Grosvenor is chairman, and there is no immediate prospect of its being favorably reported.

Hopkins Says People Do Not Favor Measure.

For a considerable length of time a ma- jority of the Republicans on the committee were opposed to the subsidy scheme. Late- ly, however, one of these in opposition, Mr. Jones of Wash- ington, has been in- fluenced by local interests in his State to withdraw his opposition. There are three Republicans, however, representing the cen- tral West, as a matter of course—Hopkins of Illinois, Minor of Wisconsin, and Stevens of Minnesota—who are entirely opposed to the measure, and they, with the Democrats, constitute an adverse majority of the com- mittee. In explaining his position Mr. Hop- kins said: "During the Senatorial cam- paign in Illinois, I was out in the country for four months, covering practically every county in the State. I am satisfied that, if there ever was any public sentiment in favor of the ship subsidy on the lines proposed in this bill, it has now fully disappeared. News- papers in Illinois, which formerly favored the subsidy bill, no longer advocate it, and their policy reflects the public view."

Mr. Hopkins did not explain, but another member did, that the change of sentiment in the newspapers in the country was coin- cident with the abandonment of the active campaign for the subsidy bill by the Repub- lican National committee. That is to say, it has now been completely demonstrated that practically the only newspaper sentiment in favor of the subsidy bill was that which was contained in the "patent insides" fur- nished by the National committee. As soon as that extraordinary proceeding was put a stop to the fictitious sentiment for the subsidy measure disappeared.

"I have never heard of the Great Lakes Towing association," said Attorney General Knox today. "Consequently I have not or- dered an investigation of the affairs of that association." This flat-footed and unquali- fied denial was brought forth by an inquiry made of Attorney General Knox by THE TRIBUNE representative today.

Department of Agriculture to Have New Home.

The War department is in receipt of the general order issued by General Jacob H. Smith, in Leyte, to troops when he re- linquished command of the sixth separate brigade. The order does not read like the farewell of a brutal butcher but rather is the solemn leavetaking of a wise and prudent editor. In the course of his order General Smith says:

"For over forty years my daily life has been identified with the soldier of our army, and, naturally, I have had a large and varied experience of them and their deeds. And never in all this long period have I seen them confronted with problems so novel, so difficult of solution, and which required such courage, persistency, and pluck as those imposed upon them by the Camar cam- paign now closing. Never has American manhood responded more cheerfully and in- telligently. Never were hardships more gal- lantly faced.

"The trials of hewing a way through a tropical jungle in a roadless country, sore and bleeding feet, with clothing soaked for weeks at a time, infrequent mails, and often scanty rations—all have been met with a courage and virility which, showing her young manhood, bodes well for the future of America and her flag.

"From such troops as these their brigade commander takes his leave with mingled feelings of pride, satisfaction, and sorrow— pride and satisfaction in their achievements; sorrow that the inevitable hour of parting has come. To them all, as well as to the men on Leyte, the members of the navy and marine corps, who have so well and so loyally assisted him in all his undertakings, and to the members of the brigade staff who have ever met each duty with an ability and fidelity which have made possible the re- sults achieved, the brigade commander of- fers the assurance of his appreciation of what they have borne and done and his deep- est thanks therefor."

Among the papers which have accom- panied the court-martial record in the case

YE GARDENER'S CORNER

Flowers are the dearest comforters imaginable, they never "answer back" unpleasantly, but their responses are as unfailing as sweet.

If you have, by chance, a stone wall uncovered, set a memorial rose to train over it, and you will soon rejoice in a mass of trailing beauty and fragrance, luxuriant bloom.

The pink, white, and yellow carnations are all beautiful, and large plants should bloom this sum- mer. The sweet scent of the carnation is one of her charms.

The asparagus sprengeri or emerald feather plant may be multiplied for next winter's use at this time. Cut each plant apart, carefully, with a sharp knife before setting out for the summer. Two pieces of the "crown" will form a new plant.

The garden lilies should show speedy signs of growth. If a good, healthy growth has not been made, stir the ground about the roots lightly, feed plentifully, and watch with care. A little weak fertilizing water, judiciously applied, will sometimes produce blooms after all hope seems lost.

Does your neighbor's flowering shrubs and plants make you envious remember that this is the season for blossoms, but that these blossom- ing beauties were set out some time ago. It is the true flower lover who only remembers his friendship when he sees them whose garden is neglected or incomplete.

Aquatic water plants love sunshine, and the long, sunny days should bring forth blooms in abundance. Keep the water lilies with weak fertilizer added, trim backward and remove all branches of trees that obstruct the sunshine. With water in plenty, sunshine and fresh air should be coaxed into glorious bloom.

The "between seasons" period in most gardens, with the early spring flowers resting, and the summer blossoms scarcely ready to open, is waiting for the transformation to come a little later, but not the beginner besiege the unfor- tunate gardeman with groundless complaints, but "do his own work" assiduously and with good will.

Plans for the benefit of dwellers in shade- less rooms remember the petunia, calliopsis, por- tulacoid, geranium, nasturtium, and vine plants if the soil seems too poor to grow easily, water well in the cool of the day, and bright color will be yours in abund- ance also.

UNIVERSITY ATHLETES LOSE THEIR MASCOT.

Rab, the official backstop for the University of Chicago baseball nine and mascot for football, baseball, and track teams for years, died from poisoning late on Monday night. His funeral, held yesterday, was attended by all the ceremony that captains and representatives of athletic teams could give it. Rab was the most popular mascot dog that ever gave a loyal bark for the maroon flag. He was fed and lodged at the Phi Delta Theta chapter-house, 5719 Monroe avenue, but ownership was claimed by the entire uni- versity student body. Rab was a pure white bull terrier. For three years he attended every athletic contest on Marshall Field, wearing vivid maroon decorations at big foot- ball contests. At varsity baseball games Rab sat close to the players' bench and chased all the foul balls that were struck, bringing them back to the diamond. Members of the baseball team declare that their success on home grounds this year is due to the encour- aging influence of their mascot. The funeral, which was held yesterday morning in the back yard of the Phi Delta Theta lodge, was attended by heroes of track diamond and gridiron. Herbert Ahlswede, tackle on the football team, acted as grave digger, and the dog's body was laid on a mat in front of the grave while short exercises were held. Fred Speik, shot-putter on the track team, gave a short address. The pallbearers were Captain James Sheldon of the football team; Chester Ellsworth, pitcher on the baseball team; George Garrey, quarter back on the football squad; Captain Floyd Harper of the baseball team; Second Baseman MacClyment of the baseball nine; and Ernest Quantrell of the track team. A subscription is being raised among the athletes of the university to buy Rab a tombstone.

of General Smith are some documents cap- tured from the Filipinos. They include the reports of Lukban, the insurgent leader, showing the character of the warfare pro- posed to be waged on troops, and especially the sort of fighting occurring at Balangiga. The Lukban papers are communications from officers and contain their instructions and supposed information. Much of the lat- ter is unreliable when it pertains to the American troops. The papers show that there was an extensive use of poison on spear tips and other methods of warfare and means of equipment by the Filipinos which were in direct violation of the rules of civilized warfare.

Navy Board Makes Coast Defense Plans.

The General Board of the Navy, of which Admiral Dewey is President, has been dis- cussing the plans of coast offense and de- fense to be main- tained by the navy in conjunction with the land fortifications, and Rear Admiral P. H. Cooper, who is now on waiting orders at Morristown, N. J., has been designated as the officer who will pre- pare the coast line from Chatham Light, Cape Cod, to Barnegat Light in New Jersey. This new duty will require a good deal of travel along the coast line embraced in the district, and he is authorized to incur all necessary expenses on such trip.

It is not the intention of the Naval Gen- eral board to interfere with the plans of defense contemplated by the army coast fortifications, but the plan of the Naval board probably will arouse the artillery of- ficers of the army to some objection against what they may regard as an interference with the legitimate duties of the army.

There has always been more or less rivalry between the two services in the matter of defending the coast, but Admiral Dewey and his associates on the General board believe that the coast forts do not provide all the defense which is necessary. In Chesapeake Bay, for instance, there are no fortifications which would serve to keep out an enemy's vessel, and much the same condition pre- vails in Delaware Bay and Long Island Sound.

The board has made a report to the Sec- retary of the Navy suggesting in general terms that the department possess itself of a plan of offense and defense which shall contemplate the movement of naval vessels of all classes, from the small torpedo-boat to the largest battleships, taking into con- sideration as well the use of the submarine torpedo vessels. It is with the idea of pre- paring a plan in detail along the coast from Chatham Light to Barnegat Light that Rear Admiral Cooper has been designated. His letter of instructions will be regarded as con- fidential matter, but it is known that in general terms he is specially cautioned not to overstep the line which divides the naval from the shore system of defense. Never- theless the artillery officers are likely to regard the incident of Rear Admiral Cooper's detail as an encroachment on the function of their arm.

Hopkins Talks of Ohio Squabble.

"President Roosevelt will be the Repub- lican leader in 1904," said Representative William Alden Smith as he left the White House today. "The Republicans of Michi- gan are for Roosevelt with all their hearts. The young men are especially enthusiastic for him."

No Objection to Investigating Rathbone Case.

The administration will make no objection to an investigation of the conduct of General Wood in connection with the case of E. P. Rathbone, former Director of Posts of Cuba, who has just been pardoned by President Palma. Senator Hanna, who has espoused the case of Rathbone, has repeated- ly charged that General Wood persecuted the accused postal official. It developed today that General Wood went so far as to sug- gest to the Senator that he send a lawyer to Havana to make a thorough investigation of the charges against Rathbone. This sug- gestion was not adopted, though Senator Hanna did receive a report from a Cuban lawyer, which established Rathbone's in- nocence.

No suggestion has been made by Repub- licans for a Congressional investigation of Rathbone's case, but the authorities who administered Cuban affairs are quite willing that such an inquiry should be begun. In- stead of persecuting Rathbone, it is said with authority that General Wood, on the other hand, made every effort to see that exact justice was administered. The lawyer who defended Rathbone was the brainiest advocate in the island, and it was generally believed at the time that he would be the Minister of Justice in Palma's Cabinet. As in this position he would have had super- vision of the judiciary and the appointment of Judges, it was natural to suppose that the Judges comprising a court which heard Rathbone's case would be disposed favorably towards his client.

General Wood forbade either his military officers or employes of the civil government to go to the court, having no desire to raise even the suspicion that the military govern- ment was attempting to influence the de- cision. Under these favorable conditions Rathbone was found guilty. So far as his trial in the United States is concerned, the officials say that this course is out of the question and they believe he understands this fact as well as they do.

Hanna Talks of Ohio Squabble.

As he came out of the White House today Senator Hanna talked freely about the Ohio political squabble, and among other things said: "I do not want to criticise Mr. Bur- ton, but I do not be- lieve his charges are well founded, nor do I want to make that sub- ject a national matter. The whole thing is absurd. The Civil Service commission has failed to find anything like a violation of the law. I understand that the President has satisfied himself of this fact and will not institute any sensational investigation nor reprimand the federal officers for the part they took in the matter."

Gen. Smith's Farewell Order to His Troops.

It will be interesting to the farmers of the country to know that the Senate Committee on Public Buildings and Grounds has made a favorable re- port on the bill pro- viding for the appro- priation of $2,500,000 for the erection of a new Agricultural de- partment in this city. The department has completely outgrown its quarters, and in order to accommodate the different bureaus the Secretary has been forced to rent a num- ber of buildings in the vicinity of the agri- cultural grounds.

Plans for the new building have already been drawn, and if Congress authorizes the appropriation there will be little delay in beginning the work. A measure similar to the Senate bill is pending before the House Committee on Public Buildings and Grounds, and while the members of the lower branch of Congress are favorable to the project, nothing will be done by the House committee until the Senate has adopted the measure reported today.

Secretary Wilson is extremely popular with members of both branches of Congress, and they are disposed to give him everything within reason. Owing to the desire of Con- gress to adjourn at an early date and the note of warning against further appropria- tions sounded by Representative Cannon and his plea for rigid economy, it is probable that the Agricultural department bill may not be acted upon at this session.

President Roosevelt today agreed to visit Grand Rapids, Mich., in September, when he makes his Western trip. The exact date has not been fixed, but it will be arranged with the authorities at Detroit, where the Presi- dent is to make a special stop, and from there go on to Grand Rapids. The President is promising to go away rather freely this fall and agreed to go to Rockland, Me., in August if he can possibly make an open date.

House Refuses to Advance Gen. Brooke.

An unfavorable report was made today by the House Committee on Military Affairs on the bill providing for the advancement of General Brooke, the senior Major General of the army to the rank of Lieutenant General and his retirement at that rank. This measure has already been adopted by the Senate, but inasmuch as the House has made an unfavorable report General Brooke will be retired at his present grade.

MANY PROMOTIONS ARE MADE.

President Sends a List of Appointments and Increases in Army Rank to the Senate.

Washington, D. C., June 10.—The President today sent the following nominations to the Senate:

Thomas B. Reid, Marshal for the eastern dis- trict of Wisconsin.

John Jones, receiver of public moneys, Mar- quette, Mich.

Army promotions—Cavalry: Lieutenant Colonel Jacob A. Augur, Colonel; Major Clarence A. Stedman, Lieutenant Colonel; Captain William D. Beach, Major; First Lieutenant Charles A. Stedter, Captain. Infantry: Lieutenant Colonel Charles H. Noble, Colonel; Major John A. Bald- win, Lieutenant Colonel; Captain Abner Picker- ing, Major; First Lieutenant Preston Brown, Captain.

YALE STUDENTS BLOWN TO SEA.

Five Men Rescued by Searching Party After Night and Day of Peril on a Sloop.

New Haven, Conn., June 10.—[Special.]—Five Yale students returned late today from a cruise on a sloop prolonged through a night and a day. H. H. Bartlett, son of Captain John Bartlett, U. S. N.; G. A. and C. L. Watson of Indianapolis, Ind.; Walter L. Douglas of New London, Conn.; and William H. Taylor of Burlington, N. J., were in the party. In the night they were driven eastward. Bartlett, who is an expert sailor, kept the sloop headed to the Long Island shore and thence directly opposite until day- break. Without a morsel of food for twenty- three hours, he was at the helm, all the others being sick. A sound steamer almost ran the sloop down. At dawn they followed the north shore westward from New London and were met near the harbor by the fifth searching party.

RACE WAR AROUSES NEGROES.

Colored People of El Dorado, Ill., Angered Over the Attacks on Their School.

Carbondale, Ill., June 10.—[Special.]—The bitter racial war now on at El Dorado, in which the colored normal and industrial school has been forced to suspend and the commencement exercises abandoned, the damage of the school's property, and the partial destruction of the crops on the farm, has created an intense feeling among the colored people over the affair. The Board of Trustees is to meet this week, and an effort is on foot to move the school before the be- ginning of the next school year. President Alston and family are supposed to be in El Dorado.

E. W. GROVE.

This name must appear on every box of the genuine Laxative Bromo-Quinine Tablets, the remedy that cures a cold in one day. 25 cents.

ASKS EXTENSIVE MILK INSPECTION

Dr. Gehrmann of Health De- partment Proposes Cow to Consumer Watch.

DANGER FROM BACTERIA.

Admits His System Would Cost, but Thinks Results Sure to Justify This.

A system of inspection of Chicago's milk supply which shall extend from the retail dealer to the dairyman in the country is ad- vocated by Dr. Adolph Gehrmann of the Health department, who insists that only by carefully watching the milk from the time it is taken from the cow until it is delivered to the consumer can its quality be assured. Now the samples secured from the retail dealers by the city inspectors are tested only for adulteration and the presence of formal- lin. Scientists declare that milk which is rich in butter fat and the other milk solids may have assumed the most dangerous char- acter through contamination due to careless handling.

The samples gathered by THE TRIBUNE and tested by City Chemist Bisbee are given as apt illustrations of this fact. Nearly all the samples were taken in places that were dirty almost beyond description, and the milk chests had the appearance of being breeding places for disease germs. There is not a physician in Chicago who would say that milk kept amid such surroundings was fit food for an infant, or even an adult.

Dr. Gehrmann's Plan Comprehensive.

The inspection proposed by Dr. Gehrmann includes a supervision of the methods of the dairyman, including the health of his stock, the food given the cows, the manner in which the cows are stabled and cared for, and the method of caring for the milk before it is put on board the car for Chicago. Each dairyman shipping to Chicago would be com- pelled to hold a certificate of inspection from the city Health department showing that he had complied with all its sanitary require- ments and his place would be visited by city inspectors at irregular intervals to insure his keeping everything up to the standard. Fail- ure to comply with the ordinance would re- sult in his milk being refused sale within the city limits.

The transportation feature would receive considerable attention and cars with the proper refrigerating appliances would be de- manded of the railroad companies. Follow- ing the arrival of the milk in Chicago the condition of the quarters of the local dealers would be looked into carefully and every- thing brought to a sanitary standard before milk could be sold from any store or milk depot.

Danger from Bacteria Great.

"The danger to the consumer from infect- ed milk is far greater than that from adul- teration," said Dr. Gehrmann. "It is an easy matter to determine whether milk has been watered or skimmed and this does not necessarily injure the health of the person who uses it. The use of formalin or other preservatives is not general enough to cause widespread alarm, except perhaps during hot weather, when the temptation is strong to do something to make the milk keep. The real danger lies in the large quantities of milk brought into the city every day loaded with bacteria which cannot be found, except by a long examination.

"It is not enough to talk about sterilising milk after it reaches the city. The real remedy is to keep it sterile from the begin- ning, and this can only be done through a careful inspection beginning at the dairy. It must be seen to that the cows are healthy, and next that they are kept clean. The men who milk them must be kept clean, and the vessels which hold the milk must be care- fully sterilized. No dust should get into the milk and it should be cooled properly in a clean place and delivered to the trains in the same manner. The temperature should be kept constant while it is in transit, and, last but not least, milk should not be sold from dirty surroundings.

"All these improvements will cost money and may result in milk becoming a little more expensive, but the cost to each family will be slight and the guarantee that it will bring ought to more than compensate the user."

Present Tests Show Good Results.

A recent report by Chief Milk Inspector T. F. Grady of tests made at all of the sixty- six receiving stations in Chicago may be used as an argument in favor of Dr. Gehr- mann's system. During the months of Jan- uary and February 742 samples were taken, and 568, or 76½ per cent, were of grade No. 1, containing more than 3.6 per cent of butter fat, which is .6 more than the State law requires. Of the entire number only ten were under the legal limit. This milk was distributed in all parts of the city, including the Ghetto and the poorer tenement sections. In spite of the apparent uniformity, it is believed that in sanitary condition the va- rious samples were widely apart, but the city test does not reveal this. If the milk was not germ-laden before it reached the Ghetto it probably became so afterward.

"It is all right to talk about sterilising milk, but it is another thing to get people to use it," said John M. MacVean, editor of Milk News. "The sterilising changes the taste and nearly every one would have a prejudice in favor of the raw article. The placing of additional safeguards around the dairies and the places where milk is sold will do more good than any movement to- ward a general purification after it reaches the city. There are a great many dairymen who use every precaution to keep the milk from taint, but I am sorry to say there are also a large number who are slovenly in their methods. The same is true with deal- ers in Chicago, and I am sure that the pro- gressive members of both classes would wel- come a fair inspection which would bring all Chicago milk to a uniform standard.

"Much that is said against milk that comes here is not true, but there are many abuses in the trade that ought to be cor- rected, especially in the poorer districts. The City Health department cannot hope to exercise a thorough supervision over the supply with a force of four inspectors, and an enlarged department, kept free from politics and with thoroughly capable men in every position, would do much for health of the population."

RAILROADS ARE HARD HIT.

Kentucky Court of Appeals Upholds Decision Greatly Increasing Their Assessments.

Frankfort, Ky., June 10.—[Special.]—By a decision of the Court of Appeals today the railroad corporations of Kentucky will be compelled to pay each year large sums to the various towns and cities. Only recently the assessments of the railways of the State have been increased from 30 to 100 per cent by the State Board of Valuation and As- sessment, and under the decision handed down today the same basis will be employed by the cities and counties, thus greatly in- creasing the fixed charges of the various railways, and particularly the Louisville and Nashville, which suffered an increase of 100 per cent, its franchise being valued at $60,000,000, as against $30,000,000 hereto- fore. The decision was in the case of the Southern railway against Auditor Coulter and other members of the State Board of Assessment and Valuation. It upheld the judgment of the lower court.

Sherman to Address Law Graduates.

Lawrence Y. Sherman, Speaker of the Illinois House, will address the members of the senior class of the Illinois College of Law tomorrow evening at the fifth annual commencement of the college. The exercises will be held at Handel Hall.

"Boro-Formalin" (Elmer & Amend), used as tooth and mouth wash in the morning, leaves mouth sweet and pure all day.

FOREST RESERVE KILLED.

CONGRESSMAN CANNON OPPOSES THE EXTRA EXPENSE.

Says the Appropriations Exceed the Income Estimates by $51,000,000 and More Expenses Are in Prospect — Congressman Corliss Makes Argu- ment in Support of His Government Pacific Cable—Dalzell Wants It Built Privately.

Washington, D. C., June 10.—Congressman Cannon, chairman of the House Ways and Means committee, defeated the bill to trans- fer certain forest reserves to the Agricultural department and to authorise the President to establish game and fish preserves. Its death was accomplished by striking out the enacting clause. The motion was made by Mr. Cannon and was carried by 100 to 70. He claimed that the bill would greatly increase the cost of administering forest reserves and declared that the estimated receipts of the next fiscal year already were exceeded by the appropriations up to the present time by over $51,000,000.

Corliss Argues for Cable.

The House then adopted a special order for the consideration of the Corliss Pacific cable by a vote of 108 to 73, and for the remainder of the afternoon listened to the author of the measure argue in favor of its passage. "This measure," he said, "provides for a government cable uniting our islands in the Pacific with the American continent. By its terms the cable shall be American made, laid by American ships, and managed by the American government."

Mr. Corliss denounced private cable monopolies, and read letters from Captain Squier of the signal service, who, he said, had been in charge of the cable interests in the Philippines for three years, and from Admiral Bradford as to the necessity for a government cable and the existence of a cable monopoly in the Orient.

"Here we are at this moment," Mr. Cor- liss, in conclusion, said, "with 8,000,000 peo- ple in the Philippines, our military and civil government without communication, severed from all the world, and the battleships of our navy being used as dispatch boats to carry communications to our people."

Dalzell Opposes Government Line.

Mr. Dalzell [Pa.] announced that he was opposed to the government building a cable to the Philippines. He said he favored the construction of an American cable by Amer- ican capital, and gave notice that at the proper time he would offer as a substitute a bill to authorize the President to contract for the construction of a cable under certain conditions.

The minority of the Commerce committee opposes the Corliss bill on the ground that the commercial Pacific company is now at work building a cable, which is to be laid by 1905.

PASSES NAVAL SUPPLY BILL.

Senate Grants $78,000,000 for New Warships—Sufferers from Chicago Explosion Reimbursed.

Washington, D. C., June 10.—Another of the big supply bills of the government was disposed of by the Senate today, the naval bill, carrying more than $78,000,000, being passed. It includes provisions for two first- class battleships, two first-class armored cruisers, and two gunboats; but strikes out the House provision that one of each shall be built at government yards.

When consideration was resumed of the Isthmian canal question Mr. Turner deliv- ered an extended argument in support of the Nicaragua route. He maintained that the new Panama company could not pass a clear title to the Panama Canal company's rights, franchises, and property to the United States and that if the government purchased it, it would be with all its incumbrances.

A bill was passed appropriating $15,845 for the relief of the persons who sustained dam- ages by the explosion of an ammunition chest of Battery F, Second United States Artillery, in Chicago, on July 16, 1894.

Sues as Inventor for Damages.

William J. Kenney, manager of the Illinois Ma- chine and Foundry company, has brought suit against Oscar K. Trego, inventor of the Trego inkwell, for $5,000 damages for alleged false ar- rest. The trouble is the outcome of a business deal.

Fully Ripe

Made from the choicest of selected Rye, and distilled under every pre- caution, insuring the highest nutrient quality

Hunter Baltimore Rye

Undergoes thor- ough ageing before it is sold, and in this state of fullest de- velopment it is the perfection of Rye Whiskey.

It is particularly recommended to women because of its age and excel- lence.

H. M. GRANDIN, Representative, 45 Hartford Building, Chicago, Illinois.

The Initial Tie 4-in-Hand.

Originated and Designed by

Carter & Holmes

CHICAGO

Any Initial Black Silk Our Name on Every Box. At All Dealers, 50c.

A Sensation for Vestless Days For Men and Women.

ALWAYS A GOOD STYLE TO The BARNES HAT, Wabash & Monroe.

THE HUB

HENRY C. LYTTON, Pres.

Headquarters for

Panama Hats

Our stock of both South American and French Panama Hats is so large and diversified that no man, however particular, can fail in finding just what he desires. Every weave, shape and quality is represented in this magnificent assortment.

We offer this week 750 fine South American Panamas... in the swell negligee shapes ...hats that are far above the average sold at this price..... $10.00

Also 500 genuine French Panama hats...in flat tops, negligee and square crowns... these are the swell hats of the season..... $13.50

Don't forget to see the genuine "Monticristi" Panamas... which are the finest hats manufactured...our line in this grade is the most extensive in the country...

$15, $25, $35, $50

150 dozen Porto Rico Panamas... an exact imitation in style of the genuine article...very light and comfortable... at..... $2.50

A thousand dozen rough and smooth braid straw hats ...in soft and stiff brims 50c

Basket Shares are on the point of advance to par, $1.00 a share. Arrangements should be closed at once by those who wish to purchase shares at 75c.

The Mergenthaler-Horton Basket Machine Co.,

Rooms 410-411 Continental Bank Building,

Telephone 90 Main. 218 La Salle-st., Chicago.

EXHIBITION BASKET FACTORY

Now in Operation at 118-120 Monroe-st.

ABSOLUTE SECURITY.

Genuine Carter's Little Liver Pills.

Must Bear Signature of

Brent Good

See Fac-Simile Wrapper Below.

Very small and as easy to take as sugar.

CARTER'S LITTLE LIVER PILLS.

FOR HEADACHE. FOR DIZZINESS. FOR BILIOUSNESS. FOR TORPID LIVER. FOR CONSTIPATION. FOR SALLOW SKIN. FOR THE COMPLEXION

Purely Vegetable. Brent Good

CURE SICK HEADACHE.

The Tribune Brings Results Every Day.

PANAMAS STRAWS

A. BISHOP & CO. 156 State-st.

Send for Cata- logue.

People Who Advertise —IN THE— Help Wanted Columns —OF— The Daily Tribune

do not have any difficulty in securing desirable help. Thousands of work-seekers read these columns every day. The public's appre- ciation of The Daily Tribune's value as a reliable help-wanted medium is conclusively shown by the following:

DAILY (SUNDAY EXCLUDED)

During the past five months The Tribune ad- vertised over

7,000 More Genuine Positions

under the Help Wanted classification than any other Chicago morning newspaper. Under all other classifications combined The Tribune printed nearly twice as many advertise- ments.

DR. A. H. PARKER,

America's Leading Expert in the Treatment and Cure of

RUPTURE

Dr. Parker has often been summoned by wealthy persons as special expert to Eastern cities and elsewhere for consultation in difficult cases, which is another proof of his great skill and absolute re- liability. HIS NEWLY INVENTED ELITE TRUSS IS A WONDER OF EXCELLENCE AND WORKMANSHIP. EXAMINATION FREE. Call or write for free treatise.

DR. A. H.

Flags for Flag day.

They're selling by thousands. Children are buying them for Flag day.

We've flags at various prices, made of silk with yellow fringed edges, mounted on staffs with gilt top—4x6 inches, **19c**; 5x8 inches, **22c**; 7x10 inches, **25c**; 10x15 inches, **35c**; 12x18 inches, **50c**; 16x24 inches, **95c**; 24x36 inches, **1.95**; 32x48 inches, **2.45**; 36x60 inches, **4.25**; 48x72 inches, **7.90**.

Established in 1865.

Mandel Brother's Daily Store News.

We close at 5:30.

Visit the Mandel tea rooms on the fourth floor.

When shopping in the store don't fail to visit the Mandel tea rooms, on the fourth floor in the Wabash-av. building. They're beautifully arranged, always cool and pleasant—a delightful place where you can rest after the fatigue of shopping and partake of a dainty and appetizing luncheon.

Exquisite ruffs you'll see at the Derby.

Nothing could be prettier than these ruffs we are selling for Derby day.

They're the setting for the costume so much desired—liberty silk, chiffon, and black or white dotted net ruffs, **$3** to **22.50**.

Special—We are also closing out a lot of imported novelty ruffs at less than half price. You'll do well not to overlook this opportunity.

Women's ultra fashionable wraps for Derby day.

Epsom Downs has virtually set the pace for the great American Derby, at least so far as the "Toilettes de Courses" are concerned, renowned modistes executing every idea with a view to outrivaling the modish English costumes of regal beauty.

The importance of the wrap for Derby wear is responsible for the numerous delectable genres evolved this season.

For style elegance and individuality the Mandel coats are unparalleled.

A decidedly stunning English Derby coat, appropriate for driving, automobiling, etc., comes in rich tan moleskin in short lengths, elaborate wide bands, neatly stitched, both on body and sleeves. Price, **$40.**

You'll admire the Monte Carlo coat of fine pongee lined with white taffeta; inch tucks, forming a novel yoke effect, extending over sleeves; circular collar of black velvet ribbon and Persian silk with Irish crochet over collar, fancy cuffs to match collar. A nobby little coat, **$60.**

Three-quarter length coat of fine tan moleskin in applique effect over rich Irish net—circular collar and bottom of bell sleeves finished with Medici lace—jaunty streamer fasteners down front starting from high collar edged with profuse ruching—**$100.**

Dainty pongee coat in three-quarter length, effectively lined with soft white silk—circular collar in triple design, with Irish crochet galloon trimming enriching collar, sleeves and bottom of coat—collar and down front edged with nile green velvet covered with Irish galloon, at **$65.**

Bargains in jackets; your choice of 300 blouses in cheviot, taffeta, moire or peau de soie at one-half their former price, some Gibson style, others plain; all taffeta lined—$10 jackets for **$5**; $15 jackets for **7.50**; $20 jackets for **$10.**

A few special bargain attractions.

Chosen from the dozens and hundreds of splendid bargains you can procure in the store today.

Presumably these will interest you, for every one is vibrant with a clear, strong note of economy.

White hats for bridesmaids—a lot of handsome white hats, trimmed with white roses and satin ribbons on white chip foundations. Price, **6.75.**

White shirt waists—Six special bargain lots of thin, crisp, breezy white shirt waists, including every style Dame Fashion smiles upon this season, all finely trimmed and finished—specially priced at **3.85, 2.95, 2.50, 1.95, 1.25 and 95c.**

Regular $25 suits of cheviots, homespuns and wool crash, some silk lined throughout with taffeta drop lining—all colors and sizes—closed at **9.75.**

Sample embroideries—Manufacturers' samples and trial strips of fine Swiss and nainsook embroideries in matched sets—3 and 4 widths of edgings, with insertions to match, in lengths of 4½ yards, at less than half—**39c down to 12½c.**

Women's fast black hose, made of the choicest pure silk with double heels and toes—splendid hose, imported specially for this occasion—pair **89c.**

Handsome French valenciennes laces and insertions, by the dozen yards, ¾ to 1½ inches in width, edgings and insertions to match, per dozen yards, **$1, 75c, 50c, 35c,** and **25c.**

First-class bathroom fittings, at 20% reduction from regular prices—bath tub seats, towel bars, soap and tooth brush holders, bath sprays, combination sets, etc.—sale at **20% off.**

Silk foulards at 50c—Thousands and thousands of yards of the finest silk foulards at half former prices—the most elegant of this season's superb foulard designs, at **68c, 58c** and **50c.**

Japanese mattings at 25c—Including damask, carpet and inlaid effects—regular 30c, 35c and 40c grades are now on sale, at, per yard, **25c.**

White skirts, fluffy, lacy petticoats, with deep knee flounces that are trimmed with rows of inserting and have edges; also many skirts with full umbrella flounces trimmed with lace or embroidery—**5.95, 4.25, 3.95, 2.85, 1.95, 1.50** and **1.15.**

Fine ribbed silk vests with pure silk lace over busts and shoulders, Swiss made; lisle thread vests with beautiful lace edges around neck and armholes; fine ribbed Swiss vests with fancy openwork hand-crocheted busts, new designs—at **50c.**

Captivating fans of silk gauze; also fanciful conceits in spangled and decorated designs, prettily carved bone sticks—at **1.25** and **95c.**

High back oak rocker, with genuine leather seat—a roomy and comfortable chair, regularly selling for $14, but our price is just **$10.**

Cowhide suit cases, steel frame, heavy leather corners, strong handle, improved brass catches and push lock, linen lined, with large roomy shirt fold, size 24 inches, at **$5.**

Remarkable values in imported wash goods

Main floor, Wabash-av. Linen Section.

You will need several summer dresses while on your vacation, and at the prices now quoted you will perceive the advantage of securing your supply during this sale.

Wash goods popularity has reached its climax with the charming linen suitings as a central motif.

75c **We have received a special** importation of the much wanted blue linens for skirts and suits; also a charming assortment of fancy stripes and checks 28 to 32 inches wide. A rare opportunity for late buyers, as you can now secure best quality pure linen at **90c** and **75c.** **75c**

Handsome lace stripe silk mousseline in light and medium shades of blue, rose, gray, pink, green, red and tan. Just at the time when you really need a warm-weather gown we offer this line of 50c fabrics at **25c.**

A gigantic purchase of 6,000 yards of fancy stripe ginghams and zephyrs in dark and light colored grounds, hitherto valued at **35c and 40c per yard, now 20c.**

All white in Derby day millinery.

It's wonderful how popular all white has become. We are selling all white hats by the score to members of the fashionable set and they'll be very conspicuous at the Derby.

But there'll be a generous sprinkling of white with green, white and black, and white with navy blue, just enough to prevent monotony, for an occasional flash of color is very pleasing to the eye.

We've copied many of our foreign models which cost 250 francs to import and have them ready for your selection at **$20** and **$25.**

Quite a difference between Paris prices and Chicago prices, yet you get the very same style and beauty.

It's a Mandel plan which has helped to make our millinery section the most popular in America.

The straws most used in these hats are white Neapolitan, chip, hair braid and white Milan braid; trimmings are white roses, pompons, sprays, plumes, braids and aigrettes; materials, chiffon, lace, nets, ribbons, velvets and novelty ornaments.

Special: White and black ostrich plumes, all male bird stock, that are considered the choicest; guaranteed not to come out of curl—12-inch, **3.75**; 15-inch, **4.50**; 18-inch, **5.50**; and 24-inch, **6.75.**

Fine Derby day parasols, $5

They're some of the new parasols which we have had made specially for the great Derby day event.

Dame Fashion is pleased with them, and we're disposing of them very rapidly.

No wonder they sell, for besides their style and beauty they're made from a rare quality of figured taffeta silk in choice Dresden effects, with double ruffle of fine chiffon.

We used a French parasol for a model whose regular price was $12.

This is every bit as good—just as pretty, just as stylish, just as finely made.

When raised it's the prettiest $5 parasol that will be seen this season. They're light and airy—when closed they are distinguised by the stylish fluffy effect.

We've a great many other parasols somewhat higher in price. In fact, some are quite expensive, but whatever your preferences in styles or prices, you'll do better here than elsewhere.

Weather indications: Cloudy; possibly showers.

Mandel's editorial comment.

Wednesday, June 11th, 1902.

You can shop here on hot days with greater comfort than in any other store in Chicago. Thousands of fans keep the air constantly in motion and the most thorough ventilating system in the world has been established, so that wherever you go in the Mandel store you can breathe cool and invigorating air. Thousands of cubic yards of air are every hour replaced by other thousands drawn from the cool upper atmosphere, untainted by germs from the parched and dusty streets. The absolute purity of the air in this store is remarked upon by all who come here on warm days, and it adds infinitely to the pleasure and comfort of shopping.

Ice savers at 19c.

Basement toilet goods section.

You spend 30c for 100 pounds of ice and it doesn't last much more than half as long as it would if your refrigerator had one of these covers.

It's an absolute necessity if you look at the matter from the point of economy, for you almost save the price of the contrivance in one purchase of ice.

Lots of people don't know about it, though. Let us show it to you. It'll cost you 19c, but save you many a dollar before the end of the season.

Then, too, it keeps the ice pure.

Men's negligee shirts, 89c.

Basement.

Men's handsome high-class negligee shirts, made from a good grade of madras cloth in "up-to-the-minute" styles.

Buttons well sewed on, seams sewed so as not to ravel, thoroughly well finished shirts in every way.

A better shirt than you can usually buy for a dollar, but we only ask **89c** for it.

Annual June sale maids' caps & aprons—a splendid saving opportunity.

This adroitly planned sale of maids' dainty caps and aprons is of interest to those who anticipate a vacation tour. Prices are way below the regular.

Jaunty little caps and stylish, serviceable aprons from the sheerest and best materials, and in the very latest and most popular modes.

These aprons are much cheaper than if you had them made yourself, and you have no trouble—simply look over a variety that enables you to get the designs that please you best—and that is all.

Aprons prettily trimmed with hemstitching, tucks and embroidery—tea aprons, maids aprons, nurses' aprons, bib aprons, sewing aprons of fine, sheer lawn. Prices range **25c, 39c, 45c, 59c, 75c, 85c, 1.25** and **1.50.**

Also a charming line of maids' caps, daintily trimmed with lace and ribbons. You'll wonder how we can sell them for **18c.**

Maids' and nurses' caps that are not only serviceable but comely to look upon, for 5c, 10c, 12½c, 25c and up to 1.50.

Basement: Three special lots of aprons, made with deep hems, clusters of tucks in large and small sizes—well made and very durable at the prices, **45c, 25c, 18c,** and **10c.**

Teneriffe lace-making is the latest craze.

Numerous attempts have been made within the past few months to introduce this popular fad in Chicago.

It is now on exposition in Mandel's for the first time, and devotees of fancy work are enthusiastic over its beauty.

We have just received an importation of the tiny machines with which this beautiful, web-like lace is evolved. They are not shown elsewhere in the city.

The work is extremely simple and the inexpensiveness of threads and machine enables you to perfect most delightful pieces of allover laces for yokes, fronts of waists, center pieces, scarfs, etc.; also fanciful little edgings for the myriads of pieces employed in the decoration of the home.

Of all innovations in fancy work none equals in daintiness and beauty this charming Teneriffe lace, and no style of decoration is so easily executed.

Numerous patterns in most bewitching designs produced from any size thread preferred—the very finest being used for the dainty waist and night dress yokes.

For the benefit of our customers we have employed a demonstrator who will give you all desired information, preparing you to successfully execute the first design attempted. Outfit consists of tiny pincushion at **5c**; thread **4c** per spool; machine **25c.**

The rust proof Nemo corset.

It's the proper corset, whether you are going on a vacation and want a corset that will enable you to enter with zeal outdoor sports, or whether you want a corset specially for your fashionable gown.

But this sale is planned for those who are going away to the country or the seashore.

The ease with which this corset is worn is one of the remarkable features about the Nemo that is only explained on the principle that if you accord with nature you have a powerful ally.

The Nemo is rust-proof—a very important point if you expect to be outdoors much; then, too, it retains its shape with wonderful pertinacity.

It's reinforced by triple straps of cloth where other corsets have only one.

The self-reducing Nemo corset is indispensable to the stout woman. It positively reduces the abdomen. Prices, **2.50** and **$5.**

The Nemo hip-spring is an actual figure builder. This corset comes with the military belt and has also the Delta-dip, the producer of the fashionable long waist. Prices, **$2** to **$6.**

The Nu-ray shape is for the slender woman. It gives to the plainest clothes the effect of smart dressing. Prices, **1.50** and **2.50.**

Swell shoes for Derby day wear, boots, colonials, Oxfords and slippers.

The dressing of the foot is as important as any other feature of the Derby day apparel—a point that counts for modish elegance perhaps more that any other in proportion to the expenditure.

For a touch of exclusiveness fashionable dressers always come here, for we show designs that can be seen nowhere else, unequaled for beauty, comfort and fine workmanship.

Boots, **$5, $6, $7, $8.** *Colonials,* **$3, 3.50, $5.** *Oxfords,* **$3, $5, $6.**

They're strictly Mandel styles, made just as we determined they should be made. The leathers were most carefully selected—the little details in finish and workmanship looked after with jealous care. The styles are altogether the finest ever seen in Chicago and are pronounced the acme of modishness and beauty—whatever your preferences for Derby day wear you'll choose here with pleasure and profit. Boots, **$5, $6, $7** and **$8.** Colonials, **$3, 3.50** and **$5.** Oxfords, **$3, $5** and **$6.**

Basement: An immense purchase of Oxfords in the very latest styles—Cuban, military, medium, opera and common sense heels, to be closed out at once. Women's $3 and 3.50 oxfords at **1.58** and **1.29.**

Toilet goods specials.

Basement.

They cost so very little, because we've taken the top off the prices.

That's a good way to make it easy for people to supply themselves liberally with toilet requisites.

We make up by selling a great many.

Perfumed talcum powder—high quality borated—put up in tin cans, with sprinkler top—regular 10c grade—special, **5c.**

Castile soap—in white or green—warranted to be absolutely pure—bar of full 4 pounds for **19c.**

Pure gum camphor—all large-sized lumps—a pound of full sixteen ounces for **63c.**

Smart wave hair ornaments at 25c.

Clever novelties from fashionable Paris that impart an added charm to the natural beauties of my lady's hair.

If you'll stop in our notion section today we'll show you how they're worn.

They're in both amber and shell colors, to harmonize with the hair.

One-piece bars, barrettes and combs in 3½, 4 and 4½ inch lengths, cost you **50c, 35c** and **25c.**

DEATHS.

Marriage or death notices will be carried, in condensed form, without extra charge, for publication in the Paris edition of the New York Herald. Advertisers so request may by writing on their notices when handing them in, "Cable to the New York Herald European edition."

Adams, Mrs. Cressenzia.
Bath, Mrs. Harriet.
Bendall, Ellen.
Bingham, Patrick R.
Burrell, Sarah.
Carroll, Patrick.
Fisher, Hazel.
Gilfoil, Timothy.
Goffe, Louis K.
Hall, Harry J.
Howe, James.
Johnston, William.
Lueske, Maria M.
Markham, Francis H.
Murtagh, Annie.
Neuberg, Louis.
Oliver, Ella A.
Rhode, Wilhelmina.
Schafer, Helena.
Seifen, Katherina.
Skeffstedt, August.
Stanton, Dr. James T.
Sharkey, Felix.
Smith, Minnie.
Smith, Emma.
Smith, R. H. L.

ADAMS—The burial of Mrs. Cressenzia Adams will take place June 12 at 12 o'clock from the vault at St. Boniface Cemetery.

CLARK—Mrs. Harriet Clark, June 9, wife of Alexander Clark. Funeral today at 9 a. m. from 97 W. Chicago-av., to St. Malachy's Church, thence by carriages to Calvary.

CANFIELD—Ellen Canfield, June 9, wife of the late Patrick Canfield. Funeral June 12 at 9 a. m. from 301 W. 60th-st. to St. Anne's Church, thence by carriage to Calvary.

DONAHUE—Patrick R. Donahue, June 10, aged 41 years, husband of Catherine Donahue. Funeral June 13, from 909 Belmont-av., to St. Andrew's Church, thence to Calvary.

DENVIR—Sarah Denvir, beloved wife of John Denvir, deceased, at the residence of her daughter, Mrs. Edward Doherty, 2245 W. Harrison-st. Funeral notice later.

FARRELL—Patrick Farrell, husband of Mary Farrell. Funeral June 12, from 341 S. Morgan-st.

FISCHER—Hazel Fischer, June 9, aged 7 years, daughter of John and Mary Fischer. Funeral June 10 at 2:30 p. m., from 1402 N. Rockwell-st., to Graceland.

GILFOIL—Timothy Gilfoil, husband of Eliza Gilfoil. Funeral June 10, from 3182 Halsted-st., to Calvary.

GOFFE—Louis K. Goffe entered into rest at his residence, 1422 Maple-av., Evanston, Ill., in the 41st year of his life. Services at his late residence, Thursday, June 12, at 1 p. m. Burial at Kenosha, Wis.

HALL—Harry J., aged 25 years 9 months, husband of Edith Pruyn and son of Mr. and Mrs. E. M. Hall. Funeral services Wednesday, June 11, 3 p. m., at 4320 Greenwood-av. Burial private.

HOWE—James Howe, aged 1 year and 4 months, son of Mathew and Mary Howe. Funeral from 638 Maplewood-av., by train to Mount Olivet.

JOHNSTON—William Johnston, June 9, son of Morris Johnston, 4010 Michigan-av. Burial at Cheshahon, Ill.

LUESKE—Maria M. Lueske, aged 46 years, wife of Charles Lueske. Funeral June 13 at 9 a. m. from 1124 Elston-av., to St. Theresa's Church, thence to St. Boniface.

MARKHAM—Francis H., beloved husband of Hattie Bell Markham, father of Robert and Frank, brother of James, John, Thomas, Michael A. and Mrs. J. Austin. Funeral Wednesday, at 10 a. m. from St. James' Church, where high mass will be celebrated, thence by carriages to Calvary

MURTAGH—Annie Murtagh, aged 6 years, daughter of John and Delia Murtagh. Funeral today at 9 a. m., from 669 W. 14th-pl., to Mount Carmel.

NEUBERG—Louis Neuberg, June 10, aged 56 years. Funeral today from 80 Hammond-st., to Lincoln.

OLIVER—Ella A., beloved wife of John Oliver, June 10. Funeral from her late residence, 1426 Washington-blvd., Thursday, 1 p. m. Interment in Rose Hill.

RHODE—Wilhelmina Rhode, mother of Mrs. Carolina Haisch. Funeral from 70 Uhland-st., to St. Boniface.

SCHAFER—Helena Schafer, June 9. Funeral today at 9:30 a. m., from 4444 Morton-st., to St. Henry's Church, thence by carriage to St. Boniface.

SEIFEN—Katherina Seifen, aged 44 years. Funeral today at 9 a. m., from 127 Barber-st., to St. Francis' Church, thence by train to St. Mary's.

SKEFFSTEDT—August Skeppstedt, aged 33 years, husband of Tekla Skeppstedt. Funeral today at 2 p. m., from 2340 N. Albany-av. by carriage to Mount Olive.

STANTON—Dr. James T. Stanton, June 9, husband of Maria A. Stanton. Funeral notice later.

SHARKEY—Felix Sharkey, aged 75 years. Funeral June 12 at 9:30 a. m., from 499 S. Sangamon-st. to Holy Family Church, thence by carriage to Calvary.

SMITH—Minnie Smith, June 7, aged 42 years, wife of Henry Smith. Funeral today at 2 p. m., from 56 Warren-av., by carriage to Waldheim.

SMITH—Emma Smith, Monday, June 9, at the home for incurables, wife of O. A. Smith, aged 63 years. Funeral service at chapel at Rosehill, Wednesday, 1:30 p. m.

SMITH—R. H. L. Smith, June 9. Funeral June 12 at 2 p. m., from 239 W. 63d-st., to Oakwoods.

MARRIAGE LICENSES.

THE COUNTY CLERK ISSUED PERMITS TO wed to the following couples yesterday, the parties living in Chicago where no place of residence is given:

Bailey, Minnie Hoehne ..... 30—19
Clarke A. J. Mayer, Dorothea Frantz ..... 31—31
Fleischmann, Sophie L. Andrie ..... 24—24
Jes Rogoz, Agola Brit ..... 24—19
Frank T. Windle, Minneapolis, Minn.; Ella ..... 29—25
Louis R. Kleine, Frances E. Meyer ..... 30—24
Jan Grob, Elizabeth Jaeger ..... 37—34
Ed. Gibson, Pauline Futs ..... 23—22
Frank Braszczyk, Antonia Binkowska ..... 35—35
Ademar Hartley, Paula Flemming ..... 21—21
Charles A. Hall, Hattie M. Strife ..... 23—21
Charles M. Isacson, Sarah O. Waildehm ..... 29—21
Vincent P. Conlon, Anna Hoffman ..... 24—20
Matthew Stanicek, Anna Hruska ..... 24—20
Josef Zivicker, Theresa Traxler ..... 34—20
Josef Zivicker, Theresa Traxler ..... 34—20
Alfred L. Emond, Stella Labee ..... 37—34
Herman Arndt, Dorothea Goetzelman ..... 30—26
Thomas Johnson, Mary E. Morris ..... 34—31
Joseph Scharf, Sarah Le Beau ..... 24—24
George Wilson, Lillian Harding ..... 38—34
Thomas Johnson, Mary E. Morris ..... 34—31
Carl O. Borgstrom, Montollo, Wis.; Caroline Carlson ..... 45—35
August Gross, Lowell, Ind.; Minnie Kalwaun ..... 22—24
John Mickonstry, Winnipeg, Canada; Mary J. Jarvis ..... 24—24
Arthur G. Bittner, Ellen C. Coates ..... 21—21
Ralph E. Gustin, Myrtle A. Clapp ..... 24—21
Schaefer, Helena Schaefer ..... 24—21
James C. Kaiser, Paulina Marthaler ..... 31—30
James Grindy, Mary Chapman ..... 31—28
John Dean, Lucy Ahlenius ..... 32—26
Wilber M. Kelso, Lucille Hicks ..... 37—24
Frank Perot, Catherine Barris ..... 27—24
Leo Carbon, George Morgan ..... 21—21
Oscar Evans, Jennie E. Thomas ..... 30—24
Daniel Saunders, Maryanna Socks ..... 30—29
John M. W. Glader, Alma M. Smith ..... 29—29
Christopher W. Ford, Emma Lathan ..... 26—19
Charles Perlee, Mary Plamondon ..... 27—27
Patrick J. Muldoon, Sarah Cardoso ..... 29—27
John F. Hirring, Nellie F. Connery ..... 26—21
Wasyniez Kogut, Helen Godowska ..... 23—19
Andrzej Wielgus, Annie Starzik ..... 40—30
Frank R. Rosewall, Mae A. Sheridan ..... 21—20
Robert H. Gillespie, Angeline Ehlert ..... 28—24
Maurice H. Mandelbaum, Ida D. Mandel ..... 21—18
Charles Plamondon, Mary Plamondon ..... 27—27
Patrick J. Muldoon, Sarah Cardoso ..... 29—27
John F. Hirring, Nellie F. Connery ..... 26—21
Wasyniez Kogut, Helen Godowska ..... 23—19
Andrzej Wielgus, Annie Starzik ..... 40—30
Frank R. Rosewall, Mae A. Sheridan ..... 21—20
Robert H. Gillespie, Angeline Ehlert ..... 28—24
Maurice H. Mandelbaum, Ida D. Mandel ..... 21—18
Patrick J. Muldoon, Sarah Cardoso ..... 29—27
Harold J. O'Donnell, Frances T. Shumaker ..... 21—21
George E. Bailey, Anna Strochman ..... 20—20
Charles E. Cadle, Cecil Swayze ..... 21—21
Robert J. Simmons, Mabel M. Coleman ..... 21—22
Joseph A. Sweeney, Delia Hastings ..... 40—26
William Cahill, Margaret Cahill ..... 26—19
Frederic H. Sabin, St. Paul, Minn.; May ..... 27—20
William B. Chapman, Florence I. Gage ..... 27—24
Benjamin Stron, Bella Joseph ..... 21—21
Harry M. Hall, Stella Hall ..... 24—24
Josef Bodzroh, Maryanna Cihon ..... 29—24
Frank Sangoolna, Filomena Di Meo ..... 21—17
Charles A. Hall, Hattie M. Strife ..... 23—21
Harry E. Todd, Bertha M. Platt ..... 24—19
Joseph O'Brien, Tillie Dallos ..... 29—20
John J. Schmeil, Anna Schissing ..... 29—29
William H. Stack, Margaret O'Laughlin ..... 26—21
Arthur B. Hawes, Anne L. Timberlake ..... 29—27
Frank Tiedje, Alice B. Alpers ..... 29—20
Thomas F. Pallas, Alamabell Chappell ..... 29—20
Albert H. Woodworth, Lillian Crosbie ..... 29—22
Albert H. Parge, Ella Glahn ..... 29—20
Albert H. Proesel, Edith L. Knittel ..... 29—20
Albert Bastendeer, Sophie Richards ..... 29—20
Harold R. Murray, Ellen T. Shumaker ..... 21—21
Joseph Roubitschek, Hermina Freund ..... 29—20
Joseph A. Alabeck, St. Paul, Minn.; Vida Anderson ..... 21—24
Norman N. Barnard, Myrtle A. Reed ..... 21—21
Frank Jennis, Jennie Foley ..... 24—21
Frederick Conn, Emma Fiel ..... 29—20
Charles Shaunessey, Martha Guthier ..... 29—20
Michael M. Roketson, Ida Roketson ..... 24—20
William M. Larkin, Evangeline M. Grace ..... 20—20
Frank F. Collins, Millie Arndt ..... 29—20
Joseph F. Roberts, Caroline G. Hochiener ..... 29—21
Frank F. Roberts, Bertha M. Margetis ..... 29—21
Joseph Siviercad, Julia Siviercad ..... 29—20
Frank Hennings, Mayme Canalher ..... 29—21
Thomas H. Jones, Annie M. Scanlon ..... 29—21
Charles Thornberg, Laura Lockhart ..... 29—20
Frank P. McAlister, Mary T. Murray ..... 29—20
Joseph Consiline, Margaret Lyons ..... 29—20
Joseph Kolodziejcyk, Rozalja Provok ..... 29—20
Frank Andersen, Florence M. Thomas ..... 29—20
Joseph Petrev, Mary Vina ..... 29—19
Frank Stack, Lydia E. Moore ..... 29—24
Thomas M. Jordon, Lizzie Kinkelman ..... 29—24
Harry E. Ewing, Emma L. Geske ..... 29—21
Joseph Malecie, Anna Stak ..... 29—19
Frank Kamilla Nelson ..... 29—24
Joseph Smerich, Lizzie Russell ..... 29—20
Joseph Chinsey, Elizabeth Sudworth ..... 29—20
Albert B. Randall, Meta Schuettge ..... 29—20
Frank A. Rounds, Olive N. Allen ..... 29—20
Frank Long, Stella R. Childs ..... 29—20
Joseph Machinski, Mary Murphy ..... 29—20
Joseph Masanowski, Emilja Chrzanstiowka ..... 29—18
Joseph Kaspar, Ida Voikow ..... 29—20
Joseph Kosek, Anna Gikowski ..... 21—21
Thomas Burton, Agnes C. Murphy ..... 29—20
Alfred L. Emond, Stella Labee ..... 37—34
Albert Gillick, Marian Trumm ..... 29—20
Joseph Fitzpatrick, Jennie M. Butler ..... 29—21
Joseph Mailhot, Grade Hardy ..... 29—20
Frank Ayer, Anna Cohen ..... 21—19
Joseph Mary E. McDonnell ..... 21—19

NEW INCORPORATIONS.

THE SECRETARY OF STATE AT SPRINGfield yesterday licensed the following corporations:

The Manufacturing company, Jacksonville; $25,000; manufacturing articles from wood. Incorporators, William W. G. Helm, Joel Helm, Elmo T. Helm.

Dr. G. Hay Kay Medicine company, Chicago; $5,000; manufacturing proprietary remedies. Incorporators, Jarvis G. Haley, Sarah J. Haley, J. Manning.

The Lansingh company, Chicago; capital, $10,000; manufacturing electrical and illuminating supplies. Incorporators, W. T. Lansingh, W. G. M. D. Howe.

The Light and Fuel company, Warren; $16,000; furnishing light and fuel from petroleum. Incorporators, T. H. Hemphorn, W. J. Howe.

The Hebrew Butcher association, Chicago; benefit, pleasure and mutual protection. Incorporators, Abram Tampolsky, Charles Epstein.

UNDERTAKERS.

ESTABLISHED 1854.
C. H. JORDAN & CO.,
JORDAN, CADY M. JORDAN.
2336 EAST MADISON-ST., CHICAGO.
TELEPHONE—SOUTH PARK 307.
C. A. BUILDING, EVANSTON, ILL.

THE TITLE BUFFUM [20 YEARS WITH THE late Jordan] and A. P. PERRIGO, undertakers, 3458 Wabash-av. Telephone South 964. Chapel if desired. Carriage in attendance to all parts of the city.

OFFICIAL WEATHER FORECAST.

OFFICE OF CHIEF OF WEATHER BUREAU, Washington, D. C., June 10.—Forecast:

For Illinois—Showers in north, fair in south portion Wednesday, warmer in northeast portion, Thursday fair except showers in northeast portion, variable winds.

For Ohio—Partly cloudy Wednesday, Thursday showers, fresh east winds.

For Indiana—Showers and warmer in north, fair in south portion Wednesday, Thursday showers with cooler in south portion, variable winds.

For Lower Michigan—Showers Wednesday, except fair in northeast portion, Thursday showers, fresh east winds.

For Upper Michigan—Showers Wednesday and Thursday, fresh winds, mostly east.

For Minnesota—Showers Wednesday, Thursday fair, variable winds.

For Iowa—Showers and cooler Wednesday, Thursday fair.

For Missouri—Fair in south, showers and cooler in north portion Wednesday, Thursday fair.

For Nebraska—Showers, thunder-storms, and cooler Wednesday, Thursday fair.

For South Dakota—Cooler Wednesday, with fair in west and showers in central and eastern portions, Thursday fair.

For North Dakota—Fair in west, showers in east portion Wednesday, followed by fair, cooler in northwest portion, Thursday fair.

Place of observation.	Thermometer.	Max. temp.	Direction of wind.	Precipitation 24 hours.	State of weather.
Time taken:					
June 10, 8 p. m.					
Abilene	82	64	S.E.	.04	Clear
Albany	62	64	E.	.36	Fair
Alpena	54	62	S.E.	.20	Clear
Atlanta	74	92	S.	....	Clear
Amarillo	66	88	S.	....	Clear
Battleford	58	68	W.	....	Clear
Bismarck	60	64	W.	.06	Fair
Buffalo	60	62	W.	.02	Fair
Boston	60	62	W.	....	Fair
Cairo	68	72	S.W.	.02	Clo'dy
Calgary	50	64	N.	....	Clear
Charlotte	72	84	E.	....	Fair
Cheyenne	78	84	N.	....	Clear
Chicago	64	80	W.	....	Fair
Cincinnati	64	80	W.	....	Clo'dy
Cleveland	78	82	S.W.	....	Clear
Concordia	72	92	S.W.	....	Clear
Davenport	66	88	W.	....	Fair
Denver	64	88	W.	....	Clo'dy
Des Moines	68	90	S.W.	....	Clear
Detroit	62	74	W.	....	Clo'dy
Dodge	70	74	N.E.	....	Clo'dy
Dubuque	74	90	W.	....	Fair
Duluth	48	56	N.E.	....	Rain
El Paso	66	96	N.E.	....	Clo'dy
Edmonton	50	60	W.	....	Clo'dy
Galveston	80	90	S.	.04	Fair
Grand Haven	62	68	W.	....	Clear
Green Bay	58	64	W.	.06	Clo'dy
Havre	52	66	W.	.10	Clo'dy
Helena	70	76	W.	....	Clear
Huron	78	92	W.	....	Clear
Indianapolis	78	82	S.	.06	Fair
Jacksonville	78	86	S.	....	Clear
Kansas City	70	94	S.	....	Clear
Lander	62	86	W.	....	Fair
Little Rock	82	88	W.	....	Clear
Los Angeles	64	74	W.	....	Fair
Marquette	60	60	E.	....	Clo'dy
Memphis	76	88	S.W.	....	Clear
Medicine Hat	56	82	N.W.	....	Clear
Milwaukee	64	78	N.	.14	Clo'dy
Minnedosa	52	68	W.	....	Clo'dy
Minnesota	62	68	E.	....	Clo'dy
Montgomery	74	92	W.	....	Clear
Montreal	54	62	W.	....	Fair
Nashville	68	82	W.	.11	Clear
New Orleans	78	90	S.	....	Clear
New York City	68	74	W.	....	Clo'dy
Norfolk	70	78	W.	....	Clear
North Platte	70	92	S.	....	Clear
Oklahoma	68	88	S.W.	....	Clear
Omaha	70	92	S.W.	....	Clear
Oswego	52	62	S.W.	.12	Fair
Palestine	92	90	S.W.	....	Clear
Parkersburg	72	90	W.	....	Clear
Philadelphia	74	78	W.	....	Fair
Pittsburg	74	78	W.	....	Clo'dy
Quebec	48	60	N.E.	....	Clear
Qu'Appelle	54	66	N.E.	....	Clear
Rapid City	80	88	N.	....	Clear
San Antonio	92	94	S.E.	....	Clear
San Francisco	52	62	W.	....	Clear
St. Louis	90	92	S.	....	Clear
St. Paul	68	72	N.E.	....	Clo'dy
Salt Lake City	58	68	N.W.	....	Clear
Ste. Marie	52	68	N.W.	.18	Fair
Springfield, Ill.	68	82	N.	....	Fair
Springfield, Mo.	78	88	S.W.	....	Clear
Vicksburg	82	92	N.	....	Clear
Washington	78	82	S.	....	Clear
White River	62	86	S.W.	.14	Clear
Williston	72	80	N.	....	Clear
Winnipeg	50	66	E.	....	Clo'dy
Wichita	74	90	E.	....	Clear

OFFICIAL DEATH RECORD.

THE FOLLOWING BURIAL PERMITS WERE issued by the Health Department yesterday:

Ailin, Benjamin C., 55; 1559 Michigan-av., June 10.
Agreakam, Kingi, 37; 96 Ewing-st., June 8.
Bender, Rose, 58; 720 Lytle-st., June 7.
Brintnall, Solva, 84; 3438 Wabash-av., June 8.
Book, Polly, 65; 1906 Adams-st., June 9.
Bortysers, Beth, 11; 1147 Ist.-st., June 9.
Clark, Harriet, 50; 835 W. Chicago-av., June 9.
Cook, Grace, 42; 964 Cleveland-av., June 7.
Dowling, Thomas F., 40; 3082 5th-av., June 8.
Dunlap, Clara C., 86; 22 St. Johns-pl., June 9.
Doty, Walter, 34; 3140 Grande-av., June 7.
Enright, John P., 6; 600 W. 15th-st., June 8.
Eitermann, Johan, 67; 431 W. Chicago-av., June 7.
Fisherman, Sophie L., 2; 1147 1st.-st., June 9.
Gross, Augusta, 59; 62 Gardner-st., June 10.
Goodall, Laura, 37; 2721 Armour-av., June 10.
Gill, Bridget, 51; 964 Cleveland-av., June 7.
Hall, Harry J., 25; 5546 Drexel-av., June 9.
Hessman, Minnie, 24; 770 N. Ashland-av., June 8.
Hibsard, Robert B., 58; 6340 5th-av., June 7.
Holts, Carolina, 52; 469 Superior-st., June 8.
Hill, Edwin B. H., 53; 64 S. Carpenter-st., June 9.
Johnson, Louis F., 47; 2 Center-av., June 8.
Lassen, Henry, 63; 2412 Mozart-st., June 9.
Lakin, Benjamin, 33; 232 W. Division-st., June 8.
Littleton, James, 59; 3129 Wentworth-av., June 8.
Markham, Francis H., 54; 3403 Calumet-av., June 8.
Marks, Morris, 19; 606 Halsted-st., June 9.
Meyer, Henry, 69; 331 N. Marshfield-av., June 9.
Malster, William, 71; German American Hospital, June 9.
Miderska, Martin, 51; 912 19th-st., June 8.
Murtagh, Annie, 8; 659 W. 14th-pl., June 9.
Mackenzie, Justina, 18; 67 and 69 Randolph-st., June 6.
Oels, Genoveva, 72; 818 N. Talman-av., June 9.
O'Brien, Patrick, 54; 3626 Emerald-av., June 8.
Perry, Lottie, 21; 810 Ist.-st., June 9.
Potter, Roy, 13; 6818 Wabash-av., June 7.
Rohde, Wilhelmina, 61; 70 Orchard-st., June 9.
Schaefer, Helena, 24; 4444 Morton-st., June 9.
Smith, R. N. L., 70; 239 W. 63d-st., June 9.
Sporleder, Ellen, 8; 845 N. Clark-st., June 9.
Wilson, Charles, 66; 1067 Van Buren-st., June 8.
Zmuda, Thomas, 6; 1027 W. 19th-st., June 9.

BUILDING PERMITS.

THE FOLLOWING PERMITS WERE ISSUED yesterday by the Building department:

Nels Bjelke, two 2-story brick dwellings, 2370-2374 N. Hermitage-av. ..... $ 5,000
J. K. Dunn, 2-story brick flat, 880 S. Central Park-av. 4,000
H. C. Lemke, two 2-story brick flats, 486 N. Ashland-av. 5,000
Hyde Bros., two 2-story brick stores and lofts, 1005-1007 W. 12th-st. 20,000
William Murphy, 2-story brick flat, 1312 S. 45d-av. 10,000
J. C. Cockburn, three 1-story brick cottages, 2062-2066 Harvard-st. 2,400
J. C. Cockburn, two 1-story brick cottages, 2068-2070 Harvard-st. 6,000
Patronet Cesko Slovanska ochotny, 4-story brick store and meeting-house, 568 to 572 W. 18th-st. 4,000
T. Grabowski, 1-story brick addition, 950 S. Winchester-av. 40,000
V. A. Heckel, 2-story brick flat, 7022 Adams-st. 2,500
Abel Gand, 2-story brick flat, 577 McLean-av. 2,000
J. C. Cochran, two 1-story brick cottages, 2100-2104 La Moyne-av. 1,500
Charles Glaser, 1-story brick cottage, 2710 S. 41st-st. 2,600
F. J. Casey, four 1-story brick stores, 147 to 153 Irving Park-blvd. 1,100
 10,000

HEALTH DEPARTMENT ON WATER.

GOOD LAKE VIEW. GOOD CHICAGO AVE. GOOD 14TH ST GOOD HYDE PARK.

All other stations good.

Lake View station supplies all territory north of Fullerton avenue. Chicago avenue station supplies all territory between Fullerton avenue and Kinsie street. Fourteenth street station supplies all territory between Kinsie and Thirty-ninth streets, and Hyde Park all territory south of Thirty-ninth street except the Stock-Yards. The Rogers Park station supplies the district from Devon avenue north to the city limits.

FOREIGN MAIL SCHEDULE.

FOREIGN MAILS WILL CLOSE AT THE CHIcago Postoffice today, June 11, as follows:

For Switzerland, Spain, Portugal, Turkey, Egypt, Greece, British India, Belgium, and Cape Colony, 4:30 p. m.
For Cuba, 6 p. m.
For Alaska, 9 p. m.
For Jamaica, via Boston, 12 p. m.
For Costa Rica, 5 p. m.

F. E. COYNE, Postmaster.

MONUMENTS.

CHAS. G. BLAKE & CO., 719 WOMAN'S TEMPLE. Reliable makers of monuments and mausoleums.

FLORISTS.

H. N. BRUNS, 1409 WEST MADISON-ST. Artistic floral designs at lowest prices.

REAL ESTATE TRANSFERS.

REAL ESTATE TRANSFERS FILED FOR RECord on Tuesday, June 10, 1902:

Monroe-av., 250 n of 59th-av., w. f. 65x188. June 7 [Wm. S. Freeman to University of Chicago] $18,000
Woodlawn-av., 118 n of 47th-st., e. f. 50x100. April 25 [Frank G. Kammerer to August Wallentin of St. Paul, Minn.] 13,500
Cologne-st., 206 w of Quarry, s. f. 55½ through to S. Branch Chicago River. May 29 [L. A. Seeberger to Commonwealth Electric Co.] 7,000
79th-st., n w cor Eggleston-av., s. f. 24x96. June 6 [F. N. Barney et al., by M. H. C. to Alton Parkhurst] 6,624
Clark-av., 288 s of Fink-st., e f. 32x125.80. June 4 [K. Schackman to Jennie P. Elliott] 6,800
Vincennes-av., 139 n s of 74th-st., n w f. 20x125. June 6 [S. Domby to Alton Parkhurst] 6,271
Buena Park-terrace, 141 w of Fremont-st., n f. 20x100. June 4 [N. B. White to Kate M. Loomis] 5,500
Waller-av., 250 n of Washington-st., w f. 60x175. May 28 [T. J. Sullivan to Harry A. Sullivan] 5,000
Ohio-st., 236 e of Prairie-av., N. s f. 41x140. June 2 [H. F. Austin to Allen A. Mirick] 4,500
Noble-st., 168 s of Blackhawk-st., e f. 24x124½. June 7 [H. Ibsom to H. Pendzinski] 3,750
3618 Rhodes-av., 20x125. March 17, 1888 [H. J. Larned et al. to Benjamin G. and Mabel E. Brown] 3,700
Bishop-st., 106 n of 50th, e f. 25x124. May 12 [F. H. Bartlett to Luke S. Coghlan] 3,600
Union-av., 223 n of 23d, w f. 24x100. Consideration $2,000. May 26 [C. Hanna to Katherine G. and Francis G. Rogers] 5,500

REAL ESTATE TRANSFERS.

Washington-blvd., 437 w of Eddie-av., n f. 24x118. June 7 [H. S. Smith et al., by M. C. Dale to Ella E. Ellis] 8,218
Fulton-st., 177 e of S. 45th-av., 25x100. June 9 [A. S. Terrill to James W. Sumner] 2,500
Fulton-st., 25 e of Morgan, s f., 25x90. May 26 [estate of E. F. Hall to Wm. O'Connor] 2,500
Wesson-st., 2045 n of Chicago-av., w f., 20 7-12x75. May 17 [Advance S., L. & H. Assn. to John O'Connor] 2,400
Forquer-st., 295 w of Halsted, n f., 22x105½. June 2 [D. Meccia to Angelo Pinto] 2,360
Ohio-st., n e cor Avers-av., s f., 21½x110 8-10. May 23 [estate of W. Ryan to Bridget Ryan] 2,000
45th-st., s w cor Wood, n f., 98x102. Dec. 9, 1901 [A. Vanek to Paul F. Prickow] 2,000
Wood-st., n e cor Brigham, w f., 24x100. May 7 [M. H. Christopherson to Paul Schmidt] 2,000
Hermitage-av., 166 n of 48th-st., e f., 24x125. April 29 [H. Klein to Frederick H. Barfield] 1,000
Blue Island-av., 181 n of Leavitt-st., e f., 24x100. May 29 [F. McCarthy to Michael T. Heinberger] 1,500
Humboldt-blvd., 120 w of Fairfield-av., s f., 24x100. June 2 [R. D. Elder to Heinrich Graefe] 1,500
Elizabeth-av., 99 s of 86th-st., e f., 100x126. June 9 [R. Craig to Bostivus H. Sullivan] 1,500
Commercial-av., 275 s of 97th-st., w f., 26x132½. May 25 [G. Wilcox to Conrad Osmundsen] 1,500
50th-pl., n cor Francisco-av., s f., 25x121. June 5 [I. M. Cobe to Rosa Deering] 1,200
Argyle-st., 608 w of Evanston-av., s f., 50x144. May 24 [W. Hornhof to Leonard Hiltner] 1,150
Albany-av., s w cor 38th-pl., e f., 66x125. May 27 [Brighton Park S. & L. Assn. to John F. Mahon] 1,000
Hermitage-av., 151 s of 51st-st., e f., 50x125. June 7 [V. L. Woodward to Bostivus H. Sullivan] 1,000
Shields-av., 101 n of 115th-st., w f., 25x122 8-10. May 27 [O. L. Watson to Marilla E. Goodyear] 1,000
Jackson-av., 197 s of 65th-st., s f., 40x120½. Incumbrance $10,000. Feb. 1 [Pauline McLester to Granville W. Browning] 1
12th-st., 283 w of Western-av., s f., 20 1-8x125. June 9 [C. H. Murphy to Dominick Flatter] 1
Jackson-st., 25 w of Mozart, n f., 25x125. June 6 [J. Tesch to Clara Gross] 1
Edgecomb-pl., 329 w of Evanston-av., n f., 50x130. June 6 [G. F. Lydston to Josie M. Lydston] 1
Wabash-av., 122, 25x111. June 9 [Wilhelm Luckow to Catherina Selpp] 12,750
Fisk-pl., n e cor Lumber, s f., 41x207, or through to Allen's Canal. June 9 [Louis A. Sasseberger to Commonwealth Electric company] 56,700
N. 64th-av., 96 s of Grace-st., w f., 48x125. April 7 [W. A. Ewing to Frederick F. Schaefer] 2,200
Giddings-st., 75 w of Hamilton-av., s f., 37x122. Incumbered $1,700. June 3 [Geo. Baker to Wm. and Ella Goodrich] 3,000
Wood-st., n e cor 37th, w f., 47½x125½. June 9 [E. H. Krueger to John J. Siebert] 2,500
Same property. June 9 [J. J. Siebert to Minnie E. Krueger] 2,500
S. 42d-av., 275 n of Harvard-st., w f., 20x125. May 15 [W. H. McLean to Georgiana A. Murton] 1,800
Mohawk-st., 24 s of Wisconsin, e f., 24x110, and other property. Incumbered $2,000. June 9 [F. Rapp to Julius Klein] 3,000
Same property. June 10 [Julius Klein to Margaretha Rapp] 3,000
Sheffield-av., 240 s of Webster-av., s f., 25x123.9. June 9 [H. J. W. Moeller to Harry M. Brown] 7,500
Bosworth-av., 141 n of Addison-st., e f., 50x123¾. June 6 [estate of H. Kaiser to William Stephan] 1,800
62d-pl., 210 e of Spaulding-av., s f., 50x132. Incumbered $1,200. June 2 [Wm. C. Collins to Arthur Maynard] 3,200
Lawrence-av., 140 w of Linder-st., s f., 81 7-10x126 7/8-100. June 9 [L. E. Peters to Carolina Degerman] 1,850
Sheridan-rd., 50 s of Thorndale-av., s f., 35 91-0x150. May 29 [John H. McDowell to John A. Bryant] 8,500
Gidings-st., 125 w of Hamilton-av., s f., 37x122. June 6 [E. J. Credger to Martin Madison] 1,000
Edgecomb-pl., 184 e of Sheridan-rd., s f., 18 1-8x129. Oct. 21, 1901 [Hiram D. Fargo to Margaret C. Kearney] 4,800
Orchard-pl., s e cor of Garfield-av., w f., 24x124½, undivided 1-4 interest. June 10 [Helena Ernzen to Christian Kuhn or Solomon, Sarah and Rebecca Kuhn, Margareth Massion, Maria C. and Susanna Kuhn, all of Chicago] 2,000
Same property, undivided 1-4 interest. June 10 [Frank Kuhn to same] 2,000
38th-st., 200 e of St. Louis-av., n f., 20x124, and other property [Commercial L. & S. Assn. to Moses C. Myers] 11,000
Garfield-blvd., 50 e of Elizabeth-st., n f., 25x126. June 10 [M. Horan to Thomas and Margaret Ryan] 4,500
Paulina-st., 31 n of Fletcher, w f., 31.2x96. June 5 [H. P. Berg to Wiebke Lampert] 4,000

LAKE SHIPPING NEWS.

Freights and Charters.

Grain rates were without change at 1¼ cents from the South Branch and 1¼ cents from the North Branch and South Chicago. Charters: To Buffalo—Armour, Denver, Topeka, corn.

Soo Channel Cleared.

SAULT STE. MARIE, Mich., June 10.—The channel of the American Soo was cleared at 3:30 this afternoon and the work of moving the fleets began immediately.

Vessel Movements.

LORAIN, O.—Arrived—John McWilliams.

SHEBOYGAN, Wis.—Arrived—Crosthwaite.

PORT COLBORNE, Ont.—Down—Queen of the Lakes, Imperial.

MANITOWOC, Wis.—Arrived—Morley. Departed—Binghamton, Buffalo.

CONNEAUT, O.—Arrived — Schuck. Cleared—Light—Hart, Oliver, Duluth.

FAIRPORT, O.—Arrived—Wilkesbarre. Cleared—St. Paul, Duluth; Emma Light, Ashland.

SOUTH CHICAGO—Cleared—Edward Buckley, Manitatee; Poe, Roebling, Duluth; Parnell, Buffalo.

HARBOR BEACH, Mich.—Sheltered—Green, McBrier, Olson, Spaulding, Garibaldi, Yacht Togah.

BUFFALO, N. Y.—Arrived—Mercur. Cleared—Light—Flower, Gladstone, Chicago; Duncan, Kelley, Duluth; Emma Light, Ashland.

ASHLAND, Wis.—Arrived—Folsom. Cleared—Johnson, Helvetia, Albright, Corsica, ore, Lake Erie. Light—Chisholm, Duluth.

TWO HARBORS, Minn.—Arrived—Hesper, One Hundred Seventeen, Cleared—Fairbairn, Admiral, Holley, Manda, McDougal, Lake Erie.

CLEVELAND, O.—Arrived—Saturn, Stafford, Chickamauga. Cleared—Mapledale, Clearer, Mary Mitchell, Chicago. Light — Yosemite, Norton, Manitou.

ASHTABULA, O.—Arrived—Luzon, Nicholas, Wawyer, Thompson, Iron King, Iron Queen. Cleared—Coal—Business, Marquette. Light—Gilchrist, Osborne, Duluth.

ERIE, Pa.—Arrived — Tokio, Raleigh, Eddy, Baltic, Aberdeen. Cleared—Coal—St. Clair, Port Burwell, Light — Tyson, Carpenter, Cleveland; Hiawatha, Saginaw; can furnish bonds

STURGEON BAY, Wis.—Down—Ames and consort, Wilson, 9:30 a. m.; Hilton, Grummond, Quicksteps, 10; Colborn, 12:30 p. m.; Markham, 3; Bob, 4; just right; Jim Brown, 5; Ida, 6; Wilson, 9; Dresden, 10:30; Otis, 4 p. m.; Chipman, Wyman, 4:30; Sawyer, 7; Stephenson, 7:30.

FULTON-SUPERIOR — Arrived — Mahoning, Troy, Portage, Lake Shore, Frank Peavey, Cobb, Sawyer, Redfern, Scran

WANTED—MALE HELP.

Salesmen, Solicitors, Etc.

SALESMEN—TO START BRANCH STORES—The largest wholesale tailoring house offers a fine opportunity to experienced tailoring or clothing salesmen of good reputation; to such men they will furnish a complete equipment, including woolens in the piece, to start a modern merchant tailoring business; no investment required on part of the salesmen; salaries guaranteed to right parties; many men who started in this way a year or two ago are now well established merchants. For further particulars address M. K. SHANNON, Lock Box 329, Chicago.

SALESMEN—EXPERIENCED, FOR SMOKED meats and delicatessen; also harness and horse goods. Apply Superintendent. THE FAIR.

SALESMEN—FOR THE MIDDLE WEST ON recent noted, high-class publication, extensively advertised, to follow up inquiries; territory thoroughly prepared by letters and advertisements; no promiscuous canvassing; must be well educated and under 45; opportunity for college man, young lawyer, or forceful minister to make $200 per month; successful beginning to man who can qualify. Call or write. 1107 National Life Bldg., Chicago.

SALESMEN—SOLICITORS—THE SUREST APpeal to a man's heart is the best made through his pocket. This applies to you as well as your subjects, and all are available; an interview will convince you that we have the right proposition. Twelve men for city, special and general agents. 310-312 Reaper Block, corner Clark and Washington-sts.

SOLICITOR — FIRST-CLASS, HIGH-PRICED solicitor; must be well educated, of excellent address, and a hustler; experience in advertising, insurance, or building and loan of advantage; good remunerative position to man selected. Address P 284, Tribune office.

SALESMEN EXCLUSIVE COUNTY SALESmen for Indiana; good for permanent growing business to sell our guaranteed goods through the country; 100 per cent profit; salesman furnishes team; we furnish the goods and he pays for them when sold; give experience. Address Box 87, Detroit, Mich.

SALESMEN—OF BUSINESS EXPERIENCE and good address; the right party will secure profitable employment and good pay. Apply between 9 and 12 a. m. International Society [DAVIS]. 131 Wabash-av.

SALESMEN—EVERYWHERE; HIGH-GRADE staple article, exceptional merit [aids line]; sample weighs half a pound; big seller to dry goods, department, furniture, and hardware trade. Standard Mfg. Co., 52 State-st., Chicago.

SOLICITOR—LUMBER. AND SALESMAN; CITY retail yard; experienced; refs. C 867, Tribune.

SOLICITORS—EXPERIENCED ON NEWSPAper premiums; high will easily see the profit in new and very favorable proposition; $6 daily averaged; give age, experience, and references. Address H. BLAKE WILLSDEN, second floor, 352 Wabash-av.

SOLICITORS—TO SELL OIL STOCK; HAVE struck oil; liberal commissions. Call between 12 and 1. HILL, 901, 155 La Salle-st.

SOLICITORS—TO INTRODUCE A CASH PREmium coupon with purchase in and out of city. Room 209 Great Northern Building.

SOLICITORS — FIRST-CLASS; PRINTING; good inducements. Room 65, 85 Fifth-av.

SPECIALTY SALESMAN—HIGH GRADE, TO call on country trade with entirely new proposition; liberal contract to right man. Address C 544, Tribune office.

TRAVELING SALESMEN—FOR ENGINEER'S supplies. Call or write for the best side line ever offered; first-class men only wanted. Mfr., 800 Ashland Block.

TRAVELING SALESMAN—TO SELL A LINE OF silk skirts for a well-known house. Address, stating territory, former connections, and conditions, A 881, Tribune office.

TRAVELING SALESMEN—SIX, TO INTRODuce specialty; those experienced soliciting trustes preferred; state experience. Address M C 696, Tribune office.

TRAVELING SALESMEN—TWO; MUST BE EXpert machinists; good salary to A1 men; permanent position. Address B 861, Tribune office.

TRAVELING SALESMAN — TO SELL JEWelry and novelties. PEDESTAL ERGE & CO., Market and Jackson.

TRAVELING SALESMAN—GROCERS' SUNdries; expenses and com. T 564, Tribune office.

UNIVERSITY AND COLLEGE MEN DURING their vacation make $25 to $50 weekly handling the Little Masterpieces of Literature sold with the Review of Reviews Magazine; liberal commission; unnecessary. HENRY H. WHITE, 355 Marquette Bldg.

WE HAVE SALESMEN WHO ARE MAKING $150 per week selling our side line specialty; small sample. Address P 545, Tribune office.

Boys.

BOY—TO ASSIST IN FINE MECHANICAL REpair work and be otherwise helpful in downtown office. Salary moderate to start with. Character references required. Address C 550, Tribune office.

BOY—WEST SIDE, AGE 19, FOR REAL ESTate office; good penman; $6. A. B. NYMAN, 92 La Salle-st.

BOY—FOR GENERAL OFFICE WORK; GOOD writer and quick at figures. Address C 505, Tribune office.

BOY—TAKE CARE OF HORSE AND DO GENeral porter work. 450 E. 63d-st.

BOYS—16 OR 17 YEARS OLD, FOR GOOD, steady employment in shipping-room. Apply to Shipping Clerk, 75 Wabash-av. MARSHALL FIELD & CO.

BOYS—WILLING, BRIGHT, FOR OFFICE AND errands; $6. 124 Monroe-st.

BOYS—TO WORK IN PICTURE FRAME FACtory. S. FRANKLIN & CO., 447 S. Morgan-st.

ERRAND BOY—BRIGHT, AGE 16; $4. A. B. NYMAN, 92 La Salle-st.

OFFICE BOYS — FOUR GOOD; AGE 14 TO 16 years; living on the South Side preferred. Address R V 97, Tribune office.

Trades.

ARCHITECTURAL DRAFTSMAN — STEADY work to good man. 1337-9 Unity Bldg.

BLACKSMITH AND WAGON WORK. 241 Fulton-st.

BLACKSMITHS AND BLACKSMITHS' HELPers to work in the city; good wages paid; also man who can repair car springs. Address A 398, Tribune office.

BOILERMAKER—FIRST-CLASS; ONE WHO can set an a layer-out in boiler shop; also a good flange man; good wages to right parties. Apply Room 600 McCoy's Hotel.

BOILER MAKERS AND HELPERS AND hanger men—Boiling mill, with experience, for work out of town; good wages, free transportation. Call Room 600 McCoy's Hotel.

BUSHELMAN—FOR MEN'S CLOTHING. Apply to Supt., THE FAIR.

BUSHELMEN — FIRST-CLASS; PERMANENT POSITIONS AT GOOD WAGES. APPLY READY FOR WORK. SCHLESINGER & MAYER.

BUTCHER—EXPERIENCED. 110 S. CENTER-av.

CHEWING GUM MAKER — EXPERIENCED and reliable man; steady work. Address R V 66, Tribune office.

DRAFTSMAN—FAMILIAR WITH MECHANIcal work. Apply the G. H. Hammond Co. construction office, 43d-st. and Center-av., U. S. Yards.

EXPERIENCED HARDWOOD FLOORING Machine feeders. Apply MAXWELL BROS., 21st and Loomis-sts.

FOREMAN—FOR SMALL BRASS FOUNDRY in Milwaukee, where very fine work is done; must be thoroughly competent, experienced, and reliable. Address R V 285, Tribune office.

INSIDE ELECTRIC WIREMEN—NON-UNION. Address Box 176, Detroit, Mich., stating experience, references, and wages.

JOB PRINTER—APPLY AMERICAN TAG CO., 1707 S. Clark-st.

MACHINISTS—ROUNDHOUSE AND SHOP with experience, for work out of town; good wages; free transportation. Call Room 600 McCoy's Hotel.

MAN—OF EXPERIENCE IN THE SALAD dressing line to manufacture a new brand; state experience, age, and salary expected. Address A 584, Tribune office.

MECHANIC—OF WIDE GENERAL EXPERIence in blacksmith and forging shop; must be generally informed; competent to superintend. Address P K 12, Tribune office.

MECHANICAL DRAFTSMEN — FIRST-CLASS experienced men; some of them acquainted with electrical work; those with shop experience preferred. Apply by letter to CHIEF DRAFTSMAN, Box 213, Pittsburg, Pa., stating experience in full and giving references.

MOLDERS—SEVERAL FIRST-CLASS MEN, TO go out of town. Apply Sprague Canning Machinery Co., 407, 42 River-st.

PATTERNMAKERS — AMERICAN BRAKE Shoe and Foundry Co., Chicago Heights, Ill.

PHOTOGRAPHER—AN OPERATOR IN ONE OF the leading galleries in New York City; send samples, will return them; good salary. DR. YOUNG'S, 857 Broadway, New York.

PILE DRIVERS—VULCAN IRON WORKS, Chicago.

PRESSERS—EXPERIENCED, ON MEN'S clothing; good wages for first-class men. Apply SCHLESINGER & MAYER.

PROOFREADER—GOOD MAN, FOR JOB OFfice; quick and accurate. C 580, Tribune office.

TAILORS—EXPERIENCED AND WOMEN tailors. Apply Supt., THE HUB.

TINNERS—GOOD JOB WORKMEN PREFERred. Apply Mgr. Pullman Car Works, Pullman, Ill.

YOUNG MEN—STEADY, INDUSTRIOUS, FOR drill and punch press work. Enterprise Co., 154 Lake-st., 3d floor.

House Servants.

HOUSEMAN—$20 PER MONTH; BOARDING-house; refs. required. 147 Ashland-blvd.

Coachmen, Teamsters, Etc.

ASSISTANT TO COACHMAN—FIRST-CLASS. 183 Ashland-blvd.

WANTED—MALE HELP.

Agents Wanted.

AGENTS—WE HAVE FOUR NEW PATENTS that are selling like wild fire and guarantee you $25 per day clear profit; your offers will be such that no man or woman can refuse them; you need no capital; we guarantee to send you complete samples free the day we receive your letter. We want local and general agents and men of ability. To them we offer the opportunity of a lifetime. Write at once and secure outfit and territory. Auto Ershaun Co., 507, Cincinnati, O.

AGENTS — TO SELL FINE GROCERIES IN towns and country direct to consumers; satisfaction guaranteed; steady, profitable, desirable; no capital necessary; established 30 years; headquarters for carload man; local agents with established rep. coffee, and extract trade. G. LOVERIN & BROWNE, Wholesale Grocers, Chicago.

MANUFACTURER WISHES TO COMMUNIcate with an expert selling agent, well acquainted with the railroad purchasing agents in Chicago; liberal commission; best references required. Address R. H. R., Care P. J. Kohl Stationery Store, 234 Wells-st.

THE BUSINESS OF THE FUTURE; MANY ARE making fortunes; you have same chance. The field is large; possibilities unlimited. Let us explain to you the mail order business. Write for our plan, free. Covers every point. Central Supply Co., Kansas City, Mo.

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Ocean Navigation.

AMERICAN LINE
Fast Twin-Screw Express Service.
NEW YORK—SOUTHAMPTON—[LONDON].
Phila.....June 18, 10 am | Phila.....July 16, 10 am
St. Paul.....June 25, 10 am | St. Paul.....July 23, 10 am
St. Louis.....July 2, 10 am | St. Louis.....July 30, 10 am
PHILADELPHIA—QUEENSTOWN—LIVERPOOL.
N'erlandJune 14, 4 pm | West'rl'd.June26, 2:30 pm
Rhy'and..June 21, 10 am | Belgenland.July 5, 9 am
RED STAR LINE.
*NEW STEAMERS OF 12,000 TONS.
NEW YORK—ANTWERP—PARIS.
Twin-Screw S. S. Vaderland...Wed. June 18, noon
Twin-Screw S. S. Vaderland...Sat., June 21, noon
Steamship ..Kroonland...Wed., June 25, noon
Twin-Screw S. S. Zeeland...Sat., July 5, noon
Steamship Friesland, Saturday, July 12, noon
*Twin-Screw S. S. Vaderland...Sat., July 19, noon
Steamship ..Kroonland...Sat., July 26, noon
Twin-Screw S. S. Zeeland...Sat., July 5, noon
INTERNATIONAL NAVIGATION COMPANY.
Tel. Cent. 1111. Dearborn and Washington-sts.

HAMBURG-AMERICAN LINE—
TWIN-SCREW EXPRESS SERVICE.
PLYMOUTH—CHERBOURG—HAMBURG.
Deutschland...June 21 | Pennsylvania.....July 5
F. Bismarck.....June 26 | F. Bismarck.....July 24
And every Thursday hereafter.
These steamers carry no cattle.
TWIN-SCREW PASSENGER SERVICE.
PLYMOUTH—CHERBOURG—HAMBURG.
Patricia.....June 21 | Pennsylvania.....July 5
Blucher.....June 24 | Moltke.....July 16
Waldersee.....July 1 | *Palatia.....July 19
and every Tuesday hereafter.
*For Hamburg direct.
MEDITERRANEAN SERVICE.
NEW YORK—NAPLES—GENOA.
Phoenicia.....June 24
DELIGHTFUL SUMMER CRUISES.
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To Norway, the North Cape, and Spitzbergen, to the Baltic Sea and the capitals of Norway, Sweden, Russia, and Denmark, by the steamers
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NORTH GERMAN LLOYD—
FAST EXPRESS SERVICE.
PLYMOUTH, CHERBOURG, BREMEN.
Kaiser ...June 14, noon | Kaiser...July 19, 10 am
Kaiserin..June 24, 10 am | Kaiserin..July 22, 10 am
Kronprinz..July 1, noon | Kronprinz.July 29, noon
TWIN-SCREW EXPRESS SERVICE.
Cherbourg—Southampton alternately, and Bremen.
Barbar'sa June 12, 10 am | Luise.....July 8, 10 am
Bremen...June 19, 10 am | Wurttemb'g.July 15, 10 am
Friedrich.June 26, 10 am | Barbar'sa July 17, 10 am
MEDITERRANEAN SERVICE.
GIBRALTAR—NAPLES—GENOA.
Lahn.....June 14, noon | Hohenzol'n.July 5, 9 am
Trave.....June 21, 2 am | Lahn.....July 12, 2 am
Main.....July 3, noon | Trave.....July 19, 2 am
OELRICHS & CO., NO. 5 BROADWAY, N. Y.
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Gen. Western Agents, 90 and 92 Dearborn-st.

WHITE STAR LINE—
NEW YORK, QUEENSTOWN, LIVERPOOL.
Teutonic.....June 17 | July 10 | Aug. 20 | Sept. 17
Majestic.....June 18 | July 19 | Aug. 27 | Sept. 18
Oceanic.....June 25 | July 23 | Aug. 27 | Sept. 24
Majestic.....July 2 | July 30 | Sept. 3 | Oct. 1
Celtic.....July 9 | July 30 | Sept. 10 | Oct. 8
Germanic.....July 9 | Aug. 13 | Sept. 10 | Oct. 8
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Tel. Central 159. 94-96 Dearborn-st.

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NAVIGAZIONE GENERALE ITALIANA.
NEW YORK—NAPLES—GENOA—ALEXANDRIA.
Umbria.....June 17 | Liguria.....July 15
Sardegna.....June 28 | Partenope to Alexandria.July 26
Sicilia.....July 8 | Archimede.....Aug. 5
New steamers. Dining-room on promenade deck.
Apply for further information to any agent or
HIRZEL, FELTMANN & CO., 11 Broadway, N. Y.
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Sailings every Thursday at 10 a. m.
La Touraine...June 19 | July 17 | Aug. 14 | Sept. 25
La Bretagne...June 26 | July 24 | Aug. 21 | Oct. 2
La Bretagne...July 3 | July 31 | Sept. 11 | ——
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New magnificent modern twin-screw
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Twin-Screw Steamer ROTTERDAM.....June 14, 10 A. M.
Twin-Screw Steamer NOORDAM.....June 28, 10 A. M.
Twin-Screw Steamer STATENDAM.....July 12, 10 A. M.
Apply to HOLLAND-AMERICA LINE,
90 and 92 Dearborn-st. Phone Central 3840.

CUNARD LINE— ESTABLISHED 1840.
New York—Boston—Queenstown—Liverpool.
Etruria.....June 14 | July 12 | Aug. 9 | Sept. 6
Campania.....June 18 | July 16 | Aug. 13 | Sept. 10
Umbria.....June 28 | July 26 | Aug. 23 | Sept. 20
Lusania.....July 5 | Aug. 2 | Aug. 30 | Sept. 27
Saxonia [new twin-scr.] June 10 | July 8 | Aug. 5
Ivernia [new twin-scr.] June 24 | July 12 | Aug. 19
F. G. WHITING, Mgr., Dearborn and Randolph.
Phone Central 3061.

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ANCHOR LINE STEAMERS—NEW YORK—LONDONDERRY, LIVERPOOL.
Ethiopia.....June 14 | Furnessia.....July 5
Astoria.....June 21 | Anchoria.....July 12
Columbia, twin screw, to Glasgow.....June 25, July 23
Secure choice of berths by early application.
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Pacific Mail S. S. Co., Occidental & Oriental S. S. Co. and Oriental S. S. Co. From San Francisco: Gaelic...June 21; Hongkong Maru...June 25; China, July 8. For passage and freight rates, reservations, sailings, orders and information apply to W. H. AVERY, Agt., 193 Clark-st., Chicago.

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Lake Navigation.

CHICAGO, SAUGATUCK & DOUGLAS TRANS. Co.—To Saugatuck, Pier Cove, and Douglas Tuesdays, Thursdays, and Saturdays, 5 p. m., from Northern Dock, foot of Michigan-st. and Milwaukee-av. After June 18 daily except Saturday. Fare $1. 'Phone Cent. 674.

BARRY LINE STEAMERS TO MILWAUKEE and Racine, 7 p. m.; fare $1.50. For Waukegan and Kenosha, commencing Tuesday, June 10, daily 6:30 p. m. For all West Shore ports and Little Traverse Bay, Mondays, Wednesdays, and Thursdays, and Saturdays, 7:45 p. m. Dock east end Michigan-st. Phone Central 1749.

GOODRICH LINE STEAMERS, $1 TO MILWAUkee and Racine, 5 p. m. daily; $1 to Grand Haven and Muskegon, $2.50 to Grand Rapids, 7:45 p. m., Tues., Thurs., and Sat. Docks foot Michigan-av. City office, 103 Adams-st. Telephone Central 74.

BARRY MUSKEGON LINE TO GRAND RAPids, Grand Haven, Muskegon, Michigan points, Monday, Wednesday, Friday, Saturday at 7:45 p. m. North end Rush-st. bridge. 'Phone Cent. 1467.

SOUTH HAVEN LINE STEAMERS TO SOUTH Haven and Michigan points, daily 9:30 a. m. and 11:30 p. m. Dock 1 Rush-st. 'Phone Cent. 1467.

STEAMSHIP LINES.

Lake Navigation.

NORTHERN MICHIGAN TRANSPORTATION Co. Str. Chippewa City Charlevoix leaves Chicago Tuesdays 1 p. m., Fridays 7 p. m., for Ludington, Manistee, Frankfort, Traverse City, Charlevoix, Petoskey, and Harbor Springs. Str. Illinois leaves Chicago Wednesdays 1 p. m., Saturdays 4 p. m., for above ports (except Frankfort), including Mackinac Island. Through tickets to Lake Superior and Eastern resorts. Office and dock, east end Michigan-st. Tel. Cent. 673 and 674. Downtown offices, City Adams-st., 220, 224, and 228 S. Clark-st., and Scott's ticket offices.

GRAHAM & MORTON LINE — ST. JOSEPH, BENTON HARBOR, and Paw Paw Lake, daily 9:30 a. m. and 11:30 p. m. SUNDAY EXCURSIONS 10 a. m. $1 round trip. SPECIAL—First Sunday afternoon trip, June 1, 2 p. m.
GRAND RAPIDS SHORT LINE, connecting at Ottawa Beach with entire Pere Marquette Rv. system—$1.50 to Grand Rapids, $1 to Holland, $1.20 to Saugatuck, $1.25 to Allegan, every night at 8:45. Dock foot Wabash-av. Phone Cent. 2102.

RAILWAY TIME TABLES.

WESTERN ROADS.

CHICAGO AND NORTH-WESTERN RAILWAY. Ticket offices, 212 Clark St. (Telephone Central 2121), Canal and Kinzie Sts. Chatelaine. Leave. Arrive.
The Overland Limited" for Sleeping Car passengers only.....† 8.30 pm* 9.15 am
Des Moines, Omaha, Salt Lake, San Francisco, Los Angeles, Portland.....†11.30 pm* 9.15 am
Denver, Omaha, Sioux City.....† 8.30 pm* 7.00 pm
Des Moines, Council Bluffs.....†11.30 pm* 7.00 am
Des Moines, Cedar Rapids.....† 8.45 pm* 9.30 am
Council Bluffs, Omaha, Des Moines.....*11.30 pm* 7.00 am
Sioux City, Mason City, Fairmont.....† 8.45 pm* 9.30 am
Fort Dodge and Madison.....*11.45 pm* 7.00 am
Northern Iowa and Dakotas.....*11.45 pm* 7.00 am
Dixon, Clinton, Cedar Rapids.....*12.30 pm* 1.30 pm
Rock Island and Davenport.....*10.00 am* 4.30 pm
St. Paul, Minneapolis, Duluth.....*10.00 am* 7.00 am
St. Paul, Minneapolis, Eau Claire, Hudson, Stillwater.....† 8.00 pm* 7.00 am
Winona, La Crosse, Sparta, Mankato, Wisconsin and Minnesota points.....† 8.00 pm* 7.00 am
Western Minnesota and Dakotas.....† 8.00 pm* 7.00 am
Fond du Lac, Oshkosh, Menasha, Appleton, Green Bay.....*11.30 am* 1.15 pm
Oshkosh, Appleton Junction.....† 5.00 pm*11.30 am
Green Bay and Menominee.....† 5.00 pm* 9.30 am
Ashland, Hurley, Bessemer, Ironwood, and Rhinelander.....†12.00 am* 9.45 am
Oshkosh, Green Bay, Menominee, Marquette and Lake Superior.....† 5.00 pm* 9.30 am
Fond du Lac, Ripon, Berlin.....*10.30 am* 1.30 pm
Rockford and Freeport—Lv. 7.15 am, 12.05 am, *10.30 am, 4.30 pm, 6.15 pm, 11.30 pm*; Ar. 10.00 am, 2.45 pm, 7.30 pm, 1.00 am, 4.00 am, 8.30 am.
Rockford, Freeport and Dubuque—Lv. 12.05 am, 10.30 am, 12.05 pm, 4.30 pm, 11.30 pm*; Ar. 2.45 pm, 7.30 pm, 1.00 am, 4.00 am, 8.30 am.
Rockford, Janesville, Madison—Lv. 12.05 am, 10.30 am, 12.05 pm, 4.30 pm, 11.30 pm*; Ar. 2.45 pm, 7.30 pm, 1.00 am, 4.00 am, 8.30 am.
Janesville, Madison—Lv. 7.45 am, 12.05 pm, 4.30 pm, 11.30 pm*; Ar. 11.05 am, 3.45 pm, 8.30 pm, 2.00 am, 6.00 am, 10.30 am.
Milwaukee—Lv. 7.45 am, 11.00 am, 4.00 am, 7.00 am, 9.00 am, 11.30 am, 4.00 pm, 6.00 pm, 8.00 pm, 11.30 pm*; Ar. 10.00 am, 1.30 pm, 7.30 pm, 10.30 pm, 1.30 am, 4.30 am, 7.30 am, 11.30 am, 3.30 pm, 5.30 pm, 7.30 pm, 10.30 pm.
*Daily. †Except Sunday. ‡Sunday only. §Daily ex. Sunday. ‖Daily ex. Saturday.

CHICAGO, MILWAUKEE AND ST. PAUL RY.—Ticket office, 95 Adams-st. Tel. 2190 Central. Union Passenger Station, Canal, Adams, and Madison-sts. Trains. Leave. Arrive.
Janesville, Madison.....† 7.45 am | † 1.05 pm
Janesville, Madison.....† 4.05 pm | † 9.00 pm
Mineral Point Division.....† 4.05 pm | † 9.00 pm
Madison, Prairie du Chien.....† 9.00 am | † 4.00 pm
Madison & Prairie du Chien.....† 9.00 pm | † 4.00 pm
Delavan-Beloit.....† 9.00 am | † 1.45 pm
Janesville, Madison.....† 3.00 pm | † 7.45 pm
Cedar Rapids, K. City, Dub.....† 3.00 pm | † 1.45 pm
Delavan-Beloit.....† 3.00 pm | † 7.45 pm
Fort Dodge, Fort Dodge Express.....† 3.00 pm | † 1.00 pm
Rockford.....† 3.00 pm | † 10.25 am
Janesville, Madison.....† 4.05 pm | † 9.00 pm
Mineral Point Division.....† 4.05 pm | † 9.00 pm
Madison, Prairie du Chien.....† 4.05 pm | † 9.00 pm
Omaha, Kansas City Express.....† 4.05 pm | † 9.00 pm
N. Iowa, S. Minn., Dakota.....† 6.15 pm | † 8.55 pm
Omaha, C. Bluffs, Rockford.....† 6.15 pm | † 8.55 pm
Omaha, C. Bluffs, Minneapolis, St. Paul, Minneapolis—The Pioneer Limited.....† 6.15 pm | † 8.30 pm
Green Bay, Fountain City, Winona, Hiawatha, Calumet, Marq.....*10.30 pm | * 7.00 am
C. Rapids, K. City, Ft. City Express.....*10.30 pm | *10.00 am
Wausau, Minocqua, Star Lake.....*10.30 pm | * 7.00 am
C. Rapids, K. City, Ft. City.....*10.30 pm | *10.00 am
N. Iowa, S. Minn., Dakota.....*10.55 pm | *10.55 pm
Omaha, C. Bluffs, Denver.....*10.55 pm | *10.55 pm
Kansas City, St. Joseph.....*10.55 pm | *11.30 a.
*Daily. †Except Sunday. ‡Sunday only. §Daily ex. Sunday.

BURLINGTON ROUTE—TEL. NO. 9117 CENtral—Berths and tickets at 211 Clark-st. and Union Passenger Station, Canal and Adams-sts. Trains. Leave. Arrive.
Ottawa, Streator & La Salle.† 8.20 am | † 6.05 pm
Ottawa, Rockford, Forreston.† 8.20 am | † 2.15 pm
Mendota, Galesburg, Galen's'g, Burl'g'n, Council Bluffs, Lincoln.† 9.15 am | * 5.30 pm
Illinois and Iowa Local.....*11.30 am | * 7.30 am
Texas points and Mexico.....*11.30 am | * 7.30 am
Kansas City, Denver.....* 4.00 pm | * 9.30 am
Denver, Utah, California.....* 4.00 pm | * 9.30 pm
Fort Madison and Keokuk.....* 4.00 pm | * 9.30 pm
Rock Island, Davenport.....* 4.00 pm | *10.35 am
Yorkville, Ottawa, Streator.† 4.30 pm | *10.35 am
C. Bluffs, Omaha, Lincoln.....† 6.10 pm | * 9.30 am
Kansas City Express.....† 6.10 pm | * 8.12 am
Atchison & Leavenworth.....† 6.10 pm | * 8.12 am
St. Paul, Minneapolis.....† 8.20 pm | * 9.30 am
Dubuque, Winona, Minneapolis.....† 8.20 pm | * 9.30 am
Kansas City, St. Joseph.....*10.30 pm | * 6.35 am
Quincy and Hannibal.....*10.50 pm | * 9.35 pm
St. Paul, Minneapolis.....*10.50 pm | * 9.35 pm
Dubuque, La Crosse, Winona.*10.50 pm | * 9.35 pm
Denver, Utah, California.....*11.00 pm | * 7.30 am
Des Moines, Council Bluffs.....*11.00 pm | * 7.30 am
Deadwood, Hot Springs, S. D.*11.00 pm | * 7.30 am
Keokuk and Fort Madison.....*11.45 pm | * 6.35 am
*Daily. †Daily ex. Sunday. ‡Daily ex. Saturday.

ILLINOIS CENTRAL—ALL THROUGH TRAINS from Central Station, 12th-st. and Park row. Trains for Hyde Park (except Flat Iron) may be taken from 22d-st., 39th-st., Hyde Park, and 63d-st. stations. Tickets at city ticket office, 99 Adams-st., and at Central Station. Leave. Arrive.
N. Orleans, Memphis Special*.....† 9:45 pm | † 7:40 am
Hot Sp'gs, Ark., via Memphis.* 3:30 am | * 9:45 pm
Memphis & N. Orleans Lim.....
Mot. Mail, Cairo, Nashville and Florida.....* 5:45 pm | *11:20 am
Monticello, Ill., and Decatur.....
Diamond Special.....*10:15 pm | * 7:35 am
St. Louis and Springfield.....
Day Express Special, Decatur.....*11:00 am | * 7:30 pm
Cairo, Decatur, St. L., Local.† 8:35 am | † 7:00 pm
Chicago and New Orleans Limited.....† 9:45 pm | † 7:40 am
Bloomington & Chatsworth.† 3:35 am | † 9:45 pm
Bloomington & Chatsworth.† 4:30 pm | † 1:10 am
Bloomington & Gilman Local.† 4:30 pm | † 1:10 am
Evansville Express.....† 3:30 am | † 7:00 pm
Evansville, Cairo and South.† 3:40 pm | † 2:50 am
Kankakee & Kentucky.....† 5:40 pm | *10:00 am
Omaha, San Francisco.....* 6:10 pm | * 9:30 am
Dubuque, S'x City, S'x Falls.* 6:10 pm | * 9:30 am
Omaha Express.....* 6:10 pm | * 9:30 am
Omaha, S. City Fast Mail.....* 2:05 am | * 9:30 am
Freeport Passenger.....† 2:10 pm | † 10:05 am
Rockford Passenger.....† 2:10 pm | † 6:25 am
Rockford and Dubuque.....† 5:45 pm | *12:35 pm

CHICAGO, ROCK ISLAND AND PACIFIC RY.—Ticket office, 63 Adams-st. Depot, Harrison-st. & 5th-av., during construction of new Van Buren-st. depot. City Tkt. office, cor. Adams & Dearborn. Leave. Arrive.
Los Angeles, San Diego, San Francisco via El Paso Short Line.† 8:32 am | *10:10 pm
Peoria.....† 8:32 am | *10:10 pm
Illinois and Davenport Mail.† 9:15 am | † 4:50 pm
Des Moines and Iowa Mail.† 9:15 am | † 7:50 pm
Peoria.....† 2:00 pm | † 2:00 pm
Wichita, Oklahoma, Denver.† 5:00 pm | † 5:00 pm
Joliet Express [Note].....*11:45 am | † 8:44 pm
Local to Davenport.....† 1:00 pm | † 7:50 pm
Joliet Accommodation.....† 4:30 pm | † 10:35 am
St. Paul & Minneapolis.....† 4:30 pm | *10:35 am
Grand Rapids & Sioux Falls..† 4:30 pm | † 8:20 am
Joliet Express Accom.....† 5:10 pm | † 8:47 am
Rocky Mount. Lim. to Omaha, Colo. Springs & Denver.....† 5:45 pm | † 5:30 pm
K. City, St. Joseph, Leaven'th, Atch., Colo., and Tex. Exp.† 6:05 pm | † 8:59 am
Peoria.....† 6:05 pm | † 5:30 pm
Big Five to Colorado, Utah, & California, via Omaha.....*10:00 pm | * 8:20 am
Cedar Rap., St. Paul & Minn.10:00 pm | † 7:25 pm
Des Moines and Council Bluffs.11:30 pm | † 7:25 am
Kas. City, Atch., St. Jo., Des Moines, Omaha.....*11:30 pm | † 7:25 am
Note—From depot, Harrison and Sherman-sts.

CHICAGO & ALTON—UNION PASSENGER Station, Canal and Adams-st. City Ticket office, 101 Adams-st. Phone Cent. 1707.
TRAINS DEPART. "THE ONLY WAY." Arrive.
† 8:35 am Joliet Accommodation.....
† 9:00 am Bloomington, Peoria, Springfield, St. Louis.....
9:00 am Joliet, Dwight Accom'n [Sunday only].
*11:25 am Alton Lim'd for Springfield & St. Louis.
*11:25 am Joliet, Jacksonville, Kansas and Mexico.
† 1:15 pm and 12:30 pm Joliet Accommodations.
* 5:10 pm Joliet, Pontiac, Chenoa, Bloomington.
† 5:30 pm Streator and Peoria Express.
† 5:30 pm Joliet Accommodation.
* 6:00 pm Kansas City Limited.
*11:15 pm Bloomington, Springfield, and St. Louis.
*11:15 pm Joliet Accommodation.
*11:40 pm Midnight Special, Peoria, Springfield, St. Louis, Jacksonville, Kansas City.

Trains arrive from Kansas City, Jacksonville, Bloomington, *8:10 am, *1:15 pm; St. Louis, Springfield, Bloomington, *7:05 am, *8:10 am; *5:04 pm, 18:05 pm; Springfield, Jacksonville, Bloomington, *1:15 pm; Peoria, Streator, Dwight, *7:15 am, *1:15 pm, 18:05 pm; Lemont City, Mexico, Mo., Jacksonville, Ill., 18:05 pm; Dwight, Joliet, 17:30 pm; Bloomington Local, *10:10 am, *9:00 pm; Joliet Locals, 17:50 am, 18:30 am, 14:30 pm, 17:45 pm, *9:30 pm.

WABASH RAILROAD—DEPOT, DEARBORN Station, Polk and Dearborn-sts. Ticket offices, 97 Adams-st. and 15 Congress-st. Telephones—City office [except Sunday] Cent. 5046. Depot, H. 785. Leave. Arrive.
St. Louis Vestibuled Limited.*11:00 am | * 5:22 pm
Peoria & Springfield Express.† 8:50 pm | † 2:45 pm
St. Louis Night Express.....† 11:30 pm | † 7:00 am
St. Louis & Peoria Express.*11:30 pm | * 8:02 am
Toledo Express Limited.....* 4:35 pm | * 9:47 am
Forrest Accommodation.....* 4:35 pm | * 9:47 am
Cent. Limited—N. Y., Boston...*11:00 am | * 3:30 pm
Detroit, Buffalo and Toronto.*11:00 am | * 3:30 pm
Montpelier Accommodation.....* 7:05 am | *10:50 am
Detroit, N. Falls & Bos. Ex.*11:00 pm | * 7:15 am
Toronto, Mont. & Can. Ex...† 9:30 pm | * 9:30 pm

WISCONSIN CENTRAL RY.—CITY OFFICE, 230 Clark-st. Phone Harrison 2357. Depot 12th-st. and Fred Row.
St. Paul, Minneapolis, Osh'k, Green Bay, Clare'e, Ashland.† 2:45 am | * 9:35 am
Lake Shore Express [Pacific coast.]† 10:15 am | † 9:30 pm
Duluth and Superior.....* 6:15 pm | * 9:35 am
Wauk'sha, Fond du Lac.† 8:35 am | † 1:05 pm
Oshkosh and Neenah.....† 8:35 am | † 6:15 pm
Chippewa Falls & Eau Claire.† 8:35 am | † 6:15 pm
Burlington Express.....† 4:00 pm | † 10:00 am
Wauk'sha, Special.....† 5:00 pm | † 8:40 am
Sunday Special.....† 8:30 am | † 8:45 pm

CHICAGO & EASTERN ILLINOIS RAILROAD—Ticket office, Auditorium Annex, 1 Jackson-pl. and Dearborn Station, Dearborn and Polk-sts. Telephone Central 553. *Daily. †Except Sunday. Arrive.
Terre Haute & Evansville.† 6:20 am | † 9:15 pm
Southern Illinois & Thebes.† 6:20 am | † 9:15 pm
Mudlavia Spgs. & Brazil.....† 10:30 am | † 9:15 pm
New Orleans Special.....D* 1:30 pm | D* 4:10 pm
Middlesboro Spgs. & Pburg..† 3:45 pm | † 1:45 pm
Danville Express.....† 5:05 pm | *10:05 am
Chicago & Nashville Lim..† 1:00 pm | D* 9:15 am
Terre Haute & Evansville..† 4:34 pm | † 10:05 am
Arkansas and Texas.....*11:34 pm | † 6:25 am
D—Dining car on these trains.

ATCHISON, TOPEKA AND SANTA FE RY.—Trains leave Dearborn Station, Polk and Pearborn. Ticket office, 109 Adams. Phone Cent. 2087. Arrive.
Streator, Galesburg, Ft. Mad.† 7:30 am | † 6:05 pm
Streator, Pekin, Monmouth..† 1:00 pm | † 1:00 pm
Streator, Joi., Kankakee.....† 1:00 pm | † 6:05 pm
Lemont, Lockport, Joliet.....† 4:00 pm | † 8:05 am
K. City, Colo., Utah & Texas.* 6:27 pm | * 9:00 am
K. City, Cal. and Mex.....*10:00 pm | * 8:30 am
K. City, Texas & Mex. Ex.....† 6:27 pm | † 8:47 pm
The California Limited, Los Angeles, San Francisco, leaves Tuesdays and Saturdays, 8:00 p. m.

RAILWAY TIME TABLES.

*Daily. §Sunday. ‡Ex. Saturday. †Ex. Sunday. ‖Ex. Monday.

WESTERN ROADS.

CHICAGO GREAT WESTERN RY. — MAPLE Leaf Route. Grand Central Station, 8th-av. and Harrison-st. Office, 115 Adams. Phone 3203 Cent. †Daily. ‡Daily ex. Sunday. Leave. Arrive.
Minneapolis, St. Paul, Duluque, K. City, St. Jos.† 6:45 am | * 9:30 pm
Des Moines, Marshall'n.*11:00 pm | * 1:40 pm
Sycamore and Byron.....* 8:10 pm |*10:35 am
St. Charles, Sycamore, and De Kalb.....† 5:00 pm | * 9:55 am
.....† 6:35 pm | † 7:45 am

EASTERN ROADS.

THE PENNSYLVANIA LINE—CHICAGO UNION Passenger Station, Adams, Canal, and Madison-sts. Ticket offices at station and at 248 S. Clark-st., corner Jackson, and at the Auditorium Hotel. Through trains run as follows: Leave. Arrive.
From Chicago to—
Fort Wayne and Alliance.....† 7:30 am |*7:35 am
Indianapolis and Louisville.....*10:00 am | *5:30 pm
Dayton and Cincinnati.....*10:00 am | *5:30 pm
Columbus and the East.....*10:00 am | *7:00 pm
Baltimore and Washington.....*10:05 am | *5:00 pm
Philadelphia and New York.....*10:05 am | *5:00 pm
Philadelphia and New York.....*12:01 n'n | *5:00 pm
Baltimore and Washington.....*12:01 n'n | *2:50 pm
Pittsburg, Baltimore and Washington.* 1:00 pm | *8:45 pm
Philadelphia and New York.....* 1:00 pm | *8:55 am
Pennsylvania Limited.....* 3:30 pm | *8:55 am
Pittsburg and Washington.....* 3:30 pm | *8:55 am
Philadelphia and New York.....* 3:30 pm | *8:55 am
Pittsburg Special.....† 7:30 pm | *7:35 am
Youngstown and New Castle..† 7:30 pm | *7:30 am
Indianapolis and Louisville.....† 7:30 pm | *7:30 am
Indianapolis and Cincinnati.....† 8:40 pm | *7:30 am
Dayton and Cincinnati.....† 8:40 pm | *7:30 am
Columbus and the East.....† 8:40 pm | *7:30 am
Pittsburg and Ohio Express.....*11:45 pm | *7:35 am
*Daily. †Except Sunday.

MICHIGAN CENTRAL, N. Y. C. & H. R., AND R. & A. Rys.—The Niagara Falls Route. Ticket offices, 119 Adams, 13th-st. and Park Row, 22d-st., 39th-st., Hyde Park, 63d-st. April 20, 1902. Leave. Arrive.
Detroit Night Express.....† 11:45 pm | † 7:40 pm
New York and Boston Spec'l.*10:30 am | * 4:00 pm
Buffalo, New York, and Bost..† 3:30 pm | † 10:05 am
Kalamazoo Accommodation..† 4:00 pm | †12:05 pm
New York State Special.....† 3:30 pm | * 7:05 am
Detroit Night Express.....† 11:30 pm | † 7:50 am
Niag. Falls, Rochester & Boston*11:30 pm | * 7:50 am
Saginaw & H. City Sleeper...†11:30 pm | † 6:05 am
Boston Sleeper.....† 9:00 pm
Via Pere Marquette R. R.
Grand Rapids & Petoskey.....† 7:15 am |*10:50 pm
Gr. Rapids & Traverse City..†12:05 m'n | † 1:50 pm
Grand Rapids & Muskegon...† 4:50 pm | † 7:50 pm
Grand Rapids Express.....*11:50 pm | † 7:05 am
Via Grand Rapids & Indiana R'y.
Grand Rapids Express.....† 6:45 am | * 4:00 pm
Grand Rapids Express.....† 5:00 pm | † 5:25 pm
Grand Rapids Express.....*11:30 pm | * 8:05 am

THE LAKE SHORE AND MICHIGAN SOUTHern Ry. N. Y. C. & H. R. and R. & A. Rys.—Grand Central Station, Harrison-st. and 8th-av.; and 61st-st. station. City ticket office, 180 Clark-st. No. Leave. Day Express..... Arrive. No.
2 † 9:00 am Buff., Alb. & N. Y..† 7:50 am 21
10 *10:30 am N. Y. & Boston Spec.* 4:00 pm 21
14 † 7:00 pm Buff., Alb. & N. Y..*11:50 am 23
22 * 5:30 pm Buffalo and the East.....
26 * 8:30 pm Cleveland.....† 7:10 am 37
28 *10:35 pm Tol., Cleve. Pitts, N.Y.* 9:00 pm 23
32 * 3:00 am Buffalo and Boston.....

MONON ROUTE — DEPOT, DEARBORN STATION. Ticket offices, 223 Clark-st. and principal hotels. Phone Har. 1245. Leave. Arrive.
Indianapolis & Cincinnati.* 2:45 am |*12:30 n'n
Lafayette and Louisville.....* 8:30 am | * 3:55 pm
Indianapolis & Cincinnati.....† 8:30 am | † 6:55 pm
Indianapolis & Cincinnati.....† 3:00 pm | † 1:40 pm
Lafayette & Bloomington ..*11:45 am | * 8:40 pm
Lafayette Accommodation..* 3:30 pm |*10:35 am
Lafayette & Louisville.....† 3:00 pm | † 1:40 pm
Indianapolis & Cincinnati.....† 9:00 pm | † 7:25 am
French Lick & W. Baden Spr.* 3:30 am | * 3:05 pm
French Lick & W. Baden Spr.* 9:00 pm | * 7:25 am

ERIE LINE—[CHICAGO & ERIE RAILROAD]—Ticket offices, 242 Clark-st., Auditorium Hotel, Dearborn Station. Phone Harrison 7664. Leave. Arrive.
Dally ex. Sunday Leave. Arrive.
Marion Local.....†7:50 am | † 5:20 pm
New York and Boston.....† 2:00 pm | † 5:00 pm
Jamestown and Buffalo.....† 2:00 pm | † 5:00 pm
Rochester & Huntington Ac..*4:10 pm |*10:00 am
New York and Boston.....*4:10 pm | * 7:55 am
Columbus and Norfolk Ex.....*9:30 pm | * 7:55 am

NICKEL PLATE—THE NEW YORK, CHICAGO and St. Louis R. R. Grand Central Passenger Station, 5th-av. and Harrison-st. All trains daily. Leave. Arrive.
New York and Boston Express...10:35 am | 9:15 pm
New York Express.....† 2:30 pm | 6:35 pm
New York and

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IN THE SOCIETY WORLD.

WEEK OF GAYETY AT HOMEWOOD COUNTRY CLUB.

Small Handicaps Draw Large Crowd and Many Dinner Parties Follow—Mrs. H. M. Kidder Gives Reception at Evanston Residence — James Feeney of St. Paul Weds Miss Elethya Bowen at St. James' Catholic Church—Mrs. Pullman Goes East.

There is plenty of gayety at the Homewood country club this week. Yesterday was "ladies' day," and the mixed handicaps took a good crowd that stald to dine in the evening. Mr. and Mrs. Trappen Helsey had a party of seven at dinner. Mrs. Harry Eben Lane was a hostess, and Mr. and Mrs. John F. Wallace also had a large party.

On Friday afternoon and evening Miss Edith Harper and Miss Freeman will give a large party at Homewood for the junior college class. Ninety young people from the University of Chicago will attend the dinner and dance.

The house guests at Homewood at present include Mr. and Mrs. Robert Wells, Mr. and Mrs. G. H. Scribner Jr., Mr. and Mrs. Charles Lewis, Dr. Van Hook, and Mr. and Mrs. L. D Hammond, who have taken rooms for the summer

The prettiest of today's fêtes will take place in Evanston, Mrs. H. M. Kidder of 1708 Lincoln street being the hostess. It will be a ceremony reception from 3 till 6 o'clock, and the maids of honor to the "Princess of the Persian" will be Miss Barbara Deering, Miss Gladys Goodrich, Miss Cornelia Armstrong, Miss Helen Van Schurst, and Miss Marion Deering. Presiding at the tea tables will be Mrs. W. L. Brown, Mrs. Creighton, Mrs. T. M. Baxter, Miss Ashton, Miss Granger, and Mrs. F. W. Fish.

At St. James' Catholic Church, Wabash avenue and Twenty-ninth street, the wedding of Miss Elethya Bowen and Mr. James Feeney was celebrated yesterday afternoon at 1:30 o'clock. Miss Agnes Feeney of St. Paul was maid of honor and Miss Donohue and Miss Wood were bridesmaids. Dr. Edward F. Skinner was the best man, and the ushers were Sylvester Feeney, Edward Bradford Gage, and Joseph Feeney of St. Paul. A reception followed the ceremony at the home of the bride's parents, 617 Forty-seventh street.

The engagement is announced of Miss Grace Douglas, daughter of Mr. Albert Douglas of Chillicothe, O., to Mr. Morris L. Johnston, son of Mr. and Mrs. H. Morris Johnston of 1636 Prairie avenue. Miss Douglas will be Mrs. Johnston's guest next week.

Mrs. George M. Pullman left in her private car last evening for her summer home at Elberon, N. J. She was accompanied by her sister, Miss Grace Sanger, Mrs. Sanger Shale, Mrs. George Clark, and Miss Cora Kirk. Miss Sanger will spend the summer with Mrs. Pullman, but Mrs. Steele and Miss Kirk will remain only for a short visit.

The senior class of Armour Scientific Academy will give the annual dance this evening at the Chicago Beach Hotel. The chaperons will be Mrs. Howard M. Raymond, Mrs. Louis C. Monin, Mrs. Julia Beveridge, Mrs. Fletcher W. Rockwell, and Mrs. Andrew C. Dallas.

The Rockford College Association of Chicago left yesterday in a special car, the guests of Mrs. J. H. Strong, to spend commencement week at Rockford College.

The Von Humboldt Alumni association will give a presentation of the opera "Pinafore" on Friday evening at Wicker Park Hall, the chorus including the graduates and undergraduates of the Humboldt High School.

A concert for the benefit of the Jackson Park Sanitarium was given under the auspices of the Bryn Mawr Woman's club last evening at the clubhouse, 7149 Jeffery avenue.

There will be a lawn party and dance next Saturday evening at the Lakeside club, Forty-second street and Grand boulevard.

Miss Ruth and Miss Avis Burley of 254 Dearborn avenue are spending the summer at Waukegan. Miss Ruth Burley came to town yesterday for a short visit.

The Rev. Dr. Jenkins, Miss Jenkins, and Mrs. James Soper and her family, all of Riverside, left yesterday for New York, and all on Saturday to spend the summer abroad.

Judge and Mrs. Lambert Tree will occupy Norman William's cottage at Little Bear's Head, Mass., this summer, and will leave town this week.

The Misses Heisen of 65 Lake Shore drive are home from Miss Ely's chool in New York for the summer vacation.

FEARS OF TEACHERS QUIETED.

Recent Notices About Old Certificates Intended Merely to Complete the Records.

A storm of indignation which for the last few days has centered about the office of Superintendent Cooley and the rooms of the Chicago Teachers' federation has subsided out the danger of a clash between the federation and the Superintendent has been averted for the time being at least.

Incidentally, over 100 teachers who were thrown into a panic by the receipt from the Superintendent of letters questioning the validity of the certificates they hold have been assured that they have nothing more to fear.

Some of the teachers on the list have been in the schools more than a dozen years, and when they received from Superintendent Cooley a statement that the records in his office showed that the certificates under which they had been teaching were apparently invalid, some carried their grievances direct to the Superintendent and his statistician, while others sought the protection of the federation.

Merely Plan to Complete Records.

Now it is said by Mr. Cooley's statistician that all the trouble was caused by the women teachers jumping at a conclusion not warranted by the notice sent out. Assistant James Sayer says that the notices were intended not as a warning to teachers that they were about to be ousted from their positions, but as a means of completing the records of the office.

The communication was based on an old rule of the board, recently revived, by which a teacher's certificate becomes invalid after three years' absence from the schools. Several months ago Superintendent Cooley, in an effort to correct and complete the records, caused to be sent to each teacher a blank to be filled in and returned. In the course of compiling the information secured in this way the statistician discovered that the 200 teachers had at some time in their connection with the schools been absent for two consecutive years. For further information be sent out the communications.

Last evening Mr. Sayer said that only about six of the whole number to whom communications had been sent had cleared their records by showing that after their absences they had been properly reinstated. He thought it probable that those who had not responded would be able to clear their records by similar proof.

Fire Service at Parental School.

The Parental School is now equipped with a fire service sufficient for its needs. Pumps have been installed at the school when it was built and a large reservoir made. Recently hose carriages and other apparatus have been furnished.

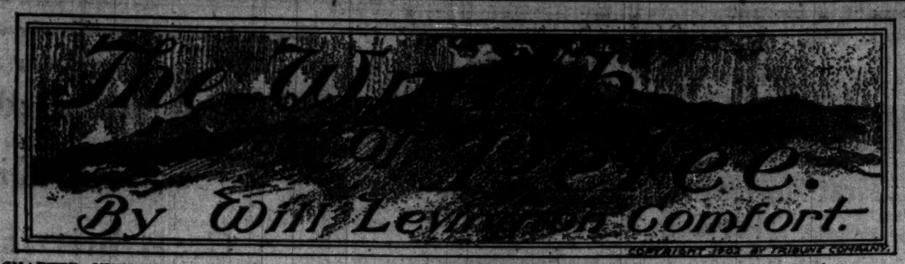
DIRECT TO BACK TAX REPORTS.

Objections Filed in Federal Court Claim Assessments Against Corporations Are Too Low.

Objections to the reports of Masters in Chancery Bishop and Allen in the "back tax" cases were filed in the United States Circuit Court yesterday by Attorney General Monnett, representing the State, and Attorneys Edwin Sims and Frank Shepard, representing the county.

It is objected that the findings of the masters are not consonant with the order of reference from Judges Grosscup and Humphrey. The defendants claim that they have been put to the assessments large enough to make the corporations, and that the only basis for the $62,728,871, as shown by the books in the possession of County Collector Raymond.

Objections have yet been filed by the railroads, but these are expected within the next ten days.



CHAPTER XXIX.—A MEMENTO OF GILDAY.

Every shack, every colonial mansion in Fort de France, had opened its doors to the refugees; still there were hundreds upon the streets, and hundreds more upon the land and sea-roads whose faces were turned toward the capital and who were still trembling from the potential anger which they had witnessed—luckily, from afar off. Tired babes, in many cases the only treasures seized in the moment of panic before the flight, pitifully tired little ones, moaned and tossed in their mothers' arms; and pitifully tired, too, were the brown bare arms that held them, and dust-stained and trembling from the many trials. Little families were camped upon the streets, fireless, foodless.

Many were strange to Fort de France and knew not where the fountains were, since they had arrived in the dark and were too tired to hunt for water. The men scolded, as hungry, ill-at-ease men of all colors and countries do in the presence of their families. The babies were rocked and hushed and slapped sometimes, and the children were told what not to do. Many walked the streets, revealing the secrets, the simplicity, the diseases of the interior. Peles had thrown the whole world out of gear, but the night was beautiful.

Whitelaw and Gleason ushed their way slowly through the disordered throng toward the city's front. They learned that the regular steamer running between the capital and the metropolis had been destroyed with the shipping in St. Pierre harbor; but that a steam yacht would start for the stricken port at 4 in the morning. They engaged passage accordingly, and found slightly over three hours upon their hands. Gleason promptly went to sleep upon the landing; the other busied himself for a while in buying up at ruinous prices the remnants of fruit and confections in various booths and tucking fragments of the same into little open mouths, which were as thick as brainacils upon the streets.

At length the booths were drained dry as at the end of a circus day, and Whitelaw sat down beside Gleason, having accumulated a large following of native children, whom he earnestly hoped could find their way back to their respective handful of waiting hearts. They seemed to be in no hurry about trying, however, and squatted down at a modest distance, offering abundant openings for further charities.

Whitelaw was happy—tired, lame, troubled—but happy. His sympathy was vast enough to cover the minute and complex troubles of the world (though he did not need to look beyond Pele's zone of destructiveness). She had desired him to remain with her; she had placed confidence in him, praised him, smiled upon him. And now she was safe. He never grew tired of repeating that she was safe. Gleason roused himself and looked about.

"Well, well," he muttered sleepily, "what's the golden text this Sunday, children? Step up an' get your picture-cards, and be sure to come an' bring your little playmates next Sunday. . . . Where did you get the infant class, sir?"

The Orinico, under a faltering breeze, alternating with a moveless calm, had required a full day for the passage from St. Pierre to Fort de France. The little steam yacht left the capital shortly after 5 and reached the destroyed port at 7, just as the imperious day was making its passion felt. The Hatteras was lying in the harbor, Whitelaw hailed the sailor who left in the smaller craft slipped by, and a small boat from his yacht followed him to the landing. The air was still fiercely hot and weighted with the burden from the dead that menaced health. Whitelaw and Gleason were pulled out to the Hatteras; the former, gentle as a rule, was swayed by a sort of savage desire to get at the heart of the plague with his good hand. Gleason was biding his time to perform numerous and dreadful vivisections upon the person of the third officer.

Captain Hayes, powerfully bandaged and weak, had been carried out to the deck, upon a steamer chair.

"I can't shake hands," he whispered huskily, "and I don't suppose, sir, you could want to shake hands with me if I could."

"I've got nothing in the world against you, Captain, and everything for you," Whitelaw answered, "and I'm heartily sorry to see you so beaten up. I know you to be an inflexible gentleman and a splendid seaman, so don't worry, old chap, but tell me—where is Prague?"

"In St. Kitt's—or he was when last heard of."

"Well, it's, perhaps, just as well. I might have done something melodramatic. Was it a case of devilitry or just cowardice?"

"I believe just cowardice, sir."

Gleason was looking down at the sea, and beating his hard, little fist, meanwhile, upon the blackened railing.

"I succumbed from my burns, sir," the Captain went on, "after I had given orders for the ship to be driven as far into the harbor as possible. Mr. Beddow and Mr. Davis were both beyond service; the latter overboard, the former in a serious condition. I did not know that Miss Wall and Mr. Gleason had gone ashore. In fact, I knew nothing. When I awoke I was in your cabin, which had been assigned to the lady, as you know. It was dark. I succeeded in attracting the attention of a steward. I asked him if you were aboard, if the lady was in good health, if we were still in the harbor of St. Pierre. He replied that you had not been heard from, that the lady was gone ashore with Mr. Gleason to search for you, that we were lying off St. Kitt's. . . . . I could not realize for a long time. At last I yelled for Prague. The steward had informed me that Prague had gone ashore. I was carried to the deck and had the Hatteras turned back here. We arrived three hours ago, sir. . . . Prague took nothing that was not his own. It was merely a case of brain-panic, sir. His desertion was evidently planned. His disgrace reflects upon me, since I was in command. I have dictated my resignation, Mr. Whitelaw. You will find it upon the desk in you cabin."

Such was the story which Whitelaw heard in a husky whisper from the iron-hearted seaman who had failed through no fault of his own.

"It pains me, Captain," Whitelaw said, "to hear you speak of resignation. To you I owe the safety of the lady. Captain, what's the use of talking? I know you're a white man and a sailor clear through. Get well, Captain, that is all I ask."

"Thank you, sir," Hayes responded. "I will try again."

Whitelaw and Gleason went ashore. Ships of all kinds and nations were now crowding into the harbor. Engineers, scientists, correspondents from nearby ports; and everywhere men who moved about wildly, careless of the heat and the peril, searching, struggling, praying for their own. And that soft-handed, hard-visaged human who scents blisters and fresh blood from afar off, and emerges like a buzzard from behind a cloud to obey his carrion instinct—the adventurer from Nowhere was among the first comers. A tempest of mourning, an influx of strong hearts, and strong hands, and generous purposes, and the dregs of degeneration—a strange mingling this, on that third morning to breathe the smoky, putrid air.

Quickly, Whitelaw's hope of finding any living thing was dispelled. The fine old planter whose life had been clean and sweet—Uncle Daniel, the link between Whitelaw and his dearest hopes and whose presence in St. Pierre had made possible Whitelaw's awakening—was only one of many, lying among the humble, laughing children he had known and loved so long. This end of a long and useful life might have been averted had Mrs. Wall not hidden herself on that fatal morning, but Whitelaw shook the thought from his mind. She had died as bravely as ever man or woman died, conscious of her error, and bitterly lamenting.

Whitelaw was irresistibly impelled to the prison, but the way was long and tortuous. In spite of the rains, the great stones upon the ground were still hot, and the smoke, no matter how dense and acrid, could not overcome the revolting burden upon every breath of air. The four walls of the historic Grand Hotel still stood, though the hurricane of fire and rock had beaten in the roof and floors upon the guests and servants occupied with breakfast. The massive tower of the cathedral had withstood the avalanche, and at its base were scores of fallen who had turned at the last moment to their sanctuary. At the end of the Rue de l'Hopital, the searchers stood dumb for a moment, looking at the front gable of the military hospital. The face of the old clock was charred and dust-incrusted, but the twisted hands were pointing, as if for eternity, to that dread moment—nine minutes to eight!

Most of the distance to the prison Whitelaw and Gleason were forced to make their way along the beach. The receding tide gave them a precarious footing, but one that did not burn the shoes from their feet. The two, aiming at the prison, were the first to look upon the heart of the city, the other searchers being far behind.

"Aren't we due pretty quick?" Gleason panted.

The other pointed to the ruins ahead. The massive prison walls, six feet thick at the base, had been razed level. Silence, death, and ruins were the ghastly holdings of the place.

"There's nothin' we can do," said Gleason, and after a moment he added: "Ye can't much blame a white man for givin' away to his thirst in a place like this."

Whitelaw did not answer. At the front of the prison, where the iron gate had stood, lay the form of a woman. Her clothing was burned, but there was no effacement of feature. The burned edges of a sheet of paper protruded from one of the hands. Gleason pulled it free and looked upon a rough sketch in pencil of a St. Pierre maiden.

Below the picture was written the name, "Florine," and lower still the name of Gilday was sprawled.

"Put it back, Gleason—just as it was—and come away!" Whitelaw muttered strangely.

[To be continued tomorrow and until completed.]

AMONG THE NEW BOOKS

[SPECIAL CORRESPONDENCE OF THE TRIBUNE.]

PARIS, May 30.—A light, attractive story is the "Roman de deux Jeimes Maries," by Charles Joliet, in which the author develops Balzac's theory that "marriage is the only romance in life."

A most amusing series of letters has just been published illustrating the character of French artists during the second empire. Apparently in those days the men and women of the "profession" were as eager for monetary advantages as those of today. Among these epistles, all of them full of interest, is one from Emile Augier to the Duke de Morny, then Minister. Augier, who was one of the great writers of his day, was anxious to buy a number of shares in the "Grand Central," supposed "glit edged securities," which could only be obtained through direct government favor. This Augier sought through his letter, which ran as follows:

"Monsieur: I have had the honor, I believe, of already making known to you how the speculating fever having saved me, I gambled on the course and lost all my savings, which doubtless proves that one should never go into such things. My loss was a small thing compared to the fall of empires, but little as it was it constituted my all. I received the little cannon ball straight in the face. But today you can put my head in place, remake my savings by inscribing me among the privileged to whom you are going to distribute at par the stock of your railroad (Grand Central). I have no right to this favor, if one must be Virgil or Horace to address Maecenas, but the kindness you have always manifested towards me leads me to hope, etc."

Other letters from Janin, Goslan, Gautier, De Houssaye, and Got were received by De Morny, containing similar requests, and each is amusing in showing the mercenary spirit was as strong among the stage lights then as now. It is to be hoped, however, that De Morny turned a deaf ear to these artistic requests, for the crash of the "Grand Central" left all of its stockholders many thousands poorer than before they invested in the much vaunted gilt edged securities.

As a consequence of the elections Jules Lemaitre, "the Grand Elector" as he has been dubbed, is the literary man of the hour. Will he, after the defeat of nationalism in a general sense, return to his first love, literature, where a fatted calf would certainly be killed to welcome the prodigal, or will he remain in politics? These are the burning questions. "What is Lemaitre going to do now?" is on every one's tongue. Apropos of Lemaitre's failure to return, as he hoped, "four hundred Nationalists to the Chamber," Waldeck-Rousseau made one of his most spirited remarks. The night the returns were coming in one of the attaches of his Cabinet, a "youngster," the Premier calls him, rushed up to his master and exclaimed, "Monsieur le President du Conseil, the Nationalists are beaten everywhere in the provinces." Without looking up Waldeck-Rousseau replied, a fine irony in his voice, "I have always found Lemaitre's pieces a failure"—a pointed allusion to the many unsuccessful plays by Lemaitre that have been produced in Paris. This remark went the rounds and so hurt Lemaitre in a sensitive point that he published his famous circular in which he accused the Premier of using the Humbert millions for the elections.

"BREAKING AND RIDING."

New Horse Book by James Fillis Reviewed by Mr. Hough.

Gentle reader, do you ride? Do you know how to mobilize the lower jaw of your mouth? Do you know all about correct lateral flexion when mounted? Are you posted upon the lateral effects in rotation of crop and shoulders? Can you balance your mount? Can you cause your mount to do the Spanish walk? Can you canter backward? Do you know how to "piaffer"? If perchance you be not quite au fait in all of this you need not despair, for all this and more is taught in a work recently imported by Messrs. Scribner, "Breaking and Riding," by James Fillis, ecuyer en chef at the St. Petersburg cavalry riding school. Mr. Fillis has ridden before crowned heads, and in the words of the "announcer" at the Wild West show, "he is, without doubt or question," a rider who knows the fundamental principles of the art which he teaches. Behind the somewhat appalling table of contents there is given a vast amount of information, some of which, to be sure, is caviare to the general, but part of which is useful and easily comprehensible by all.

For our friends west of the Missouri much of this might be mystifying. In the far West of earlier times we wist naught of "balancing a mount," which latter we did not so designate. We did not sit our mount out there, but we frequently "rid our cayuse," and if the latter did not balance it usually served to touch him up behind with the spur, pull him up in front by the bit, and quirt him plenty along the middle. All of which might be caviare in St. Petersburg high school of riding, where Mr. Fillis analyzes gaits and sandpapers a horse until he becomes a beautiful machine. He knows and teaches the art in all its niceties, and presents his method in these careful pages in such fashion that we feel we have heard quite the last word upon the subject. Of course, riding cannot be taught upon paper, as none knows better than our author.

"When we know this much," says he, "we know everything, and we know nothing. We know everything, because these principles are of universal application; we know nothing, because they have to be applied practically." The application of the voluminous and comprehensive advice given in this handsome volume—it is beautifully printed, and embellished with some seventy illustrations—will perhaps seem of greatest use to the rider already fairly well finished, the cavalry officer, the polo player, the cross country rider; yet the book has advice of a more general nature which has value for the inexperienced rider. Mr. Fillis tells one what to do if one would stop a runaway, what to do if one is obliged to swim with his horse, what to do when a horse rears or bucks or plunges, all of which instruction may prove of more use than the general precepts of the West to "set him straight," and not "go to leather," which latter means not to hold on to the saddle. Mr. Fillis counsels a rider when once engaged in a struggle with his mount to fight it out then and there; advice of gold, for all riders know a horse once successful in defeating a rider will be worse the second time than the first.

Mr. Fillis is emphatic against the fashion of ladies riding astride, and declares it not only ungraceful but far more dangerous than the conventional seat in the side saddle. He instructs the cavalier that the right foot is the one the lady should give him, not the left, when he "puts her up" into her saddle in mounting. The book, while scientific and elaborate, abounds in practical hints as to correct turnout for riding on the part of lady or gentleman, the proper equipment for one's mount, the proper way of holding the reins, the hands, the shoulders. In short, Mr. Fillis attacks his theme as he would an unruly horse, and leaves nothing undone to finish it roundly. His is the enthusiasm of the specialist, the expert. There is hardly another work on horsemanship so ambitious and elaborate as this, and, although of course it cannot teach one to ride unless, so to speak, he can already ride, it is worthy of note as a thorough and painstaking treatise on an interesting topic. If it shall eventually serve to mitigate in some part the horrors of horsemanship as we see it in the parks and boulevards of our cities, then surely it will not have lived in vain.

EMERSON HOUGH.

E. W. GROVE.

This name must appear on every box of the genuine Laxative Bromo-Quinine Tablets, the remedy that cures a cold in one day. 25 cents.

CONDUCTS A UNIQUE SERVICE.

Chicago Preacher, Beside His Father's Grave, Speaks on the Hundredth Anniversary of His Birth.

Kalamazoo, Mich., June 10.—[Special.]—On the one hundredth anniversary of his father's birth the Rev. Deino C. Henshaw of Chicago, in the presence of an assemblage of relatives and intimate friends, stood beside the grave in Riverside Cemetery and conducted memorial services.

The speaker told how Joshua and James Henshaw, young men of western New York, each with bride behind him, rode on horseback to a squire and were married on July 4, 1801. To Joshua was born James Steuben Henshaw, the subject of the memorial service, on June 10, 1802. He was father of eleven children, four of whom fought for the North in the civil war, one filling an unknown grave in Mississippi. Henshaw died in 1872.

In his sermon the Rev. Mr. Henshaw paid attention to conditions that exist in cities today. He said thousands of immigrants coming to this country asking for bread received a stone. He contended that sons of Americans are being brought up in the manhood of their forefathers, but that they flocked to cities where they learned to smoke and drink.

WOMEN WANT TO SWIM.

THEY MAKE DEMANDS OF THE WEST PARK BOARDS.

Declare They Have Been Discriminated Against by the Management of the Douglas Natatoriums and Ask That Accommodations Be Afforded Them Seven Days in the Week—Citizens Suggest a Site for a Small Park on Northwest Side—Action Deferred.

Several hundred women who live in the vicinity of Douglas Park informed the West Park commission yesterday that they want to go swimming.

In a petition that was long enough to encircle the park natatorium, they not only stated their desires but declared they had been misrepresented by the Douglas Park statistician, whoever he may be. They were denied adequate privileges last year, they said, because the park authorities had represented to the board that the women did not care to take advantage of the opportunities offered by the swimming tanks.

"We do care to patronize the natatoriums," ran the petition. "What is more, we want the truth to be told."

Demands of the Women.

Last year the women were allowed only four days a week. They want seven days this year, as many evenings, and also Sunday afternoons. In their petition the women deny that they are afraid of cold water.

The commissioners promised that the matter would be considered. A committee will pass upon the demands, and if the facts warrant it, one of the free natatoriums will be kept open each day of the week, also in the evenings until 9 o'clock, and possibly on Sunday afternoons, to accommodate the women.

Superintendent William Cook denied that the commissioners had been imposed upon, and declared that the women had not patronized the swimming tanks the past seasons in sufficient numbers to warrant the Park board in granting them more than four days a week.

Suggest Small Park Site.

Residents of the Northwest Side appeared before the board and urged the selection of a small park site bounded by Chicago avenue, Cornell, Chase, and Noble streets. The site covers a tract of eight or nine acres, and is owned by New York people.

The tract mostly is covered with small wooden structures, there being only two brick buildings on it. The commissioners were told that the land could be bought at a reasonable figure.

As the Finance committee has the small park sites under consideration, the board, as a whole, refused to take any action. It is expected that a number of sites will be recommended to the board at the next meeting.

GRACE LACKING IN TWO-STEP.

Dancing Masters Declaim Against the Measure and Would Remedy It by a More Complicated One.

Milwaukee, Wis., June 10.—[Special.]—"Notwithstanding the widespread popularity of the two-step and the ten years it has been before the public," said R. C. Campbell of Albany, N. Y., before the convention of dancing masters this morning, "it has never been properly learned by the vast majority of dancers, and as the dance lends itself readily to all the ill-graces of the poor dancer, we have the obvious result of hundreds of giddy dancers making a romp of what should be a beautiful and inspiring dance, and assuming on the ballroom floor the most impossible of postures, the spectacle being anything but edifying.

"Whether or not the new dance, called the five-step, will gain favor in the West, is regarded as problematical. The dance has been taught for years in Boston, where it is in high favor, but efforts to establish it in Chicago have failed repeatedly. The dance is pretty, quiet, and approaches the grace and style of a minuet. In the effort to introduce it in the West it has been given several names, but this method of sugaring the conventionality of the dance was of little avail."

"A readily understood description," said E. B. Gaynor, "would be as follows: Glide left foot toward the left, and draw right to left; then glide left back one full step, and glide right outward and back on a line with left, and chassé toward the right. Then repeat. The chassé toward the right, of course, is made by gliding the left foot to the right, simultaneously sliding the right out again, and again, drawing up the left foot. This leaves the dancers in the first position, and ready to repeat the figure."

MUSIC AND DRAMA.

Kathleen Mavourneen at the People's.

The stock company at the People's Theater offered its patrons on Monday a revival of "Kathleen Mavourneen." Miss Hosmer and the members of her company gave a creditable production and were rewarded with enthusiastic applause after every one of the numerous emotional scenes. The scenic equipment was fair. James E. Nelson will have his benefit on Thursday, and the performance on Saturday will be for the benefit of Miss Nellie Willard and George Russ Fiske.

The Wizard of Oz Postponed.

Owing to delay in procuring the costumes and effects for the production of "The Wizard of Oz" at the Grand Opera-House Manager Hamlin has been compelled to postpone the opening performance from Thursday, June 12, to next Monday night. Stage Manager Julian IMtchell will not allow the curtain to rise on "The Wizard of Oz" before everything is just as it should be, but he is confident that no further postponement will be necessary.

Shows Holding Over.

"Florodora" is still holding its own at the Illinois, and the attendance is so satisfactory that the management is confident of a successful run extending all through the summer.

With the performance last night "The Suburban" at McVicker's Theater reached the beginning of its sixth week. The melodrama continues to draw large houses, and no decrease in the interest of the public is noticeable. At the matinée on Saturday souvenirs, commemorating the fiftieth performance, will be given to the feminine patrons holding reserved seats.

"The Storks" continues its successful run at the Dearborn and the management is highly gratified with the result of its enterprise in putting on that clever musical comedy for a summer run.

Coliseum Gardens.

The second week of the summer season at the Coliseum Gardens opened on Sunday with an attendance almost as large as on the opening night, a week ago Saturday. The most attractive features of the program were the living pictures which M. Jean Marcel offered. There were ten groups in all, five after famous paintings, the other five after masterpieces of the sculptor's art. Every one of the groups was thoroughly appreciated by the spectators, and particularly "En Avant," after the bas-relief by Rude; "Les Premières Funérailles," after the marble group by Barrias, of which a cast is in the collections of the Art Institute; and "Phrosine et Melidor," after the painting by Bonnier, met with enthusiastic approval. Besides Clara Ballerini, the dancer and trapeze performer; Arthur Ballerini, with his trained dogs; and the Karsys, with the myriophone, who appeared last week, there were the Parros brothers, who do remarkable feats in balancing. An extra number was furnished by Frank P. Aumann, a skillful bag-puncher. To enable patrons who desire to go home early to see Marcel's living pictures, the most prominent feature of the bill of attractions, Manager Wood has arranged that the display of the pictures begin at 10 o'clock every night.

Vaudeville and Burlesque Houses.

George Boniface and Bertha Waltzinger head the bill at the Chicago Opera-House this week. Both are well known in this city and have played unusually successful engagements here earlier in the season. Their comedy work is free from coarseness and deserves the applause which it invariably receives. George W. Monroe, one of the best impersonators of Irish women of the Bowery type, evokes much laughter by his farcical sketch, "My Aunt Bridget," while Hilda Thomas and company appear in a pretty little comedy, entitled "The Lone Star," which seems to meet with general approval. Carrie Scott does some clever singing and comedy work. Ferguson and Mack offer an eccentric and laughable comedy act; Dave Lewis, late with the "Telephone Girl" company, does the German comedian act; and Berol and Berol, the rag painters, present some new and surprisingly fine rag pictures.

At the Trocadero "Pousse Café," a "Weberfieldian" burlesque, is the offering of the Orpheon company. Fields and Curtis, Howard and Emerson, Charles Burkhardt, and Frank Damsel have leading rôles. Nolan Washington, Ziska, the magician, and the juggling Jordans are among the vaudeville attractions.

The Bowery Burlesquers present "Slumming" at Hopkins' this week. The burlesque met with a flattering reception at its first performance on Sunday. Gilbert and Goldie, the Taylor trio, the Nicarema midgets, and Yutakamee, the Indian Princess, are the principal features of the vaudeville bill.

Sabbath School Association Meets.

Sioux City, Ia., June 10.—The Iowa State Sabbath School association's convention opened here today. Three hundred delegates were present. It is expected 200 more delegates will arrive tomorrow. The Rev. C. K. Kepkart of Des Moines, President of the association, made the welcoming address on behalf of the business interests and the people of Sioux City, and the Rev. Dr. F. Newhall White extended a welcome on the part of the churches and Sabbath schools. Response was made by S. W. Cole of Colfax.

What Prince Henry Says About Cook's Imperial Extra Dry Champagne.

Hofmarschall-Amt
Seiner Königlichen Hoheit
des Prinzen Heinrich
von Preußen

Kiel. May 15. 1902.

His Royal Highness Prince Henry of Prussia desires me to express his best thanks to the American Wine Co. for the case of Cooks Imperial Extra Dry, which so kindly was send at St. Louis to his private car.

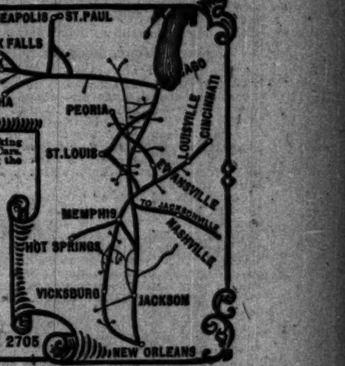
The wine was much appreciated.

The American Wine Co. St. Louis.

Seckendorff

ILLINOIS CENTRAL

OMAHA
Council Bluffs
Sioux City



Superb trains, double daily service, Buffet-Library-Smoking Cars and Dining, Sleeping, Parlor and Reclining Chair Cars. Send for free copy of "Pictures and Notes" describing the line to Omaha.

California—2 Routes

Personally conducted through Kansas-ian Sleeping Cars leave Chicago daily for Los Angeles and San Francisco every Wednesday morning via New Orleans and the Southern Route; every Friday evening via Omaha and the Scenic Route.

To the South

Evansville, Memphis, New Orleans, Vicksburg, Nashville, Chattanooga, Atlanta and Jacksonville. Sleeping Cars, Parlor Cars, Buffet-Library-Smoking Cars, Dining Cars.

City Ticket Office, 99 Adams St. Phone Central 2705

Another Case of coffee poisoning.

It may not Hit you. Then again It may.

It is hard to make people understand that coffee really will do business for them if they stick to it long enough. It is almost a certainty that some little symptom of disease, stomach trouble, or kidney or heart trouble, caused by coffee drinking will ultimately develop into some fixed organic disease unless the cause of the disturbance is removed. An illustration may not be amiss.

A lady in Kearney, Neb., says: "I used coffee a great many years. Gradually my health broke down. I had dyspepsia and was extremely nervous. I passed many sleepless nights, but, like many others, did not know what was the cause of my invalidism.

"Finally the trouble centered into a fatty tumor just over the stomach and in the region of the heart, causing acute pain in the stomach and a spasmodic action of the heart. A surgical operation was deemed necessary, but after all the preparations were made a good old honest doctor suggested that I take treatment a little longer and leave off coffee and take Postum and some Grape-Nuts Breakfast Food.

"I began on Postum and had it made properly by long boiling and found it delicious and drank two cups the first morning. After two weeks I discovered a marked change for the better. In five months my supposed tumor had disappeared, my headaches were gone and digestion wholly restored. My heart only gave me trouble a few times. That was five years ago. I have been a steady user of Postum ever since and am a new creature today. Am in strong and vigorous health and know exactly how to account for it.

"The ignorance of

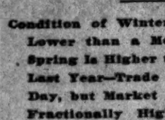
REPORT WAS A SURPRISE.

WHEAT TRADERS GENERALLY EXPECTED A BEARISH SHOWING.

Condition of Winter Wheat Slightly Lower than a Month Ago, While Spring Is Higher than at This Time Last Year—Trade Slow During the Day, but Market Fairly Firm and Fractionally Higher—Some Good Buying Being Done.

The government report reduced the average condition of winter wheat from 76.4 on May 1 to 76.1 on June 1. Spring wheat condition is given at 95.4, as compared with 92 a year ago. Spring wheat acreage is reduced 12.8 per cent, or 2,511,000 acres. A winter wheat condition of 76.1 on an acreage of 27,100,000 suggests a yield of 330,000,000 bu, and a spring wheat condition of 95.4 on 18,000,000 acres, a yield of 284,000,000 bu, a total of 614,000,000 bu. These figures are far below the ideas generally entertained by the trade, and to this extent makes the report a bullish document as to wheat, but bearish on oats, in which grain the acreage is increased .4, the condition being 90.6, against 85.3 last year.

Continued fair weather throughout the entire wheat belt, coupled with a disposition on the part of the trade to await the appearance of the government report, made a slow and uninteresting wheat market yesterday, although closing prices showed a fractional advance. It did not, however, average over ½@¾c.



July Wheat Range.

Early trading was done on a market slightly depressed by the quantities of long wheat, which came out from various sources. For a while this held the July price down to 70¾, the low point for the day. Then Minneapolis suddenly came in nearly 1c higher and the trade turned buyer in the way of following that advance. Still later the Northwestern markets broke quite as sharply as they advanced, and there was a local hurry to get on the short side. Except for these movements the market was largely local in its character. Clear and hot weather, fine for the ripening of grain, was the principal influence. The trade generally believed that during the last day or two it had discounted the government report, which everybody believed would be bearish, it being generally admitted that conditions had improved since the first of the month, the report only carrying the crop up to that point.

Good People the Buyers.

There was a continued accumulation of wheat by the same strong interests which have been under it for several weeks. Weare was buying September and Armour and McReynolds July. The Harris-Gates people were also given credit for taking in considerable wheat and being largely interested in maintaining the price, on the one hand, and getting as much cheap wheat as possible on the other.

Cables offered little or no support to the market. Liverpool being ½c lower and London ¾@⅞c off. The bulls are making a point of the fact that Liverpool July is now 13c over Chicago, without figuring exchange. This is admitted to be about the largest premium on the crop and a good reason why local prices should advance or foreign markets fall as a means of reaching a parity.

Bradstreets made a decrease of 4,000,000 bu in the world's visible, 2,609,000 of which was east of the Rockies and 2,000,000 bu in Europe and afloat. Last week the decrease was 5,417,000 bu and last year 3,559,000. The Bradstreet decrease was not as large as expected within about 1,400,000 bu, and to this extent was an easing factor. The Michigan report makes the June condition of winter wheat 98, as compared with 92 last month. Primary receipts continue small, Minneapolis, Duluth, and Chicago reporting but 150 cars, against 442 a year ago. Local receipts were 32 cars, with 25 cars estimated for today. All primary points received 265,100 bu, against 632,100 last year. The seaboard cleared 213,300 bu of wheat and flour, making 806,000 bu for the two days. Reposts varied considerably as to export sales. McIntyre & Marshall claimed 46 loads were taken, while Lohrke confirmed but 7 for yesterday, adding 15 as worked late Monday night.

The local cash market was firm and moderately active, sales of 130,000 bu being reported. Part of this was No. 1 Northern at 2⅝c over July c. i. f. Buffalo.

Local contract stocks are showing a rapid falling off, the quantity now being 3,226,000 bu, which is 811,000 bu less than a week ago.

Corn Gains a Fraction.

Barring a brief period of weakness at the opening, the general tone in corn was strong, with closing prices fractionally higher than those of Monday. The July price range was from 62⅝c to 63¼c, the closing being 62¾c. The volume of trade in this pit is greatly restricted owing to the congested condition of July and the fear that manipulation will run into September as well. There is an apparent disposition on the part of the bull interest to buy September now that July offerings have practically ceased. The Harris-Gates people, it is admitted, have bought July to a standstill, and there is the usual amount of guessing as to what they will do with this delivery. The uncertainty is working against the market in every way, reducing speculation and in all ways making the market a narrow one. There was a little July buying by McReynolds and some selling by Wrenn.

Contract stock, now reported at 1,915,000 bu, showed a decrease of 63,000 bu for the week. Private elevator stocks increased 491,000 bu. Receipts were slightly better, 505 cars for the day, of which 49 were contract. Estimated for Wednesday is 205 cars. Receipts at all primary points are about up to last year's figures, 608,200 bu, against 625,900 a year ago. Bradstreet makes an increase of 648,000 bu in the world's visible, compared with a decrease of 2,000 bu last week and an increase of 661,000 a year ago. The seaboard cleared 6,000 bu, making 28,400 bu for the two days. The cash market was slow and prices generally lower.

Early Oats Loss Recovered.

Oats came out freely during the early part of the session, making a dip of ¼c or so in prices, but more strength came into the market later and the loss was entirely recovered, making closing prices identical with those of Monday and within ⅛c of the top. The most strength was in the July, which strength has its basis in the cash market. McReynolds and Fowler sold September, the former both old and new. These two houses represented all the heavy trading done during the day, the rest being among scalpers and in a small way. Local receipts were 237 cars, with 100 estimated for today. Bradstreet's made a decrease of 738,000 bu in the world's visible, against last week's increase of 851,000 bu and an increase a year ago of 99,000 bu. Local contract stocks are reduced to 525,000 bu, a decrease for the week of 207,000 bu. The seaboard cleared 33,000 bu. The cash market was only moderately active, there being less demand from the East. Southwestern buyers are much less eager than a few days ago.

The provision list, especially pork and ribs, showed quite decided strength. July pork got up to $17.72½ and September to $17.80. July ribs sold at $10.75, an advance from $10.37½ on Monday. The demand for pork and ribs came largely from Wood, Wolff, and Pork. The trade generally believed this buying was for Armour. Sales of various product were largely attributed to the Cudahys and were made to Hately and Steever. Hog receipts were light, 28,000. The eight points reported 76,600, against 82,300 last week and 82,000 last year. Liverpool showed quite a decided advance, being strong and 3d higher on lard and 1s up on bacon and hams. Shipments of cured meats were moderate, 2,250,000 lbs, against 3,360,000 lbs a year ago. Lard shipments were 1,477,000 lbs, compared with 1,903,000 lbs last year.

Rye was quiet and a shade easier, July selling at 56¾c and 56¼c, closing at 56⅝c bid, with sellers at 56½c. September sold only at 54½c. This was bid at the close. Receipts were 7 cars. Not much business was done in barley, with the market quiet and steady. About 62c was outside for screenings, while malting grades ranged from 62c to 68c. There were 16 cars on the inspection sheet.

Conditions in seeds was almost nominal. Timothy was lightly offered and not much in demand. For August $5.00 was bid. First half September was quoted $4.70, all September $4.85 bid, and October $4.50 sellers. Clover-seed was not mentioned, contract being nominally $8.85. There were no transactions in flaxseed, No. 1 Northwestern being $1.76, Southwestern $1.56, September $1.41 bid, $1.42 asked, and October $1.36 bid, $1.37 sellers. There were 2 cars here, 2 at Minneapolis, and 3 at Duluth, a total of 7, as against 22 last year.

Range of Prices.

Grain and provision futures ranged as follows:

WHEAT.

	Closed June 9.	High.	Low.	Closed yes-terday.	Closed June 11, 1901.
June ...	71⅞	....	....	71⅛	70⅝
July ...	71¼-⅛	71⅜-½	70⅝	71⅜-⅝	71⅛
Sept ...	70⅝	70⅝	69¾	69¾-70	69¾-¾
Dec ...	71⅜-⅝	71⅝	70⅜-⅝	71⅛	....

CORN.

June ...	62¾	....	....	62⅝	47⅜
July ...	62¼-⅝	63⅛	62⅛	62⅝	46⅞
Sept ...	60¾-¼	60¾-⅝	60-59⅝	60⅜	45¾
Dec ...	44⅛	44⅜	43⅝-¾	44⅛-¼	....
May, '03	45¼	45½	45¼	45¼	....

OATS.

June ...	48	....	....	49	27¼
July ...	36¼	36¾	35¾	36¼	27⅛
*July ...	38½	38⅝	38	38½	....
*Sept ...	29⅝	29⅞	29¼	29¾-¼	20⅜
†Sept ...	30⅛	30⅛	30	30⅛	....
*Dec ...	29⅜	29⅞	29¼	29⅝	....
†Dec ...	30⅜	30¾-⅝	30	30¾	....

*Old. †New.

MESS PORK.

June ...	17.60	....	....	17.72½	14.77½
July ...	17.60	17.80	17.47½	17.72½	14.77½
Sept ...	17.80	17.80	17.65	17.80	14.95
Jan	16.25	16.25	16.17½	16.25	....

LARD.

June ...	10.80	....	....	10.85	8.53
July ...	10.37½	10.85-7½	10.32½	10.85-7½	8.55
Sept ...	10.35	10.40	10.32½	10.40	8.65
Jan	9.37½	9.35	9.30	*9.35	8.30

SHORT RIBS.

June ...	10.37½	....	....	10.75	8.05
July ...	10.67½	10.75	10.37½	10.75	8.05
Sept ...	10.22½	10.37½	10.20	10.37½	8.07½

GRAIN INSPECTION.

	No. 2 and better.	No. 3.	Low grades.	Total.
Winter wheat	15	2	2	19
Spring wheat	5	9	4	18
Corn	49	269	92	505
Oats	51	149	57	257
Rye	2	5	2	9
Barley	....	4	*13	16
Totals	107	548	167	817

Inspected out: 49,000 bu winter wheat, 116,800 bu spring wheat, 6,500 bu oats, 26,000 bu rye. From unlicensed elevators: 1 car winter wheat, 7 cars spring wheat, 20 cars and 161,800 bu corn, 25 cars oats.

Cash Produce Transactions.

FLOUR—Dull. Winter patents, Southern, $3.80@3.90; straights, $3.70@3.80; spring, special brands, $4.20@4.80; hard patents, $3.70@3.90; winter rye, brls, $2.85@3.00.

WINTER WHEAT—Easier. Sales in store and to go: No. 3 red, 77¾c; No. 2 hard, 10,000 bu on p. t. On track: No. 3 red, 77¾c; 8,000 bu to arrive on p. t. Free on board: No. 3 red, 78¼@79¼c; No. 3 hard, 78¾c; No. 2 hard, 75¾c. Billed through: No. 3, 72¾c.

SPRING WHEAT—Easy and averaged lower. Sales in store and to go: No. 1 Northern, 130,000 bu on p. t.; No. 3, 71c. Free on board: No. 3, 69¾@72¾c, latter for choice; No. 2, 73¼c. Billed through: No. 3, 72¾c.

CORN—Easy and about ¼c lower. Sales in store and to go: No. 2 yellow, 62¾c; No. 3, 62⅝@62¾c; No. 3 yellow, 62¾@62¾c; No. 4, 62c. Sales on track and free on board: No grade, 47@60c; No. 4, 62@62½c; No. 3, 62½c; No. 3 yellow, 63c; No. 2 yellow, 63¼c. Billed through: No. 3, 60¾@61c; No. 3 yellow, 61¾@62c; No. 2 yellow, 61¾c; No. 3 white, 61¼c.

OATS—Steady, without much demand. Sales in store and to go: No. 4 white, 44½c; white clipped, 100,000 bu. Sales on track and free on board: No. 4 white, 44¼@45c; No. 3, 45¼c; No. 3 white, 45@46c; No. 2, 42@42¼c; No. 2 white, 46c. Billed through: No. 4 white, 41¼@45c; No. 3 white, 45@45¼c; No. 2 white, 45@45¾c. At the river: No grade, 43c; No. 4 white, 43@43¾c; No. 3 white, 44@44½c; No. 2 white, 44¼@44¾c.

RYE—Dull. Sales in store and to go: No. 3, 56c. Free on board: No. 2, 58¼@59c.

PROVISIONS—Firm and higher. Cash lots mess pork, $17.80@17.85; lard, $10.32½@10.35; short ribs, $10.70@10.80, according to weight.

HAY—Dull. Receipts, 1,051 tons; shipments, 88 tons. Sales on track: Choice timothy, $14.00@14.50; No. 1 timothy, $13.00@13.50; No. 2 timothy, $11.00@12.50; No. 3 timothy, $10.25; not graded timothy, $9.50@14.00; choice prairie, Kansas, $11.00; Nebraska, $11.00; No. 1 prairie, Kansas, $10.00; Nebraska, $10.00; No. 2 prairie, Kansas, $9.00; not graded prairie, State, $7.00; Kansas, $9.00@10.00. Free on board and switched: Choice timothy, $14.00@14.50; not graded timothy, $11.00.

Trade Gossip on 'Change.

Estimated receipts today: Wheat, 25 cars; corn, 205 cars; oats, 100 cars; hogs, 36,000.

All the cash markets showed a rather indifferent demand. No. 3 yellow corn was about the July price, while No. 3 was ¼@1c under. A small lot of No. 2 hard wheat was worked, and shippers took 100,000 bu oats.

There is talk of a big short interest in Minneapolis July wheat. From all accounts the conditions are badly congested, the millers owning all the stocks (only 6,000,000 bu), which leaves the shorts without stocks to trade in. The decrease there so far this week has been 75,000 bu. Washburn "A," which has been closed several weeks, reopened yesterday.

Reports from threshing operations in Texas say the wheat is turning out better than expected by at least one-third. Indications point to an early movement.

The Mayor of Manti, Utah, has issued a call for volunteers to fight grasshoppers. All hopes of a grain crop in that section have been given up.

Explaining an advance in Minneapolis wheat prices, Harris-Gates' man says: "Local mills have been buying the floating July wheat daily against flour sales, and it does not come out again, because the mills feel they will be dependent on July to supply their requirements of wheat during July, August, September, and October. They will need more or less old wheat to mix with the new during September and October. Farmers' deliveries are light."

Irwin-Green put out the following bull argument on wheat: "In the last five weeks the visible supply has decreased one-third, this fact rather closely paralleling the movement in the same part of 1897. In that year the lowest price was touched at the beginning of June. In less than a month it was 'up' 16c, with a decreasing 'visible,' and subsequently soared much higher during the Leiter campaign. As we view the conditions, they decidedly favor a repetition of the first part of this experience, if not the latter one. About all the earlier harvested winter wheat will be wanted at home, there being no likelihood of such a pressure as was experienced last year, even if the harvest were not late because of being wet. That means the visible may decrease to even less than the 15,324,000 bu, which was the minimum near the middle of July, 1897. So, while having due regard to present bearishness, we may think it quite possible the market will be dull till after the next national holiday, and even may sink a little nearer to the 70c mark. It will bear watching for a movement in the upward direction at a rate sufficient to cause dizziness among those who are committed heavily to the short side. We should not be surprised to see the visible decrease to 10,000,000 and the price go up to 80c before the end of July."

IN FOREIGN PRODUCE MARKETS.

Current and Closing Quotations on Grain, Provisions, and Cotton at Liverpool.

LIVERPOOL, June 10.—Wheat—Spot dull; No. 1 Northern, spring, 6s; No. 1 California, 6s 3¼d. Futures quiet; July 5s 9¾d; September, 6s 1d. Corn—Spot quiet; American mixed, new, 5s 9d; American mixed, old, 5s 9d. Futures steady; July nominal; September, 5s 6¾d; October, 5s 1½d.

Provisions—Hams—Short cut firm, 54s 6d. Bacon—Cumberland cut firm, 54s 6d; long clear middles, light, firm, 56s; long clear middles, heavy, firm, 55s; short clear backs, firm, 55s 6d; clear bellies firm, 54s 6d. Shoulders—Square firm, 41s 6d. Lard—American refined, in pails, steady, 52s 3d.

Cotton—Spot in fair demand; prices 1-32d higher; American middling, fair, 5 13-32d; good middling, 5¼d; middling, 5d; low middling, 4 29-32d; good ordinary, 4 25-32d; ordinary, 4 17-32d. Sales, 10,000 bales; receipts, 6,000 bales, including 600 American. Futures opened and closed steady.

Kansas City Produce Market.

KANSAS CITY, Mo., June 10.—Close: Wheat—July, 65¼@65¾c; September, 65¼c; cash, No. 2 hard, 69¼c; No. 3, 68@69c; No. 2 red, 72c; No. 3, 70¼@71¼c; No. 2 spring, 69c. Corn—July, 56c; September, 50c; cash, No. 2 mixed, 58c; No. 2 white, 62c; No. 3, 60¼c. Oats—No. 2 white, 44@44½c.

Oil and Oil Certificates.

OIL CITY, Pa., June 10.—Credit balances, $1.30; certificates, no bid. Shipments, 97,884; average, 84,366. Runs, 85,700; average, 70,615.

RANGE OF PRODUCE PRICES

QUOTATIONS ON GRAIN AND STAPLES AT LEADING EXCHANGES.

Record of the Day's Trading in Principal Commodities from the Eastern Seaboard to the Western Markets—Tendency of Cotton in the East and South — Receipts and Shipments of Wheat, Corn, and Oats at Milling Points.

NEW YORK, June 10.—Flour—Receipts, 29,444 brls; exports, 5,241 brls; steady all day, but quiet.

Wheat—Receipts, 121,300 bu; spot steady; No. 2 red, 77¾c, elevator; No. 2 red, 78¾@79¼c, f. o. b., afloat; No. 1 Northern Duluth, 80⅝c, f. o. b., afloat; No. 1 hard Manitoba, 83⅝c, f. o. b., afloat. Wheat ruled steady to firm all day. The close was firm at ⅛@⅜c net advance; July closed, 77¾c; September, 75¾c; December, 77c.

Corn—Receipts, 1,050 bu; exports, 5,400 bu; spot steady; No. 2, 70¼c, elevator, and 70¾c, f. o. b., afloat; options firm all day and closed unchanged to ¼c higher; July closed, 67½c; September, 63½c; December, 49¾c.

Oats—Receipts, 189,300 bu; spot steady; No. 2, 46c; No. 3, 45½c; No. 2 white, 51½c; No. 3 white, 51c; track, mixed Western, 40@48c; track, white, 49@55c; options firmer, with corn.

Cottonseed oil—Steady.

Eggs—Receipts, 17,833 pkgs; steady; State and Pennsylvania, 17@18c; Western candled, 17@17¼c.

Sugar—Raw firm; fair refining, 3c; centrifugal, 96 test, 3½c; molasses sugar, 2⅝c; refined firm.

In the Cotton Market.

Cotton futures closed steady; June, 8.82c; July, 8.76c; August, 8.53c; September, 8.18c; October, 8.05c; November, 7.99c; December, 7.99c; January, 7.99c; February, 8c; March, 8.02c.

Spot closed quiet; middling uplands, 9⅜c; middling gulf, 9⅝c. Sales, 250 bales.

Western Grain Markets.

St. Louis, Mo., June 10.—Close: Wheat—higher, No. 2 red, cash, elevator, 76c; track, 77@77¼c; July, 68¾@68¾c; September, 68½c; No. 2 hard, 72@74c. Corn—Higher; No. 2 cash, 61c; track, 62@62½c; July, 60¼c; September, 54⅜c. Oats—Lower; No. 2, cash, 43c; track, 43¼@43½c; July, 32c; September, 27½@c. Rye—No. 2 white, 45½c. Lead—Steady; $3.95@3.97½. Spelter—Lower; $4.50@4.55. Flour—Quiet, easy.

Wool—Steady; medium grades and combing, 18@18c; light fine, 12@15½c; heavy fine, 10@13c; tub washed, 15@25c.

MINNEAPOLIS, Minn., June 10.—Minneapolis led all markets this morning. July wheat sold to 73¾c, then sold back to 72½@73c, but recovered to 73½c. The close was: July, 73¼@73⅝c; September, 68⅝c. Cash market firm and active. Close: No. 1 hard, 76¼c; No. 1 Northern, 74@74⅝c; No. 2 Northern, 73c; No. 3 wheat, 71¾@72¼c. Flour—Higher; first patents, $3.75@3.85; second patents, $3.50@3.60; first clears, $2.75@2.85; second clears, $2.20.

DULUTH, Minn., June 10.—Wheat—Cash, No. 1 hard, 76¼c; No. 1 Northern, 72¾c; No. 2 Northern, 71½c; No. 3 spring, 69¾c. To arrive—No. 1 hard, 76¼c; No. 1 Northern, 73¼c; July, 72¾c; September, 70c. Manitoba, No. 1 Northern, cash, 72¾c; No. 2 Northern, 71¼c. Oats—September, 29½c. Rye—55½c; September, 54½c.

MILWAUKEE, Wis., June 10.—Wheat—Steady; close, No. 1 Northern, 76¼@76½c; No. 2 Northern, 75¼c; July, 71¾c. Barley—Steady; No. 2, 70c; sample, 65@66½c. Oats—Steady; No. 2 white, 46¼@46½c. Corn—July, 62¾c.

TOLEDO, O., June 10.—Wheat—Dull, steady; cash, 80c; June, 80c; July, 73¾c; September, 72¾c. Clover seed—Dull, easier; cash, $5.07½; October, $5.12½.

IN THE NEW YORK MARKETS.

Current and Closing Quotations on Dry Goods, Coffee, Poultry, Butter, and Metals.

NEW YORK, June 10.—[Special.]—Dry goods ruled quiet. There were only limited orders for staple cottons of any kind, and prices are not quotably changed. Prints are in fair demand. Ginghams scare and firm. Silks and ribbons are firm with moderate business.

Range of Coffee Prices.

Coffee—The market opened steady, with prices unchanged to 5 points lower, the initial decline being in competing with easier European markets, Havre at our opening being ½f and Hamburg ½pfg net lower.

Bull leaders made little attempt to rally prices, and, following a further decline of ¼f at Havre and active selling by importers against purchases of coffee in Brazil, prices settled another 5 points on the general list. Havre rallied ¼f at the close, and was finally net ½f lower.

The market here closed steady at a net loss of 5@10 points. Sales of 69,500 bags were recorded, the heaviest trade noted in a number of weeks. Brazilian market news had little effect locally, showing only minor changes. Primary receipts amounted to 87,000 bags at ports and to 14,700 bags at interior towns. The local market for the spot article was weak and quiet, though nominally unchanged in prices quoted, based on 5¼c for invoices of Rio 7s.

Poultry, Alive and Dressed.

Alive—Broilers, large, lb, 22@25c; do small, 15@17c; fowls, lb, 15c; roosters, 10c; turkeys, 11c; ducks, Western, per pair, 70@80c; geese, Western, $1.00@1.12. Dressed—Turkeys, hens, average best, 14c; Western toms, average best, 13c; do poor to fair, 8@10c; broilers, fancy, large, 35@37c; do mixed sizes, 30@34c; do Pennsylvania, 28@33c; do Western, dry picked, 26@28c; do scalded, 23@25c; do fowls, Western, 15c; Western, poor to fair, 10@12c.

Butter of All Grades.

Butter—Creamery—Extras, per lb, 22c; do firsts, 21@21½c; do seconds, 20@20½c; State dairy, tubs, fancy, 21c; do firsts, 20@20½c; do seconds, 19@19½c; State dairy, tins, etc., 18@20½c; Western imitation creamery, fancy, 20c; do good to choice, 18½@19½c; renovated, fancy, 19½@20c; do common to prime, 17@19c; Western factory, firsts, 18½@18¾c; do seconds, 18@18¼c; packing stock, 17@18c.

In the Metal Markets.

Copper was irregular, although 60,000 lbs electrolytic for September delivery sold at $12.27½. The closing range was as follows: Standard, spot to August, $11.70@11.90; lake, $12.30@12.60; electrolytic, $12.12½@12.27½; and casting, $12.12½@12.25. At London copper was 2s 6d lower. Lead was unchanged. Spelter ruled nominal. Tin was firm and a trifle higher, with spot at $30.40@31.00. London was £1 5s lower. Iron ruled steady, but quiet locally.

OIL—SMELTER—MINES.

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BUY WHEAT.

TELEGRAPH ORDERS AND PROTECTION.

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FOR RENT

IN THE HEART OF THE BUSINESS CENTER FOR MEN'S TRADE, STORE 116 DEARBORN-ST. APPLY TO M. R. COBB, 145 DEARBORN-ST

$2,000,000

Milwaukee Gas Light Company

First Mortgage Twenty-five Year Four Per Cent. Gold Bonds.

Due May 1, 1927; Coupons May 1 and November 1.

Coupon bonds of $1,000 each, with privilege of registration of principal.

Subject to redemption at 110 and accrued interest.

CENTRAL TRUST COMPANY OF NEW YORK, Trustee.

Principal and interest payable in New York in gold coin of the United States of or equal to the present standard of weight and fineness, without deduction for any tax or taxes which the company may be required to pay or to retain therefrom.

These bonds are part of a total authorized issue of $10,000,000, of which $8,000,000 are now outstanding (including the bonds now offered), and are secured by mortgage, dated February 28, 1902, upon all the property owned by the company, as a direct first lien, and also upon all subsequently acquired property. Of the remaining bonds $100,000 have been reserved to take up an outstanding issue of $80,000 bonds, guaranteed by the Gas Light Company on the property in Milwaukee, occupied as its office, which are redeemable after 1905, and the remaining $1,900,000 bonds can only be issued at par for 80 per cent. of the actual cost of extensions, additions, and improvements, subject to carefully guarded restrictions as to issue.

For information as to these bonds, reference is made to the letter of Mr. Emerson McMillin, President of the Milwaukee Gas Light Company, and to that of Mr. Alex. C. Humphreys, Gas Engineer, who examined the property on our behalf, copies of which, as well as of the mortgage, may be obtained at our offices.

Mr. Humphreys estimates that the net earnings for the year 1902 after making ample allowances for depreciation, will be..... $545,800
which after paying interest on these $8,000,000 4% bonds..... 240,000
Leaves a surplus of..... $305,800

Mr. McMillin's letter states in part as follows:

"The Milwaukee Gas Light Company was incorporated by the Legislature of the State of Wisconsin, under Chapter 139 of the laws of 1852, and subsequent amendments thereto, and is the only Company supplying Gas in the City of Milwaukee. The following are extracts from the Act of Incorporation:

Section 1. . . . are hereby created a body corporate and politic by the name of the Milwaukee Gas Light Company, with perpetual succession.

Sec. 4—The said Company shall have FULL AND EXCLUSIVE AUTHORITY to manufacture, make, and sell gas, to be made from any and all substances, or a combination thereof from which inflammable gas is obtained, for the purpose of lighting the City of Milwaukee, or the streets thereof, or any buildings, manufactories, public places, or houses therein contained, and to erect all necessary works or apparatus.

"The validity of the exclusive and perpetual features of the franchise have been litigated, and have been sustained by the highest court of the State. (State vs. Mil. G. L. Co., 29 Wis. 454.)"

"The rates charged by the Company for illuminating purposes are from 80 cents to $1.00 per thousand cubic feet and for fuel purposes from 60 to 80 cents, depending in each case upon the quantity used by the consumer. The low rate charged has made the Company popular, and induced very large consumption of gas per capita."

"Milwaukee is one of the most prosperous cities of the Northwest. The population in 1880 was 203,000; in 1900 it had increased to 288,000, and is now estimated to be 305,000."

"The total net earnings of the Milwaukee Gas Light Company, applicable to interest on bonds, have been reported to you by your expert, Mr. Alexander C. Humphreys, after certain minor adjustments and allowances for depreciation, to have been as follows:

1897, $450,746 1898, $464,071 1899, $469,474
1900, $492,820. 1901, $486,062

"The net earnings of the Company for the first four months of this year have increased $31,085.99 over the same period of 1901."

All legal matters connected with the issue have been supervised by Messrs. Guthrie, Cravath & Henderson.

Application will be made to list these bonds on the New York Stock Exchange.

Having disposed of $4,000,000 of the above bonds by exchange for Western Gas Company 5% bonds (now retired), and at private sale, we now offer the remaining $2,000,000 bonds subject to sale and advance in price without notice, at 95 AND ACCRUED INTEREST, at which they will net about 4.35% upon the investment and we recommend them as a safe and desirable security.

Vermilye & Co. New York, Boston, and Baltimore.

J. & W. Seligman & Co. New York.

LAST DAY NOTICE LAST DAY

Price of Mt. Shasta Gold Mines Corporation

Stock has just been ordered advanced 20% to take effect after WEDNESDAY, JUNE 11.

REPORTS:

A prominent business man of Saginaw, Mich., after inspecting prominent mines in Colorado, Wyoming, Utah, South Dakota, Idaho, Arizona, and California, including Shasta properties, stopped on May 20th and secured a large block of stock for himself and friends. He stated: "I think you have the greatest property I ever saw, and have visited nearly all the great mining camps."

Business men inspecting the property write as follows:

Redding, Cal., May 27th, '02.

"We are just in from Bully Hill. We are exceedingly gratified with Mt. Shasta properties. They far exceed expectations. Indeed, the magnitude of the proposition almost amazes us."

Excursion train left Chicago Saturday evening, May 31st, for the mines. The following signed telegram was sent by a few of that number:

Redding, Cal., June 8, '02.

SANFORD MAKEEVER,
84 Adams-st., Chicago.

The Shasta Gold Mine and the Great Copper Mines on Bully Hill, owned by the Mt. Shasta Gold Mines Corporation, have been visited and thoroughly investigated. The ore bodies are immense; the representations of the Company and you are more than verified. We believe the future will prove it to be one of the greatest properties known to exist.

WM. M. GILMAN, H. C. WILSON,
T. GILLESPIE, E. E. VINCENT,
I. H. WILSON, A. S. BERKWITH,
G. C. SCHOOLFIELD, Committee of Investigation.

Reports from many others who have personally inspected mines equally favorable.

Price 25c Per Share Par value, $1.00, full paid and non-assessable. Owing to widespread interest and great demand for stock. Directors have ordered price advanced 20%. We predict it will soon be withdrawn from the market.

Remember, all orders must bear date and postmark not later than 6 P. M. Wednesday, June 11th, to secure stock at 25c per share. Secure stock at once. Write or wire.

Telephone, Harrison 1540 SANFORD MAKEEVER, Fiscal Agent, 84 Adams-st., CHICAGO.

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Chicago Security & Trust Company,

Dept., 7, 159 La Salle-st., Chicago.

A GOOD INVESTMENT

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Consolidated Debt of the United Kingdom of Great Britain and Ireland.

(BRITISH CONSOLS)

In the form of certificates, issued by The National City Bank of New York, are strongly recommended as lower in price than United States securities, while they are more available as collateral, because there is always a broad market for their sale.

The certificate represents an equal amount of Consols, registered on the books of the

BANK OF ENGLAND.

They are more satisfactory to Americans than the direct registered obligation of the British Government, because they are tangible evidences of indebtedness held by the investor instead of merely inscriptions. Quotations are made in an American equivalent, so that the price quoted is the net price in dollars. Interest checks are mailed by the National City Bank to American holders on the same day that interest is paid by the British Government in England. The certificates pass by endorsement like the stock of an American corporation, or may be reissued in another name without charge. They will be bought and sold at the equivalent of the London market, and holders can count confidently on a satisfactory trading market, based on London quotations.

Quotations will be wired at any time, or further information sent by mail.

The National City Bank of New York

OR

The National Bank of the Republic Chicago

THE NATIONAL BANK OF NORTH AMERICA

La Salle and Monroe Sts., Chicago.

Capital.....$2,000,000.00
Surplus.....500,000.00

Opens for the transaction of business on Monday, June 16, in rooms formerly occupied by the Metropolitan National Bank, The Temple, 184 La Salle St.

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CALVIN DURAND, President Durand & Kasper Co., Wholesale Grocers.
EDWARD RUMPF, President Edward Rumpf Lumber Co.
LA VERNE W. NOYES, President Armour Car Company.
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THE AUDIT COMPANY OF NEW YORK.

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JAMES B. FORGAN, President First National Bank.
JAMES H. ECKELS, President Commercial National Bank.
JOHN C. BLACK, President Continental National Bank.

This Company makes audits and examinations of books and accounts and reports the true business conditions. It also makes physical examinations and appraisals of land, buildings and machinery.

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Financial systems of accounting and those showing "Costs" furnished at moderate prices, frequently effecting economies.

All information confidential and confined to examiners and the Western Manager.

A. W. DUNNING, Western Manager.

FOREMAN BROS. BANKING CO.

S. E. Cor. LaSalle and Madison-sts.

CAPITAL - - $500,000
SURPLUS - - $500,000

EDWIN G. FOREMAN, President.
OSCAR G. FOREMAN, Vice-Pres.
GEORGE M. NEISE, Cashier.

Accounts of corporations, firms and individuals are solicited, and will be received upon the most favorable terms consistent with conservative banking

5 C

BANK BOARD IS ENLARGED

STOCKHOLDERS OF THE REPUBLIC ADD NEW MEMBERS.

Well-Known Business Men on the List—State Bank Adds $100,000 to Its Surplus—Garden City Board Favors Increase in Capital—Julius S. Pomeroy Chosen Cashier of the National Bank of North America—Financial Notes.

Stockholders of the National Bank of the Republic at their adjourned meeting yesterday added a number of new members to the Board of Directors. By a vote of the stockholders last week it was decided to increase the active membership from ten to sixteen. The list of sixteen directors as voted yesterday shows nine names that were not on the board after the annual election in January. Apparently, Alexander Mackay, A. M. Rothschild, and Tracy Drake, who were on the board prior to June 1, retired; for of the old board of ten there remain but seven.

The list shows the accessions yesterday will materially add to the prestige of the bank. It is expected to interest a number of other capitalists in the stock of the company. The roster of directors, as the board is now constituted, follows:

New directors—
Wells A. Keyes, Franklin MacVeagh & Co.
J. V. Farwell Jr., J. V. Farwell & Co.
Albert Mather, Vice President Chicago, Rock Island and Pacific railroad.
Charles R. Crane, Vice President Crane company.
Herman B. Butler, Joseph T. Ryerson & Son.
R. W. Heinrichs, President Bradley & Metcalf company, Milwaukee.
John H. Morron, Vice President Diamond Glue company.
F. E. Vogel, Vice President G. H. Hammond company.
C. H. Conover, Hibbard, Spencer, Bartlett & Co.
Old directors—
Frank O. Lowden, Lowden, Estabrook & Davis.
Louis E. Swift, Swift & Co.
Henry Siegel, President Siegel, Cooper & Co.
Frank A. Lynch, President National Bank of the Republic.
T. B. Greenhut, capitalist, Peoria.
E. B. Strong of the late firm of Foss, Strong & Co.
W. T. Fenton.

State Bank Adds to Surplus.

Directors of the State Bank of Chicago have voted to take from undivided profit $100,000 and credit it to the surplus account. This will make the surplus $200,000 and the capital and surplus $1,200,000. The bank has been unusually prosperous in the last five years.

Directors Favor Capital Increase.

Directors of the Garden City Banking and Trust company at their meeting yesterday discussed the matter of an increase in the capital stock. The board is in favor of issuing $250,000 new capital, making the total $750,000. It is probable that within sixty days a special meeting of the stockholders will be called to act on the proposition.

J. S. Pomeroy Appointed Cashier.

Directors of the National Bank of North America have chosen Julius S. Pomeroy to be cashier of the new bank. Mr. Pomeroy has been connected with the First National Bank of Winona, Minn., for the last ten years. His banking capacity was well appreciated by President Perry. Only two executive officers have been elected thus far for the North America, the President and the cashier.

Bank Stock Quotations.

Howard, Small, Sibley & Co. furnish the following quotations on local bank stocks:

	Bid.	Asked.
American Trust and Savings	208	212
Bankers' National	214	217
Central Trust	131	133
Chicago City Bank	160	170
Chicago National	400	408
Commercial National	390	405
Continental Nation	220	230
Corn Exchange National	440	450
Drovers' National Bank	260	
Fidelity Trust company	135	138
First National	412	416
First National of Englewood	125	150
Fort Dearborn National	130	134
Garden City Banking and Trust Co.	123	130
Illinois Trust and Savings	730	740
Merchants' Loan and Trust	415	420
Milwaukee Avenue State Bank	110	115
National Bank of the Republic	235	245
National Bank of North America	142	146
National Live Stock Bank	285	305
Northern Trust company	475	
Prairie State Bank	130	140
Royal Trust company	147	150
State Bank of Chicago	205	210
Western State Bank	114	118

Financial Notes.

E. H. Gary is quoted as saying that the American Steel foundries consolidation will be carried out satisfactorily.

An officer of the Republic Iron and Steel company says the half yearly report of earnings to be issued in July will show a large increase in both gross and net.

New York Subtreasury continues to gain from the banks. Since last Friday it has gained $1,445,000.

The Chicago, Rock Island and Pacific officially announces that from June 21 to July 1 it will issue its own stock share for share to holders of Burlington, Cedar Rapids and Northern railway and Rock Island and Peoria railway stocks.

Concerning the veto by the Mayor of Hanana of the resolution passed by the City Council accepting the bid of Farson, Leach & Co. for the proposed Havana City Consolidated 5 per cent loan of $28,000,000 a member of the firm says: "Our bid of 90 for the bonds was practically the only one worth considering which the city received, and as to what the Havana authorities intend to do now I do not care to venture a prediction."

It is announced that in the near future articles of incorporation will be filed in New Jersey for the East St. Louis and Suburban company, a consolidation of St. Louis Traction lines. The new company will have a capital of $5,000,000, and an authorized bond issue of $8,000,000. The financial end of the deal is being engineered by E. W. Clark & Co. of Philadelphia.

Arrangements have been practically completed for the establishment of a $5,000,000 wire plant at Los Angeles.

Dividends Declared.

Directors of the National Bank of the Republic have declared the regular quarterly dividend of 1½ per cent, payable on July 1. The State Bank of Chicago has declared the usual quarterly dividend of 1½ per cent, payable on July 1.

The Garden City Banking and Trust company has declared the regular semi-annual dividend of 3 per cent, payable on July 1. Books close on June 20.

The Sloss-Sheffield Steel and Iron company has declared regular quarterly dividend of 1¾ per cent on its preferred stock, payable on July 1. Books close on June 20 and reopen on July 2.

The Union Bag and Paper company has declared the regular quarterly dividend of 1¾ per cent on its preferred stock, payable on July 1. Books close on June 14.

Boston's 20, 30, and 40 year 3½ per cent bonds, amounting to $5,314,000, were awarded to Estabrook & Co., Harvey Fisk & Son, and R. L. Day & Co., jointly, at 104.32.

The Mergenthaler Linotype company has declared the regular quarterly dividend of 2½ per cent, payable on June 30. Books close on June 14 and reopen on July 1.

The United Fruit company has declared the regular quarterly dividend of 1¼ per cent, payable on June 14 to stock of record on June 30.

The Victoria Coal and Coke company has declared the usual semi-annual dividend of 1 per cent on its preferred stock, payable on July 1.

The Manhattan railway company declared regular quarterly dividend of 1 per cent, payable on July 1. Books close on June 13 and reopen on June 21.

The Chicago Great Western has declared a semi-annual dividend of $2.50 a share on the preferred "A" stock. The transfer books will be closen on June 28. A dividend of $1.00 a share on the 4 per cent debenture stock of the company also has been declared.

Railway Earnings.

BROOKLYN RAPID TRANSIT SYSTEM REPORTS FOR APRIL.

	1902.	1901.	Increase.
Gross	$ 1,041,706	$ 989,993	$ 51,713
Op. ex & tax.	705,010	658,283	46,726
Net	336,696	331,711	4,985
Jan. July 1—			
Gross	10,468,072	9,944,597	523,475
Op. ex & tax.	7,460,949	6,992,732	467,177
Net	2,998,193	2,951,865	*43,702

*Decrease.

Closing Quotations in New York.

The following were the closing quotations in New York curb market:

	Bid.	Asked.
American Can	13¼	13⅝
Do pfd	84	85
Bay State Gas	7⅛	8
Bonanza Creek	35	40
Buffalo Gas	1⅝	1⅞
British Columbia Copper	5⅜	5⅞
Cobalt Lake	2	2¼
Colorado Power	34	35
Comstock Tunnel	25	27

Electric Vehicles	6¾
Do pfd	12½
Electric Pneumatic	1⅛
General Carriage	4¾
Havana Commercial Co.	19
Do pfd	80
Illinois Vehicle	¾
National City Bank	320
National Enameling & Stamp Co.	31
Do pfd	84½
N. Y. Elec. Vehicle Trans.	13
Northern Securities Co.	106¾
Otis Elevator Co.	31
Do pfd	101
Pittsburg, Bessemer & Lake Erie	38
Royal Baking Powder pfd	105
Seaboard Air Line	25½
Do pfd	48¾
Standard Oil	625
St. Louis Transit	31½
United Rys. of St. Louis pfd	83½
Do 4s	87¾

Foreign Exchange Prices.

Foreign exchange was dull yesterday, closing at the following prices:

SELLING.

Check, Paris	5.16⅞—1-16
Cable, London	4.87⅝
Check, London	4.87⅜
Check, Berlin	95¼—1-32

BUYING.

60 days, London, bankers'	4.84⅝
60 days, London, documentary	4.85⅛
3 days, Hamburg	95⅛
3 days, Antwerp	5.18⅜
3 days, France	5.18⅛
60 days, France	5.20
3 days, Holland	40 1-16
60 days, Holland	39⅝

Consols Certificates in Chicago.

The National Bank of the Republic began offering yesterday in Chicago consol certificates the same as the National City Bank of New York is doing. The offer brought a great many inquiries and the bank people were well pleased. The certificates are issued by the National City Bank against purchases of British consols. They form a security with a ready market and have proved to be quite attractive in New York.

Chicago Stocks.

Chicago Title and Trust stock showed considerable improvement. It appears there was a large order to sell and in its execution the price was naturally forced down.

American Can shares were firm. The street had a story that W. H. Moore had said dividends would be paid beginning with July. The announcement was erroneous.

The street railroad shares were moderately active, but the prices were not significant.

Biscuit common continues to hold its strength. It closed at 48¾. Street's Stable Car was quite firm, advancing one point upon the execution of an order for a few hundred shares.

Sales on the Chicago Stock Exchange yesterday were as follows:

Stock.	Shares.	High.	Low.	Close.
American Can	900	13⅝	13⅜	13⅝
Do pfd	300	85¼	84¾	85¼
Chicago City Railway	20	210	210	210
Chicago Title & Trust	250	183½	180¾	182½
Chicago Union Traction	725	15¾	15⅝	15¾
Diamond Match	42	135	135	135
Metropolitan Elevated	10	30	30	30
Do pfd	10	90¼	90¼	90¼
National Biscuit	555	48¾	48	48¾
Do pfd	30	102¾	102¾	102¾
National Carbon pfd	30	94	94	94
Street's Stable Car	335	27¼	26¼	27¼
Do pfd	7	79	79	79

BONDS.

$8000 Met El 4s	101¾
1000 Con Gas 5s	100¾
5000 Ogden Gas 5s	92
1000 Chi Gas 5s	100¼
$5000 Com Elec 5s	107
7000 N W El 4s	97¾
18000 do	97⅝

Clearings at the larger cities yesterday and a week ago were:

	June 10.	June 3.
New York	$192,651,118	$208,750,817
Chicago	26,324,233	26,564,780
Boston	21,526,879	20,958,724
Philadelphia	14,962,464	15,403,043
St. Louis	7,477,829	12,046,562
Baltimore	3,801,994	5,778,391

New York exchange sold yesterday as follows: Chicago, 30c premium; St. Louis, 20c premium.

IN THE BOSTON MONEY MARKET.

General Tendency of Cash, Bonds, Copper Stocks, and Other Securities at the Hub.

Boston, Mass., June 10.—[Special.]—This was another intensely dull day in the stock market. The tone was firm. Amalgamated was somewhat firmer, rising to 69.

Call loans, 3½@4 per cent; time loans, collateral, 4@4½; per cent; time loans, mercantile paper, 4@4½ per cent; clearing-house loans, 3@3½ per cent.

Description.	Sales.	Open.	High.	Low.	Close.
Amal. Copper	820	68¾	69	68¼	69
Adventure	200	23¾	23¾	23½	23½
Alloues	220	3	3	3	3
Arcadian	170			4¾	4¾
Am. Tel.	987	175	176½	175	176½
Atchison	775	80¾	81¾	80¾	81¾
Am. Sugar	230	128¾	128¾	127¾	128¾
Am. Woolen	100	75	75	75	75
Do pfd	368	73	75¼	74¾	75
Amn. Pneumatic	10	8¼	8¼	8¼	8¼
Do pfd	280	35	35	35	35
Copper Range	400	57½	58½	57½	58½
Centennial	150	19¾	19¾	19¾	19¾
Franklin	50	11¾	11¾	11¾	11¾
Guanajuato	250	3¼	3¾	3¼	3¾
General Elec.	35	322	322	320	320
Mass. Mining	100	19¾	20	19¾	20
Mohawk	135	42	42	42	42
Michigan	100	12	12	12	12
Mont. & Bost.	125	2¼	2¼	2¼	2¼
Mass. Elec.	60	44	44	44	44
Do pfd	32	97½	98	97½	98
Mex. Tel.	50	2¼	2¼	2¼	2¼
N. E. Cot. Y. pfd.	100	92	92	92	92
Osceola	12	61¼	61¼	61¼	61¼
Old Dom.	100	20	20	20	20
Phoenix	100	4¾	4¾	4¾	4¾
Pere Marquette	10	70	70	70	70
R. I.	100	2	2	2	2
Rutland pfd	10	80	80	80	80
Shannon	100	15¾	15¾	15¾	15¾
Seattle Elec. pfd.	27	104½	104½	104½	104½
Shoe Machinery	200	53¼	53¾	53¼	53¾
Trinity	40	12¾	12¾	12¾	12¾
Un. C. L. & Min.	25	2	2	2	2
Utah	325	22	23	21½	21½
U. S. Mining	100	20¼	20¾	20¼	20½
Un. Fruit	150	104	104½	104	104½
Un. Pacific	2,440	104¾	105	104¾	105
Victoria	100	4 1-16	4 1-16	4 1-16	4 1-16
Winona	200	4	4	4	4
Western Tel.	3	27	27	27	27
Do pfd	4	101	101	101	101

BONDS.

$2000 Amn Bell 4s	100	$1000 Dom Coal 6s	110¼
7000 Amn Tel 4s	90¾	2000 NY-NH 4s	108¼
4000 CB-Q new 4s	94-½	$6000 N E Cotton Yarn 5s	103¾-½
1000 Cen Ver 4s	90		
2000 Ch. Jun 5s	106¼		

IN FOREIGN MONEY MARKETS.

General Tendency of Cash, Bonds, and Other Securities at London, Paris, and Berlin.

NEW YORK, June 10.—The Commercial Advertiser's London financial cablegram says: "Stocks were idle and dull. As the new account will have a record shortness of twelve days owing to the coronation festivities little business is expected. Consols were weak at 97. Considerable arbitrage business in consols is now done with Paris.

"Americans were firm on strike settlement rumors and the expectation of a good crop report. Atchison is in demand, as is Southern Railway on cotton crop prospects. Contangos were stiff at 5½. United States Steel and some other stocks at 6. Canadian Pacific had a sharp setback on profit taking."

LONDON, June 10.—There was a good demand for money today owing to the Stock Exchange settlement, but the supply was not short and rates were easy. Discounts were steady. Closing stocks:

Cons. for money	96¾	Norfolk & Western	58¾
Do for act.	97	Do pfd	92
Anaconda	5⅜	Ontario & Western	33¾
Atchison	83½	Pennsylvania	76½
Do pfd	101⅜	Reading	52¾
Balto. & Ohio	106½	Do 1st pfd	42⅜
Can. Pacific	136⅜	Do 2d pfd	55½
Ches. & Ohio	44¼	Southern Ry.	34⅞
Chi. Gt. Western	20	Do pfd	97¼
C. M. & St. P.	173⅜	Southern Pacific	63⅜
D. & R. G.	42¾	Union Pacific	107¼
Do pfd	93¼	Do pfd	90⅜
Erie	37¾	U. S. Steel	40¾
Do 1st pfd	68⅜	Do pfd	91
Do 2d pfd	53	Wabash	27¾
Ill. Central	154⅜	Do pfd	44½
Louisv. & Nash	139¼	Spanish 4s	72¾
M., K. & T.	27½	Rands	12⅜
Do pfd	60	De Beers	42¾
N. Y. Central	154¾		

Bar silver quiet, 23 15-16d per ounce; money, 2@2½ per cent; rate of discount in the open market for short bills, 2 11-16 per cent; for three months' bills, 2¾@2 11-16 per cent.

PARIS, June 10.—Business on the bourse today opened calm. Later Turks receded materially and the whole list became heavy. Toward the close there was a general improvement, although Turks were restrained. South Americans relapsed owing to realizations. Industrials were dull. Rio Tintos started strong, sagged, and finished quiet. Kaffirs closed undecided.

BERLIN, June 10.—Home funds were easier on the boerse today owing to realizations. Locals were favorably disposed. Canadian Pacifics were easier on New York advices. Transvaal rails were harder.

CHICAGO LIVE STOCK MARKET.

Movement of Cattle, Hogs, Sheep, and Lambs, Together with Range of Prices.

While receipts of cattle so far show a big increase over last week, when the strike disturbance was on, the receipts of the week show a decrease from the corresponding time a year ago. There were no fancy cattle here. Some distillery cattle could have been sold at $7.45. The hog receipts for the week so far show an increase of 14,000 over the corresponding two days last week, and 13,000 over a year ago. Top hogs, $7.55. Many hogs sold 5c lower. The choicest lambs were about steady; Colorado wooled at $7.45 and spring at $7.60. The sheep and lamb receipts for the week so far are 7,000 more than last week and 3,000 more than a year ago. Estimated receipts for Wednesday, 16,000 cattle, 38,000 hogs, and 10,000 sheep.

Receipts were as follows:

	Cattle.	Calves.	Hogs.	Sheep.
Monday, June 9	16,467	444	40,252	18,749
Tuesday, June 10	4,000	2,500	27,000	12,000
This week	20,467	2,944	67,252	30,145
Last week	9,350	2,380	53,845	22,956
Cor. week 1901	25,821	1,469	54,254	28,711

Shipments were:

Week ago	680	120	924	285
Monday, June 9	2,418	2	6,196	785
Tuesday, June 10	1,000	100	1,500	1,000
This week	3,418	102	7,696	1,785
Last week	2,770	126	7,922	265
Cor. week 1901	7,668	845	6,688	1,800

Receipts at the Chicago Stock-Yards for the year to date, with comparative figures:

	Cattle.	Hogs.	Sheep.	Horses.	Cars.
1902	1,193,556	3,935,453	1,505,200	61,797	122,400
1901	1,265,011	3,610,820	1,554,582	60,683	125,196
Inc.		325,120		1,114	
Dec.	62,055		49,618		2,796

Receipts at the six principal live stock markets yesterday for the periods indicated were as follows:

	Cattle.	Hogs.	Sheep.
Chicago	4,000	25,000	12,000
Kansas City	1,500	9,900	5,400
Omaha	3,000	14,300	5,100
St. Louis	4,000	6,000	6,000
St. Joseph	1,900	3,500	400
Sioux City	700	4,000	900
Totals	22,100	67,600	34,300
Last week	19,100	71,900	22,300
Year ago	21,500	60,900	25,400

Hog purchases yesterday:

Armour & Co.	8,200	Schwarzschild & Angio-Amer. P. Co	4,000
Boyd & Lunham Co	1,800	Sulzberger	2,000
Cont. Pack. Co	1,543	Butchers	600
G. H. Hammond Co.	700	Shippers	1,000
Nelson Morris & Co	1,300	Total	22,963
Swift & Co.	5,000	Left over	4,000
T. J. Lipton Co.	120		

Cattle.

The general beef cattle market was weak to lower, as there was no assortment of choice stock. There were no cattle to compare with those sold at $7.75 to $7.85 on Monday. Some choice beeves sold at $7.50. Some inferior to fair distillery cattle sold at $5.50 to $7.40, and $7.45 was offered for some stillers which the owner preferred to slaughter for his own establishment. Inferior to fair grassy cattle, such as sold at $4.75 to $6.00, sold poorly. Texas cattle were in liberal supply, there being 35 carloads on sale and 20 carloads direct to slaughterers. Some 1,287-lb Texas cattle, fed by C. C. Fideler of Cresson, Tex., sold at $7.00, the highest price ever realized for cattle direct from the Lone Star State. Other fed Texas cattle sold at $4.90 to $6.55, with bulls at $3.00 to $3.40, oxen at $4.00 to $5.00, and Texas calves at $3.25. The market for native cows was about steady for the choicest kinds and 10@15c lower on others. The calf market was mostly 25c lower, with good ones at $6.00 to $6.50. Quotations:

Choice to fancy beeves	$7.35@7.85
Good to choice beeves	6.50@7.25
Poor to medium beeves	5.00@6.35
Stockers and feeders	3.00@5.00
Cows	1.50@5.60
Canners	1.60@2.60
Heifers	2.50@5.75
Bulls	3.50@5.75
Calves	5.00@6.75
Texas fed steers	4.50@7.00
Texas grassers	3.50@4.50

Hogs.

The hog market was uneven. Prices were steady to 10c lower. Considering the poorer quality, the market did not show much difference. The hogs were by no means of poor quality except by comparison with Monday's especially prime offerings. Sales of 195@245 lb hogs were at $7.00@7.47½; the heavy packing hogs largely at $7.25@7.40. Good to choice heavy hogs sold at $7.40 up to $7.55. Light bacon hogs were scarce and sold around $7.10@7.25 for inferior to choice. The supply was pretty well cleared up. Shippers took only a small number, but they were only about 4,000 carried over. The market for prime hogs closed strong at the high point of the year. Common to medium mixed weights closed a little lower. Quotations:

Mixed and butchers', 195 to 245 lbs	$7.00@7.45
Good to choice heavy, 250 to 275 lbs	7.00@7.55
Rough heavy	7.00@7.20
Light, 160 to 195 lbs	6.90@7.50
Bulk of sales	7.15@7.35

Sheep and Lambs.

The market for sheep and lambs was steady on the most desirable kinds, with heavy sheep dull and lower and lambs selling at 15@25c decline on the low grade kinds. Strictly choice spring lambs were strong at $7.50@7.60. Colorado yearlings and sheep averaging 94 lbs closed at $6.15. Wooled Colorado lambs sold at $7.00@7.45; clipped Colorado lambs, $6.70@7.00; Texas sheep, 87 @88 lbs, $3.00@4.00, for inferior to fair grassers. Quotations:

Good to choice wethers	$5.50@6.25
Good to choice ewes	4.25@4.50
Fair to good mixed	4.00@4.30
Western sheep	4.50@5.75
Native lambs, clipped	4.00@7.00
Spring lambs	4.00@7.60
Western lambs	4.00@6.75
Colorado clipped lambs	6.50@7.00
Colorado wooled lambs	6.75@7.45

Horses.

There was a good, active demand for horses of the choicest kinds, but the common to medium horses were slow sale, and ruled at dull to steady prices. Country buyers report great difficulty in finding horses of good quality. Carriage teams are selling at $300@600 for good choice, and common to medium at $150@275. Coachers, $125@400. Drafters selling all the way from $100@200. Farm chunks from $50@120. Mules, $60@225.

Live Stock Markets Elsewhere.

NEW YORK, June 10.—Beeves—Receipts, 10. Dressed beef steady; city dressed native sides, 9¼@11¼c per lb. Cables quote American steers at 14½@15¼c, dressed weight; refrigerator beef at 12c per lb. Calves—Receipts, 575. Steady; veals, $6.50@7.50 per 100 lbs; city dressed veals, 9@12c per lb. Sheep and lambs—Receipts, 7,313. Sheep slow, except for desirable weight; prices lower on common; yearlings, ½c lower; lambs in good demand, slightly easier. Sheep, $2.75@5.00; culls, $2.25@2.50; yearlings, $4.75; lambs, $6.50@7.75; dressed mutton, $6.00@10.00; dressed lambs, 9@15c. Hogs—Receipts, 202. Firm; $7.00 per 100 lbs.

KANSAS CITY, Mo., June 10.—Cattle—Receipts, 7,200 natives, 300 Texans, 310 calves. Prime steers, stronger; other cattle, weak to 25c lower; choice export and dressed beef steers, $7.25@7.65; fair to good, $4.75@6.20; stockers and feeders, $3.15@5.50; Western-fed steers, $5.00@7.40; Texas and Indian steers, $3.20@4.45; calves, $2.75@5.25. Hogs—Receipts, 9,800. Active to 5c higher; top, $7.40; bulk of sales, $7.25@7.40. Sheep—Receipts, 9,400; best 10@25c lower; medium, slow to 25c lower; native lambs, $4.90@7.10; Western lambs, $5.10@6.40; native wethers, $5.05@5.30; Western wethers, $3.45@5.50.

ST. LOUIS, Mo., June 10.—Cattle—Receipts 5,100, including 3,800 Texans; steady to strong, with best native steers higher. Native shipping and export steers, $6.00@7.75; dressed beef and butchers' steers, $4.40@7.40; stockers and feeders, $2.50@4.75; calves, $4.00@6.25; Texas and Indian steers, fed, $4.25@5.50; grassers, $3.25@4.20. Hogs—Receipts 7,300; active; demand good, steady; pigs and lights, $6.75@7.05; packers, $7.00@7.20; butchers', $7.10@7.50. Sheep—Receipts 6,600; steady; native muttons, $4.00@5.00; lambs, $5.00@6.50.

ST. JOSEPH, Mo., June 10.—Cattle—Receipts, 2,000; steady. Hogs—Receipts, 8,800; steady to 5c higher; light and light mixed, $7.00@7.35; medium and heavy, $7.25@7.55; pigs, $4.00@6.25; bulk, $7.20@7.45. Sheep—Receipts 334; lambs steady, ewes 25@50c lower; top spring lambs, $7.25.

EAST BUFFALO, N. Y., June 10.—Hogs—Receipts 1,600; active and 5@10c higher on light grades; steady on heavy; heavy, $7.40 @7.50; mixed, $7.25@7.35; pigs, $6.50@6.85. Sheep and lambs—Receipts 400; good dry-fed active, others slow.

Colorado Mining Stocks.

COLORADO SPRINGS, Colo., June 10.—[Special.]—Closing bids:

Acacia	9	Last Dollar	40
Alamo	3½	Lexington	2½
Calera	10	Little Bessie	3¾
Chi., Kan. & Neb.	7⅛	Little Puck	4
C. C. & M.	115	Mollie Gibson	1½
Coriolanus	3½	Moon Anchor	12½
C. C. Cons.	6½	Morning Star	2¼
Dante	1½	Pinnacle	3¾
Doctor J. P.	13½	Portland	176
Elkton	68	Prince Albert	2¼
El Paso	54½	Republic	1¾
Findley	6	Rose Maud	2
Gold Dollar	4¾	Rose Nicol	3
Golden Cycle	39	Sedan	1
Gold King	20	Sunset-Eclipse	3
Gold Knob	1	Vindicator	90
Helen B.	450	Work	5¾
Isabella	26½		

Receiver for Hefter & Weyl.

On application of creditors in the United States District Court Judge Kohlsaat yesterday appointed the Chicago Title and Trust company receiver for Hefter & Weyl, wholesale crockery dealers at 211 Lake street. The liabilities are said to be $75,000, and assets $50,000.

Bladder troubles promptly relieved and permanently cured by the genuine imported CARLSBAD SPRUDEL SALT.

STOCKS ON UPPER TURN.

WALL STREET LIST HIGHER AND MORE ACTIVE.

Indications Are That the Limited Speculation May Cut Away from Influence of Anthracite Coal Strike—Volume of Transactions Increases — Southern Railway Leads in Point of Activity, While Atchison Scores the Largest Net Gain.

[BY A SPECIAL CORRESPONDENT.]

NEW YORK, June 10.—[Special.]—There were indications in today's stock market that the limited speculation might cut away from the restraining influence of the anthracite coal strike. The total transactions were about 100,000 shares larger than yesterday, this increase in dealings being supplied by Southern Railway, Atchison common, St. Paul, and Canadian Pacific. The last named was an exception to the prevailing tendency of prices. The market for it reflected liquidation, chiefly by Montreal and Toronto, and at a recovery of nearly a point from the lowest price it closed fractionally lower that yesterday. The other stocks mentioned were exceptionally strong and enjoyed net advances averaging fully a point.

Southern Railway led the list in respect to activity, while Atchison common scored the greatest net advance. The anthracite coal issues were comparatively neglected, yet they closed fractionally higher than yesterday.

Less active railway issues that made noteworthy progress toward a higher level were Chicago Great Western, Chicago and Northwestern, Hocking Valley, Illinois Central, Metropolitan railway, New York, Chicago and St. Louis second preferred, St. Joseph and Grand Island issues, St. Louis Southwestern issues, Wabash preferred, and Wisconsin Central preferred.

Amalgamated Copper was the conspicuously strong feature in the industrial group, although the dealings in it were exceeded by those in United States Steel common, the market for which was steady, and by American Car and Foundry, which was exceptionally strong. Minor issues that received attention were American Grass Twine, Consolidated Gas, and Tennessee Coal and Iron. On the purchase of 100 shares International Power advanced 20 points.

The dealings in bonds were also somewhat larger than yesterday, the transactions were well distributed, and the tone of the market was in the main strong. In the outside market there were fairly heavy transactions in San Francisco railway subscriptions, at a decline of a point to 102. Tennessee Copper was unusually active at an advance from 12¼ to 15⅝. The market for Northern Securities was strong at 102⅝@108. Sales of Consolidated Storage Battery were reported at 19, Greene Consolidated Copper at 27½@28⅝, International Banking at 202, and United Copper at 34½.

The only noteworthy development in the monetary situation was the further absorption of money by the Subtreasury. In the three days ending last night that institution had gained from the banks $1,445,000.

IN NEW YORK MONEY MARKET.

General Tendency of Cash, Bonds, Railroad Stocks, and Other Securities in Wall Street.

NEW YORK, June 10.—There was some improvement in the demand for stocks today and upward progress was made by prices, but the market was still dull and narrow to a degree that has not been equaled for the last two years until within a week. Dealings continued almost entirely in the hands of professional room-traders.

The bond market was dull and narrow, with an irregular movement of prices. Total sales, par value, $11,900,000.

Close: Money on call steady at 2¼@3 per cent, closing bid and asked 2@2½. Prime mercantile paper, 4@3¾ per cent; sterling exchange steady, with actual business in bankers' bills at 487⅝ for demand and at 484⅛@484⅜ for sixty days. Posted rates, 485¼@486 and 488@488½; commercial bills, 484¼@485¼.

Bar silver, 51⅞c; Mexican dollars, 42c.

NEW YORK STOCK EXCHANGE QUOTATIONS

Description.	Sales.	High.	Low.	June 10 Closing	June 9
Amn. Sugar	8,700	128¼	127¾	128½	128
Amn. Locomotive	1,000	33	32¾	33	32¾
Do pfd	100	92¼	92¼	92¾	92¼
Amn. Cotton Oil	100	51¼	51¼	51⅝	
Amn. Smelting	800	48¾	48¾	48¾	48¾
Do pfd	100	90	90	90	90¼
Amn. G. Twine	1,100	59½	58¾	59½	59
Amn. Malting	100	8¾	8¾	8¾	
Amn. Car Found.	9,000	32¾	32	32¾	31¾
Do pfd	200	91¾	91¼	91¾	91
Amn. Ice	900	18¾	18¾	18¾	18½
Do pfd	100	75	75	75	75
Atchison	21,600	81¾	80¾	81¾	80¾
Do pfd	2,400	96¾	96	96¾	96¾
Anaconda	500	114	113¾	114	113½
Amat. Copper	7,700	69	68¼	69	68½
Butterick	1,000	49	48	49	
Brook. Rap. Tran.	4,300	67¾	67	67¾	67
Brunswick	300	12¼	12¼	12¼	
Balto. & Ohio	300	105¾	105¾	106¼	105
Chi. Gt. West.	500	18¾	18¼	18¾	18½
C. P. Sub.	300	125½	126	126¾	
Chi. & Alton	1,700	37½	37	37½	37
Do pfd	100	71	71	71	
C., M. & St. P.	19,600	170¾	169¾	170¾	169¾
Do pfd	300	189	189	189	189½
C. & N. W.	2,900	225½	225	225½	225½
C., R. I. & P.	800	204½	202	202½	200
Do pfd	600	172¾	171½	172¾	172
Chicago Terminal	100	21	20¾	21	21¼
Do pfd	700	38¼	37¾	38¼	
Ches. & Ohio	300	46¾	46¾	46¾	46
Can. Pacific	13,100	136	134½	135½	136
C. C. C.	300	104½	104½	104½	
C., C., C. & St. L.	100	104½	104½	104½	
Con. Gas [N. Y.]	200	220	220	221	220
Colo. & Southern	600	21	20¾	21	21
Do 1st pfd	100	70¾	70¾	70¾	
Do 2d pfd	400	42¾	42	42	42½
C., I. & L.	100	74¾

READY TO PROVE BRIBERY CHARGE

Prosecution of Alleged Jury Fixers Announces Discovery of New Evidence.

MAKES CASE COMPLETE.

Witnesses May Connect High Officials of Union Traction Company.

"We shall be able directly to connect all the men involved in the jury-bribing charges. We have found the needed witnesses to supply the detail links. We are thus prepared to meet any claims of ignorance of a plot or of the agents in this conspiracy which the defendants may set up."

The foregoing statement was made last night by an attaché of the State's Attorney's office relative to the trial of the Union Traction company's alleged jury-bribers in the Austin transfer cases. Detectives have succeeded in rounding up new witnesses in number, and last night the State's case was made finally complete. These "details" are expected to cause the chief sensation when the jury is secured and the taking of evidence begins in Judge Brentano's court.

"Will you be able to go so far as to involve men in higher positions—officials of the Union Traction company?" was asked.

"We expect to," was the reply. "We may be able to trace the source from which the money that was used actually came. It is possible that we may find material which will warrant further inquiry by the grand jury."

New Evidence Against Defendants.

The new evidence secured connects defendants in the case with men of shady reputation who have plied the trade of jury-tampering for years. It deals, too, with officials of the traction corporation. It will be shown that one of these officials called Defendants P. H. O'Donnell and Cyrus S. Simon to the law offices of the company and sought to get them to make a declaration that the company's officers had no knowledge of any "alleged conspiracy." On this point and the motive for the demand certain officials will be questioned severely.

The State sprung another matter. Former Court Bailiff James J. Lynch, whose confession unearthed the jury-bribing "syndicate" and resulted in the indictment and conviction of Alexander Sullivan, suddenly returned to Chicago during the day and was questioned in a long conference by State's Attorney Deneen, Assistant State's Attorney Barnes, and Captain Schuettler. The same clique is said to have been a factor in the transfer cases, and Lynch traced the methods of the "agents" and showed their bases of operation. The latter information, it is said, will have a most important bearing in the present trial.

No Progress Toward Jury.

No advance was made during the day toward filling the jury. On Saturday night last eight men had been sworn in and three had been tentatively accepted by both sides. When adjournment came last night aside from the eight men finally accepted only two had been temporarily passed. A total of 675 veniremen had been summoned to secure this number, and last night another order went out for another venire of fifty men, all to report this morning. Thus 625 veniremen have thus far been summoned, breaking the record in the Criminal Court, and eight days have been devoted to monotonous examination, with the result that only eight jurymen have been finally secured.

It is expected that a jury may be secured by this evening, as the defense has but nine peremptory challenges left and these challenges have been the chief weapon in delaying the filling of the jury box.

Rothery Buys Interest in Hotel.

Detectives working out of the State's Attorney's office discovered during the day that Herbert Rothery, alleged member of the "pin brigade" of the transfer jury, and one of the defendants, has acquired a part ownership in the Le Grand Hotel, Kinsie and Wells streets, since the transfer case was tried. Up to a month ago this place was the property of "Steve" Crowe, proprietor of the Revere House, where the jury is quartered.

The mysterious man, "Bush," whom the detectives were watching, was identified as Barney Gordon, who works at the Revere house and has been closely connected with the Le Grand Hotel. Bush and Gordon closely resemble each other. No accusations have been made, but orders have been given to guard against all but the bailiffs speaking to or entering the jurors' rooms at the hotel.

Uses Many Peremptory Challenges.

During the day the defense used many of its peremptory challenges to dismiss veniremen who had been tendered by the State. Again and again Judge Brentano refused to entertain motions for dismissal "for cause," and then the defense resorted to summarily ousting the veniremen not wanted. It was asserted last night that the tactics which controlled the Dan Coughlin bribery case are to be followed by the defense. In that case the Coughlin forces used up their peremptory challenges and then appealed to the Supreme Court, claiming that the Judge in the Criminal Court had forced a jury on them by refusing to entertain challenges "for cause." As a result the upper court remanded the case.

Defense Charged with Delay.

The delay in filling the jury box is laid at the door of the defendants. As each veniremen discharged, whether he is questioned two minutes and released or held all day, draws a $3 fee, the selection of the jury, adding in the court costs, will cost the county about $5,000. The army of attorneys for the defense are all drawing large daily salaries and the query has arisen as to who is supplying the funds to meet this expense.

"Don't tell me the defendants are putting up the money out of their own pockets," said a detective who has worked on the case since its inception. "They are not able to stand the expense. It's the traction corporation that is providing the oil."

Y. M. C. A. TO TAKE SNELL HALL.

University of Chicago Training Quarters to Be Given Over to Religious Workers.

Snell Hall, the training quarters of the University of Chicago athletic teams and the most popular men's dormitory on the campus, will be operated next year by the Young Men's Christian association and will be made into a colony for Christian workers.

The determination of the members of the Y. M. C. A. to act as landlords was not made in order to make money through renting the hall to students, but to give a headquarters for the Y. M. C. A. on the campus. The original plan was for the association to take quarters in the new Hitchcock Hall, which is being fitted out for occupancy next fall.

The rents in the new building were so high that the association decided to secure Snell Hall. The cost will be about $4,000 a year and the association will sublet the quarters.

First Regiment's Flag Day Program.

Upon invitation of the commissioners of Lincoln Park the First Regiment will participate in the Flag day exercises on Saturday afternoon. The Regiment will form at Clark street and North avenue at 2 o'clock in full dress uniform. The exercises will consist of a review by the Commander-in-Chief, Governor Richard Yates, at 4 o'clock.

Going Away This Summer?

Then you should have a copy of "Hints to Tourists," a 50-page booklet issued by the Chicago & North-Western railway. It describes briefly about 200 summer resorts in Wisconsin, Michigan, and the Northwest, with information as to hunting, fishing, and hotel accommodations at each. A copy may be secured by calling at or addressing the city ticket office, 212 Clark-st.

CROP OUTLOOK IS BETTER.

GOVERNMENT REPORT SHOWS A WEEK OF FAVORABLE GROWTH.

Heavy Rains Deter Work in Portions of Country, While Drought in Texas and the Cotton Belt Is Becoming Serious—Wheat Shows General Improvement, Although Wet Weather Has Caused Much Damage — Fruit Prospect Continues Bad.

Washington, D. C., June 10.—[Special.]—Following is the weekly crop report of the Agricultural department:

Although the week averaged somewhat cooler than usual in portions of the lake region and northern New England, where light frosts occurred, the temperature conditions were generally favorable in the districts east of the Rocky Mountains, and also in the middle and south Pacific coast regions. The States of the Lower Mississippi Valley have again suffered from excessive rains, which have also interrupted farm work in the northern portions of Illinois and Indiana and the southern portions of Wisconsin and Michigan. Rain is now generally needed along the Gulf and Atlantic coasts from Texas to southern New England, and drought is becoming serious in the Carolinas and in the central and west Gulf districts.

With ample moisture and favorable temperatures corn has made good growth throughout the central valleys, but is much in need of cultivation in the States of the lower Missouri valleys and Wisconsin. In the Lower Ohio Valley and Tennessee the crop is well cultivated and in promising condition, but in the central and west gulf States is suffering much from drought.

Wheat Outlook Is Improved.

The warm showery weather of the last week has been favorable to the development of rust in winter wheat in portions of Missouri and Indiana, and has caused lodging to some extent in Illinois and Missouri. With these exceptions a general improvement in the condition of the crop is indicated. On the Pacific coast the wheat outlook continues promising, although grasshoppers are causing some damage.

Spring wheat has made rapid growth and is in promising condition throughout the spring wheat region, except on low lands, where it has suffered from excessive moisture.

In the States of the Missouri and the upper Mississippi Valleys and lake region oats have made good progress and are in promising condition, although too rank growth is reported from portions of Illinois, Iowa, Minnesota, and Wisconsin. In the Upper Ohio Valley, middle and south Atlantic and east gulf States the crop is inferior.

Rain is generally needed throughout the cotton belt, except over the northern portion of the central districts. The effects of drought, however, are not yet serious. The crop is generally well cultivated.

In Pennsylvania, Maryland, Virginia, and North Carolina the conditions have not been favorable for transplanting tobacco. In the Ohio Valley and Tennessee transplanting is nearly finished, the acreage in Kentucky being reduced.

The fruit outlook continues unfavorable, the most promising reports being received from the lake region, the northern portion of the middle Atlantic States, and New England. Except in the middle Atlantic States and Ohio Valley the grass crop has experienced a decided improvement.

Special Reports from States.

Special telegraphic reports give the following information regarding conditions:

New England—Grass mostly good and making fair growth; garden truck and tobacco backward; fruits promise good crop.

New York—Too cold for corn, but generally favorable for wheat, rye, grass, oats, and work; outlook for hay improved.

New Jersey—Rain fall greatly deficient; high, drying winds; all vegetation except corn and potatoes suffering; fruits dropping badly; nearly one-half of cranberry crop destroyed by frost.

Pennsylvania—Drought general and damaging; grain and grass maturing short and hay and fruit crop will be light; oats turning yellow and grass brown; corn and vegetables small.

Maryland and Delaware—Rains of 7th helped corn, potatoes, tobacco, and truck, but many tobacco and tomato plants perished from drought; oats and grasses backward; light wheat crop expected.

Virginia—Crops need rain and warmth; corn fair; oats, tobacco, pastures, meadows, and gardens deteriorating.

North Carolina—Drought serious; spring oats, gardens, and tobacco injured; other crops making slow growth.

South Carolina—Drought has seriously impaired all crops over the western half of the State; cotton recovering, well cultivated; corn doing well; tobacco fine.

Georgia—Showers were beneficial, although more moisture is required; cotton and corn continue promising.

Florida—Rains insufficient, except over limited portions of western and northern districts; cotton generally clean and growing; corn backward; shipments of melons, peaches, and cantaloupes active; pineapples backward.

Alabama—Dry and hot; early cotton small, but healthy; early corn clean, but small and growing slowly; wheat and oats indicate light yield.

Louisiana—Dry, hot week; cotton irregular in size, but generally doing well; corn needs rain; sugar cane doing well.

Texas—Serious drought imminent in eastern half of State; condition of corn materially lowered by drought.

Arkansas—Crops made good growth.

Tennessee—Heavy local rains; week generally favorable for cultivating young crops; corn and cotton prospects unusually promising; wheat generally inferior; tobacco doing well.

Kentucky—Week generally favorable; wheat ready for harvest; poor crop generally; corn growing well and large acreage planted; less than average acreage of tobacco.

Missouri—Warm, showery week, unfavorable for wheat; corn growing finely.

Illinois and Neighboring States.

Illinois—Conditions favorable for growth of crops, but farm work retarded somewhat by rain; wheat, rye, oats, corn, grasses, potatoes, and gardens doing well; wheat, oats, and grasses improved in south; wheat and oats becoming rank and lodging in some places; fruit prospects uneven.

Indiana—Copious showers, excessive in central and north; corn planting delayed in north sections, elsewhere crop in good condition and growing rapidly; wheat prospects greatly improved.

Ohio—Wheat improving and heading well; corn small, but fair stand and being cultivated; oats growing slowly; hay crop not promising; tobacco nearly all transplanted; apples and pears dropping.

Minnesota—Frequent rains; continued vigorous growth of small grains, corn, potatoes, flax, and grasses.

Michigan—Frosts damaged some garden truck and fruit in upper peninsula; frequent heavy showers delayed field work and slightly damaged crops on low lands; wheat, rye, oats, barley, meadows, and pastures made fine growth; fruit promising.

Wisconsin—Heavy rains; crops on low land and clay soil suffering; cultivation of corn delayed; oats and barley making rank growth; heavy hay crop assured; fruit prospects good.

Iowa—Week warm, with damaging showers; corn suffered heavily from washing and flooding; oats becoming bulky.

North Dakota—Wheat in excellent condition; oats also doing well; corn up with fine stand.

South Dakota—Well distributed rains; favorable temperature; spring wheat and corn making good growth.

Nebraska—Wet and generally favorable week; wheat continues to grow well; oats materially improved; corn cultivation delayed, but crop growing well.

Kansas—Warm, wet week; benefiting all growing crops; wheat improving; corn growing rapidly, needs cultivation; oats making good growth.

Oklahoma and Indian Territories—Early wheat being harvested; light yield; alfalfa being cut and potatoes dug; good yields.

Wyoming—Rain needed for ranges, which are drying rapidly; irrigated crops growing rapidly.

Colorado—Rain generally needed; crops making good advancement; outlook for fruits continues excellent.

Arizona—Second crop of alfalfa cut; wheat and barley yield below average.

Washington—Frost injured tender vegetables; weather favorable for wheat, oats, and all grasses; fall and spring wheat in promising condition.

Oregon—Weather favorable; fall grain heading nicely; spring grain doing well.

California—Warm, weather benefiting all crops; grasshoppers causing some damage to grain in Sacramento and San Joaquin Valleys; harvesting oats and barley commenced in some sections; wheat maturing rapidly, heavy crop expected in central northern districts; deciduous fruits ripening; excellent yield of most varieties; grapes unusually thrifty.

MEET BY CHANCE AND MARRY.

One License, $1.50, Is an Item in the Vacation Ledger of Two Joliet Merchants.

Two Joliet merchants met at State and Madison streets yesterday while on their vacation. Half an hour later they went to the County Clerk's office, visited Justice Murphy, and will spend the remainder of their outing in northern Wisconsin as Mr. and Mrs. Earl E. Thornberg.

Mrs. Laura Lockhart is proprietress of a confectionery at 117 Exchange street, Joliet. Mr. Thornberg is proprietor of a grocery store at 103 and 105 Gardner street in the same town. The two have known each other for some time, but it is said that they did not contemplate marriage till yesterday.

CARSON PIRIE SCOTT & Co.

An Important Reduction Sale in

Carpets, Rugs, Draperies, and Upholstery Fabrics.

WE want to sell as many carpets, rugs, draperies, couch covers, and portieres as possible at this time while people are still refurnishing their homes, so that when the dull midsummer season arrives our stocks will be at the lowest possible point. To accomplish this we make the following quotations on dependable merchandise during this special money-saving sale.

Carpets **Oriental Rugs** **Upholstery Fabrics** **Mattings**
Carpet-Made Rugs **Domestic Rugs**

Carpets—A good line of velvet and body Brussels carpets. Some of these goods formerly sold at $1.25 and $1.35 per yard—now priced at, per yard 85c

65c Lowell all-wool ingrain carpets.. 55c

Mattings—40c fancy mattings—an immense line for 26c and 22c

Carpet-Made Rugs—Made from odd lengths and discontinued patterns of all best grades of carpets.

Sizes about 6x9 ..... $ 7.75
Sizes about 8.3x10.6 ..... $11.00
Sizes about 9x12 ..... $14.75
Sizes about 10.6x13 ..... $17.00

Oriental Rugs—Every Turkish, Persian and India rug in this carefully selected stock positively reduced in price from our former low selling prices. Reductions range up to as high as 25%.

Rugs Sent on Approval During This Sale.

Domestic Rugs—Part of the stock of a Philadelphia manufacturer who has retired from the Smyrna rug business bought by us at a positive bargain, which makes it possible to offer the following exceptional values:

26x54...$1.60 30x60...$1.95 36x72...$2 90

Dantsu Japanese Rugs—A shipment of these well-known rugs just opened yesterday. *Prices the lowest.*

Upholstery—A clearing sale of odd lengths of imported and domestic upholstery and decorative fabrics. These goods consist of all grades of tapestry goods, damasks, brocades, armures, moires, velours, and moquettes. Several hundred squares for chair seats and pillow tops, at 55c, 35c, 25c, 15c

Tapestry goods by the yard upwards from 85c

Portieres—A clearing sale of portieres, many excellent designs in odd pairs and half pairs. Also a line of patterns of which we have a reserve stock, all to be sold at positive saving prices.

CARSON PIRIE SCOTT & Co.

Decided Reductions on All Women's High Grade Wraps and Costumes.

WE have reduced the former selling prices so materially that you can make your selection from these handsome imported and sample wraps and costumes at a very great saving from early season prices. This is really one of the most unusual purchasing opportunities we have ever presented.

Long Silk Wraps in taffeta, peau de soie and moire antique—beautifully trimmed and lined.

$67.50 Wraps, now $45.00 $75.00 Wraps, now $50.00. $90.00 Wraps, now $65.00 $100.00 Wraps, now $75.00

Three-Quarter Length Silk Coats, moire taffeta and peau de soie, superb and exquisite styles, elaborately trimmed or plain.

$65.00 Wraps, now $45.00 $75.00 Wraps, now $50.00 $90.00 Wraps, now $65.00 $100.00 Wraps, now $75.00

Short Silk Coats, In moire antique, taffeta and peau de soie.

$35.00 Coats, now $25.00 $37.50 Coats, now $27.50 $45.00 Coats, now $30.00 $55.00 Coats, now $40.00

Costumes, $75.00 Costumes, now $50.00 $100.00 Costumes, now $67.50 $150.00 Costumes, now $100.00
$90.00 Costumes, now $60.00 $125.00 Costumes, now $85.00 $175.00 Costumes, now $125.00

CHAS. A. STEVENS & BROS.

111-115 STATE-ST. AND 109 WABASH-AV.

...Sale of Parasols...

WE place on sale today 500 beautiful parasols at $2.50 and $3.50 that are certainly wonderful values.

Every piece in the assortment is a high class novelty.

Coaching Parasols which are so popular a style, in black and white effects, in English taffeta club coaching effects, in fancy hemstitched ribbon band effects, in silk ponges and batiste tucked and fancy bordered effects, in changeable taffeta fancy bordered effects, hand embroidered polka dot effects, handsome embroidered and brocade effects and dozens of other popular styles at

$2.50 and $3.50

Another exceptional choice assortment of coaching and fancy trimmed parasols for carriage and street. New ideas in white silk chiffon trimmed, black lace, applique, brocaded effects, all over net effects, white French silk chiffon, full trimmed Parasols — choicest effects in handles—*The greatest value ever shown for* **$5.00**

Novelty Parasols for the Derby in all the newest effects from $7.50 to $50.00.

THE HUB

HENRY C. LYTTON, Pres.

Aertex Cellular

Mesh Underwear for Men....

The coolest underwear made — a perfect non-conductor of heat — absorbs perspiration and allows a free passage of air to the body—highly recommended for warm weather wear by all who have used it... in plains and fancy stripes—all sizes — special this week at —

$1.50 & $2.25

B&K

Riding Breeches.

We have them in proper shades of material —cut according to latest London fashions.

Whipcords, brown and gray ... $12
"Khaki" $6

Hunting Stocks, Negligee Shirts Correct Gloves, English Ascot Ties and Fancy Waistcoats, in fact every requisite for a good style RIDING OUTFIT.

Browning·King·& Co

WABASH AND MADISON.

Queen Quality

The "Exquisite" Oxford

Made of IDEAL KID that has set a new mark for patent leather tanners; it has a full French heel, and is made on a last that gives a beautiful outline to the foot.

Very light.
Very dainty.
Very dressy.

BOOTS $3.
OXFORDS $2.50

Queen Quality Shoe Store
205 STATE STREET

SUMMER HATS

The best stock of **Straw Hats** ever shown here are on display at our store at the present time.

Real Panama Hats

Real Dunstable Straw Hats, Rough and Ready Braids, Fine Mackinaw Hats, the Celebrated Pearl **Senate Braid**—Yacht Shape.

The Styles Are Correct. *The Prices Are O. K.*

Knox Sailors for Ladies

The Correct Shirt Waist Hat, in three braids and proportions.

We are ready to show the ladies some new ideas in **Sealskin and Broadtail Garments for season 1902-3.**

We Remodel and Repair Furs correctly at small cost.

JOHN T. SHAYNE & Co.

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(Sign White Bears.) 187-189 State Street

CHICAGO GREAT WESTERN R'Y.

ELECTRIC LIGHTED TRAINS

To ST. PAUL and MINNEAPOLIS.

Great Western Limited

The Newest and Most Sumptuous Train of Compartment and Standard Sleeping Cars, Club, Dining and Free Reclining Chair Cars

Low Rates All Summer

Inquire at City Ticket Office, 115 Adams St. or Grand Central Depot, corner Fifth Ave. and Harrison St.

CAMPING OUT is highly enjoyable in hot summer weather. But no outing is properly arranged that fails to have among its "good things" a few cases of

MALT MARROW

When you are "fagged out" it vivifies and nourishes and at the same time is a most delicious tonic. It increases the circulation of the blood and imparts vitality to the digestive organs. Two Telephones now, South 257 and South 1738.

12 BIG BOTTLES COST $1.00 DELIVERED IN CHICAGO.

Deposit required for bottles on out of town shipments.

McAVOY MALT EXTRACT DEPT., CHICAGO.

Postal us for booklet, "Eminent Physicians of the West."

POST OFFICE DEPARTMENT, WASHINGTON, D. C., March 29, 1902.—Mail Catchers and Deliverers Intended for the Purpose of Effecting the Exchange of Mails with Moving Trains.—Sealed proposals from patentees or their assignees for the sale or use of patented devices intended to effect the exchange of mails with moving trains, will be received at this Department until noon on Wednesday, the 20th of August, 1902. All proposals must be made in accordance with the specifications, which can be obtained from the Second Assistant Postmaster General. H. C. PAYNE, Postmaster General.

PROPOSALS FOR ORDNANCE SUPPLIES.—Rock Island Arsenal, Rock Island, Ill., May 15, 1902.—Sealed proposals, in triplicate, will be received until 2 p. m., JUNE 18, 1902, for furnishing saddlery hardware, cloth, thread, rope, leather, nails, tacks, screws, rivets and burrs, tin, sheet brass, sheet iron and steel, iron, steel, tools, files, cleaning and polishing materials, paints, brushes, oils, chemicals, materials for heating and lighting, paper, lumber, etc., during year ending June 30, 1903. Information furnished on application. MAJOR S. E. BLUNT, Comdg.

THE TRIBUNE.
CLEAN AND RELIABLE.

COST A LITTLE MORE.
WEBER
266 WABASH-AV.
PIANOS
BUT LAST A LIFETIME.

PUSHMAN BROS.
THE EXCLUSIVE
ORIENTAL RUG STORE
26 Adams-st. Just east of Wabash-av.